

in subsection (c). If an institution denies an individual assistance under the authority of the preceding sentence of this subsection, then any institution which such individual subsequently attends shall deny for the remainder of the two-year period any further payment to, or for the direct benefit of, such individual under any of the programs specified in subsection (c).

Refusal to obey regulations, suspension of payments.

(b) If an institution of higher education determines, after affording notice and opportunity for hearing to an individual attending, or employed by, such institution, that such individual has willfully refused to obey a lawful regulation or order of such institution after the date of enactment of this Act, and that such refusal was of a serious nature and contributed to a substantial disruption of the administration of such institution, then such institution shall deny, for a period of two years, any further payment to, or for the direct benefit of, such individual under any of the programs specified in subsection (c).

(c) The programs referred to in subsections (a) and (b) are as follows:

(1) The programs authorized by the National Science Foundation Act of 1950; and

(2) The programs authorized under title IX of the National Defense Education Act of 1958 relating to establishing the Science Information Service.

(d) (1) Nothing in this Act, or any Act amended by this Act, shall be construed to prohibit any institution of higher education from refusing to award, continue, or extend any financial assistance under any such Act to any individual because of any misconduct which in its judgment bears adversely on his fitness for such assistance.

(2) Nothing in this section shall be construed as limiting or prejudicing the rights and prerogatives of any institution of higher education to institute and carry out an independent, disciplinary proceeding pursuant to existing authority, practice, and law.

(3) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the freedom of any student to verbal expression of individual views or opinions.

SEC. 8. This Act may be cited as the "National Science Foundation Authorization Act, 1970".

Approved November 18, 1969.

64 Stat. 149.
42 USC 1861
note.
72 Stat. 1601.
42 USC 1876-
1879.

Independent disciplinary proceeding.

Short title.

Public Law 91-121

AN ACT

November 19, 1969
[S. 2546]

To authorize appropriations during the fiscal year 1970 for procurement of aircraft, missiles, naval vessels, and tracked combat vehicles, and research, development, test, and evaluation for the Armed Forces, and to authorize the construction of test facilities at Kwajalein Missile Range, and to prescribe the authorized personnel strength of the Selected Reserve of each reserve component of the Armed Forces, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

TITLE I—PROCUREMENT

SEC. 101. Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated during the fiscal year 1970 for the use of the Armed Forces of the United States for

Armed Forces. Appropriation authorization, 1970.

procurement of aircraft, missiles, naval vessels, and tracked combat vehicles, as authorized by law, in amounts as follows:

AIRCRAFT

For aircraft: for the Army \$570,400,000; for the Navy and the Marine Corps, \$2,391,200,000; for the Air Force, \$3,965,700,000: *Provided*, That of the funds authorized to be appropriated for the procurement of aircraft for the Air Force during fiscal year 1970, not to exceed \$28,000,000 shall be available to initiate the procurement of a fighter aircraft to meet the needs of Free World forces in Southeast Asia, and to accelerate the withdrawal of United States forces from South Vietnam and Thailand; the Air Force shall (1) prior to the obligation of any funds appropriated pursuant to this authorization, conduct a competition for the aircraft which shall be selected on the basis of the threat as evaluated and determined by the Secretary of Defense, and (2) be authorized to use a portion of such funds as may be required for research, development, test, and evaluation.

MISSILES

For missiles: for the Army, \$880,460,000; for the Navy, \$851,300,000; for the Marine Corps, \$20,100,000; for the Air Force, \$1,486,400,000.

NAVAL VESSELS

For naval vessels: for the Navy, \$2,983,200,000.

TRACKED COMBAT VEHICLES

For tracked combat vehicles: for the Army, \$228,000,000; for the Marine Corps, \$37,700,000: *Provided*, That none of the funds authorized herein shall be utilized for the procurement of Sheridan Assault vehicles (M-551) under any new or additional contract.

TITLE II—RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION

SEC. 201. Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated during the fiscal year 1970 for the use of the Armed Forces of the United States for research, development, test, and evaluation, as authorized by law, in amounts as follows:

For the Army, \$1,646,055,000;

For the Navy (including the Marine Corps), \$1,968,235,000;

For the Air Force, \$3,156,552,000; and

For the Defense Agencies, \$450,200,000.

