# nature research

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# **Reporting Summary**

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see our Editorial Policies and the Editorial Policy Checklist.

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FOI (	an statistical analyses, commit that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.
n/a	Confirmed
	$oxed{oxed}$ The exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement
	🔀 A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly
	The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.
$\times$	A description of all covariates tested
$\boxtimes$	A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons
$\boxtimes$	A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)
$\boxtimes$	For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i> ) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted Give <i>P</i> values as exact values whenever suitable.
$\boxtimes$	For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings
$\boxtimes$	For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes
$\boxtimes$	Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's d, Pearson's r), indicating how they were calculated
	Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> contains articles on many of the points above.

#### Software and code

Policy information about <u>availability of computer code</u>

Data collection

Leica TS06-ultra2 V.4.4 - in-field 3D-coordiantes; micro-CT scans by Waygate Technologies GmbH using a phoenix 322 V | tome | xm micro CT scanner; 3D digital microscopy with Keyence VHXKeyence VHX-5000 with VHX-ZS20 zoom lens

Data analysis

QGIS 3.82 - GIS software, Oxcal V4.2.2 - C14 calibration; VGSTUDIO MAX 3.3.4 - CT imagery processing; VHXKeyence VHX-5000 in-builts software - 3D digital microscopy

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors and reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

#### Data

Policy information about availability of data

All manuscripts must include a data availability statement. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A list of figures that have associated raw data
- A description of any restrictions on data availability

A 3D Video of the engraved giant deer bone is available online. It is free to view and can be download in .mp4 file format under the CC-BY-SA 3.0 license. View: https://denkmalpflege.niedersachsen.de/live/institution/mediadb/mand\_45/psfile/bild/57/CC\_BY\_SA\_3606c7d7aad00b.mp4 Download: https://denkmalpflege.niedersachsen.de/download/167053/CC-BY-SA\_3.0.mp4

A 3D model of the engraved giant deer bone can be download in .stl data format under the CC-BY-SA 3.0 license. https://denkmalpflege.niedersachsen.de/download/166881/CC-BY-SA\_3.0.stl

List of figures with available rigure 2 – 3D-coordinate data Figure 3 – micro CT-scan raw Figures 4 & 5– 3D digital micr Supplementary Figure 5 – 3D-Supplementary Figure 7 – 3D-Supplementary Figure 10 – m Supplementary Figure 11 – m Supplementary Figures 12– 3 Supplementary Figure 10-11-	of finds (.xlsx)
Field specific	o reporting
Field-specific	reporting
Please select the one below	v that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.
Life sciences	Behavioural & social sciences Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences
or a reference copy of the docum	ent with all sections, see <u>nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf</u>
Ecological, e	volutionary & environmental sciences study design
	n these points even when the disclosure is negative.
Study description	The study deals with an engraved giant deer toe bone bearing systematic engravings. Radiometric data shows its association with Neanderthals some 51,000 years ago. Micro CT-scans and 3D digital microscopy illustrate the properties of individual engravings. Experimental studies suggest that the bone was carved in a two-step approach and that planning depth was prerequisite. We discuss the meaning of the object in connection with Neanderthals cognitive abilities and its independence form Homo sapiens.
Research sample	The bone item is a single find. However, comparisons are made with further known finds across Eurasia that imply symbolic expressions in Neanderthals.
Sampling strategy	Bone item: The bone item is a single find. Radiocarbon dates: The sampling strategy is described in the main text and the supplement, especially for the engraved bone. Sediment samples: These were taken from the main inplaces profile where no rocks were visible. The aim was to obtain two samples per layer to ensure within-layer consistency
Data collection	On-site data was collected using a total station. Finds and features were recorded in writing, by photographs, drawings and SfM imagery. The microCT-Scans were performed by Waygate Technologies GmbH, a commercial lab. 3D digital microscopy was performed by Tim Koddenberg. Bones and charcoals were selected by Thomas Terberger and Dirk Leder and then submitted to the various labs for radiocarbon sampling and dating. Sediment samples were collected by Dirk Leder during the final week of excavation and processed by Philipp Hoelzmann. The carving experiment was performed by Raphael Hermann and Dirk Leder and empirical data was collected based on observations and discussion.
Timing and spatial scale	The relevant samples were taken from a small area measuring about 1.5 x 1.5 x 1.0 metres. The duration of the excavation was 8 weeks in August/September 2019 and five weeks in 2020. Post-excavation processing commenced thereafter. Samples for radiometric dating were submitted between November 2019 and May 2020. Sediment samples were submitted in November 2019. Delays in processing are due to the Covid-19 pandemic and its effects.
Data exclusions	No data was exluded.
Reproducibility	We conducted an experiment on cattle bones to better understand the procedure involved in creating the engravings observed on the original find. Applying a cut-and groove technique, we were able to create about eight engravings on differently pretreated bones. The protocol for radiocarbon dating is outlined in the methods secition of the manuscript and detailed in the supplement. A comparative study can be found in Hüls et al. 2017

### Blinding Blinding was not applied when carving the bones as the experimentators aimed to create engravings that appear similar to those

observed on the original piece.

Did the study involve field work?

Yes

No

not applicable

## Field work, collection and transport

Field conditions

Randomization

The excavtion took place in a mid-latitude broad-leafed forest during summer in front of a former cave entrance that was partially eroded. Weather was mostly sunny, but there were some rainy days. The excavation area was complety sheltered by a white plastic foil roof.

Tick this box to confirm that the raw and calibrated dates are available in the paper or in Supplementary Information.

Ethics oversight No ethical approval or guidance was neccessary as no human remains were invloved in the study.

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

### Animals and other organisms

Policy information about studies involving animals; ARRIVE guidelines recommended for reporting animal research

Laboratory animals For laboratory animals, report species, strain, sex and age OR state that the study did not involve laboratory animals.

Wild animals

Provide details on animals observed in or captured in the field; report species, sex and age where possible. Describe how animals were caught and transported and what happened to captive animals after the study (if killed, explain why and describe method; if released,

say where and when) OR state that the study did not involve wild animals.

Field-collected samples For laboratory work with field-collected samples, describe all relevant parameters such as housing, maintenance, temperature,

photoperiod and end-of-experiment protocol OR state that the study did not involve samples collected from the field.

Ethics oversight | Identify the organization(s) that approved or provided guidance on the study protocol, OR state that no ethical approval or guidance was required and explain why not.

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

### Human research participants

Policy information about studies involving human research participants

Population characteristics

Describe the covariate-relevant population characteristics of the human research participants (e.g. age, gender, genotypic information, past and current diagnosis and treatment categories). If you filled out the behavioural & social sciences study

design questions and have nothing to add here, write "See above.

**Recruitment**Describe how participants were recruited. Outline any potential self-selection bias or other biases that may be present and

how these are likely to impact results.

Ethics oversight | Identify the organization(s) that approved the study protocol.

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

#### Clinical data

Policy information about clinical studies

All manuscripts should comply with the ICMJE guidelines for publication of clinical research and a completed CONSORT checklist must be included with all submissions.

Clinical trial registration | Provide the trial registration number from ClinicalTrials.gov or an equivalent agency.

Study protocol Note where the full trial protocol can be accessed OR if not available, explain why.

Data collection 
Describe the settings and locales of data collection, noting the time periods of recruitment and data collection.

Outcomes Describe how you pre-defined primary and secondary outcome measures and how you assessed these measures.

#### Dual use research of concern

Policy information about dual use research of concern

#### Hazards

Could the accidental, deliberate or reckless misuse of agents or technologies generated in the work, or the application of information presented in the manuscript, pose a threat to:

No	Yes
X	П

Public health

National security
Crops and/or livestock

Ecosystems

Any other significant area

Experiments of concer	'n	
Does the work involve any of these experiments of concern:		
Confer resistance t Enhance the virule Increase transmiss Alter the host rang Enable evasion of o	to theraph nce of a libility of e of a pa diagnost nization	
ChIP-seq		
Data deposition		
Confirm that both raw	and fi	nal processed data have been deposited in a public database such as <u>GEO</u> .
Confirm that you have	e depos	ited or provided access to graph files (e.g. BED files) for the called peaks.
Data access links May remain private before public	cation.	For "Initial submission" or "Revised version" documents, provide reviewer access links. For your "Final submission" document, provide a link to the deposited data.
Files in database submiss	ion	Provide a list of all files available in the database submission.
Genome browser session (e.g. <u>UCSC</u> )		Provide a link to an anonymized genome browser session for "Initial submission" and "Revised version" documents only, to enable peer review. Write "no longer applicable" for "Final submission" documents.
Methodology		
Replicates	Describ	ne the experimental replicates, specifying number, type and replicate agreement.
Sequencing depth	Describe the sequencing depth for each experiment, providing the total number of reads, uniquely mapped reads, length of reads and whether they were paired- or single-end.	
Antibodies	Describe the antibodies used for the ChIP-seq experiments; as applicable, provide supplier name, catalog number, clone name, and lot number.	
Peak calling parameters	Specify the command line program and parameters used for read mapping and peak calling, including the ChIP, control and index files used.	
Data quality	Describ	be the methods used to ensure data quality in full detail, including how many peaks are at FDR 5% and above 5-fold enrichment.
Software	Oftware  Describe the software used to collect and analyze the ChIP-seq data. For custom code that has been deposited into a community repository, provide accession details.	
Flow Cytometry		
Plots		
Confirm that:		
The axis labels state the marker and fluorochrome used (e.g. CD4-FITC).		
The axis scales are clearly visible. Include numbers along axes only for bottom left plot of group (a 'group' is an analysis of identical markers).		
All plots are contour plots with outliers or pseudocolor plots.		
A numerical value for	numbe	r of cells or percentage (with statistics) is provided.
Methodology		
Sample preparation	Sample preparation Describe the sample preparation, detailing the biological source of the cells and any tissue processing steps used.	
Instrument	nstrument Identify the instrument used for data collection, specifying make and model number.	

Software	Describe the software used to collect and analyze the flow cytometry data. For custom code that has been deposited into a community repository, provide accession details.	
Cell population abundance	Describe the abundance of the relevant cell populations within post-sort fractions, providing details on the purity of the samples and how it was determined.	
Gating strategy	Describe the gating strategy used for all relevant experiments, specifying the preliminary FSC/SSC gates of the starting cell population, indicating where boundaries between "positive" and "negative" staining cell populations are defined.	
Tick this box to confirm that	at a figure exemplifying the gating strategy is provided in the Supplementary Information.	
Magnetic resonance	imaging	
Experimental design	THUBING	
Design type	Indicate task or resting state; event-related or block design.	
Design specifications	Specify the number of blocks, trials or experimental units per session and/or subject, and specify the length of each trial or block (if trials are blocked) and interval between trials.	
Behavioral performance meas	State number and/or type of variables recorded (e.g. correct button press, response time) and what statistics were used to establish that the subjects were performing the task as expected (e.g. mean, range, and/or standard deviation across subjects).	
Acquisition		
Imaging type(s)	Specify: functional, structural, diffusion, perfusion.	
Field strength	Specify in Tesla	
Sequence & imaging parameter	Specify the pulse sequence type (gradient echo, spin echo, etc.), imaging type (EPI, spiral, etc.), field of view, matrix size, slice thickness, orientation and TE/TR/flip angle.	
Area of acquisition	State whether a whole brain scan was used OR define the area of acquisition, describing how the region was determined.	
Diffusion MRI Used	☐ Not used	
Preprocessing		
Preprocessing software	Provide detail on software version and revision number and on specific parameters (model/functions, brain extraction, segmentation, smoothing kernel size, etc.).	
Normalization	If data were normalized/standardized, describe the approach(es): specify linear or non-linear and define image types used for transformation OR indicate that data were not normalized and explain rationale for lack of normalization.	
Normalization template	Describe the template used for normalization/transformation, specifying subject space or group standardized space (e.g. original Talairach, MNI305, ICBM152) OR indicate that the data were not normalized.	
Noise and artifact removal	Describe your procedure(s) for artifact and structured noise removal, specifying motion parameters, tissue signals and physiological signals (heart rate, respiration).	
Volume censoring	Define your software and/or method and criteria for volume censoring, and state the extent of such censoring.	
Statistical modeling & infe	rence	
Model type and settings	Specify type (mass univariate, multivariate, RSA, predictive, etc.) and describe essential details of the model at the first and second levels (e.g. fixed, random or mixed effects; drift or auto-correlation).	
Effect(s) tested	Define precise effect in terms of the task or stimulus conditions instead of psychological concepts and indicate whether ANOVA or factorial designs were used.	
Specify type of analysis:	Whole brain ROI-based Both	
Statistic type for inference (See Eklund et al. 2016)	Specify voxel-wise or cluster-wise and report all relevant parameters for cluster-wise methods.	
Correction	Describe the type of correction and how it is obtained for multiple comparisons (e.g. FWE, FDR, permutation or Monte Carlo).	

### Models & analysis

n/a Involved in the study    Functional and/or effective connectivity   Graph analysis   Multivariate modeling or predictive analysis		
Functional and/or effective connectivity	Report the measures of dependence used and the model details (e.g. Pearson correlation, partial correlation, mutual information).	
Graph analysis	Report the dependent variable and connectivity measure, specifying weighted graph or binarized graph, subject- or group-level, and the global and/or node summaries used (e.g. clustering coefficient, efficiency, etc.).	
Multivariate modeling and predictive analysis	Specify independent variables, features extraction and dimension reduction, model, training and evaluation metrics.	