SEC. 202. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Defense during fiscal year 1970 for use as an emergency fund for research, development, test, and evaluation or procurement or production related thereto, \$75,000,000. Emergency fund.

Research projects or studies, restriction.

Kwajalein Missile Range, test facilities.

SEC. 203. None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act may be used to carry out any research project or study unless such project or study has a direct and apparent relationship to a specific military function or operation.

SEC. 204. Construction of research, development, and test facilities at the Kwajalein Missile Range is authorized in the amount of \$12,700,000, and funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for this purpose.

TITLE III—RESERVE FORCES

SEC. 301. For the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1969, and ending June 30, 1970, the Selected Reserve of each reserve component of the Armed Forces will be programed to attain an average strength of not less than the following:

- (1) The Army National Guard of the United States, 393,298.
- (2) The Army Reserve, 255,591.
- (3) The Naval Reserve, 129,000.
- (4) The Marine Corps Reserve, 49,489.
- (5) The Air National Guard of the United States, 86,624.
- (6) The Air Force Reserve, 50,775.
- (7) The Coast Guard Reserve, 17,500.

SEC. 302. The average strength prescribed by section 301 of this title for the Selected Reserve of any Reserve component shall be proportionately reduced by (1) the total authorized strength of units organized to serve as units of the Selected Reserve of such component which are on active duty (other than for training) at any time during the fiscal year, and (2) the total number of individual members not in units organized to serve as units of the Selected Reserve of such component who are on active duty (other than for training or for unsatisfactory participation in training) without their consent at any time during the fiscal year. Whenever any such units or such individual members are released from active duty during any fiscal year, the average strength for such fiscal year for the Selected Reserve of such Reserve component shall be proportionately increased by the total authorized strength of such units and by the total number of such individual members.

SEC. 303. Subsection (c) of section 264 of title 10, United States Code, is amended as follows:

In the last line of the last sentence of subsection (c) after the word "within", change the figures "60" to "90".

TITLE IV—GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 401. Subsection (a) of section 401 of Public Law 89-367 approved March 15, 1966 (80 Stat. 37) as amended, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"(a) Not to exceed \$2,500,000,000 of the funds authorized for appropriation for the use of the Armed Forces of the United States under this or any other Act are authorized to be made available for their stated purposes to support: (1) Vietnamese and other Free World Forces in Vietnam, (2) local forces in Laos and Thailand; and for related costs, during the fiscal year 1970 on such terms and conditions as the Secretary of Defense may determine."

81 Stat. 521.

Funds, availability for Vietnamese forces, etc.
82 Stat. 850.

SEC. 402. (a) Prior to April 30, 1970, the Committees on Armed Services of the House of Representatives and the Senate shall jointly conduct and complete a comprehensive study and investigation of the past and projected costs and effectiveness of attack aircraft carriers and their task forces and a thorough review of the considerations which went into the decision to maintain the present number of attack carriers. The result of this comprehensive study shall be considered prior to any authorization or appropriation for the production or procurement of the nuclear aircraft carrier designated as CVAN-70.

Attack aircraft carriers.
Joint congressional study.

(b) In carrying out such study and investigation the Committees on Armed Services of the House of Representatives and the Senate are authorized to call on all Government agencies and such outside consultants as such committees may deem necessary.

SEC. 403. Funds authorized for appropriation under the provisions of this Act shall not be available for payment of independent research and development, bid and proposal, and other technical effort costs incurred under contracts entered into subsequent to the effective date of this Act for any amount in excess of 93 per centum of the total amount contemplated for use for such purposes out of funds authorized for procurement and for research, development, test, and evaluation. The foregoing limitation shall not apply in the case of (1) formally advertised contracts, (2) other firmly fixed contracts competitively awarded, or (3) contracts under \$100,000.

Appropriation, limitation.

SEC. 404. (a) Section 136 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

76 Stat. 518.

(1) by striking out "seven" in subsection (a) and inserting in lieu thereof "eight"; and

(2) by inserting after the first sentence in subsection (b) the following new sentences: "One of the Assistant Secretaries shall be the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Health Affairs. He shall have as his principal duty the overall supervision of health affairs of the Department of Defense."

(b) Section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking out item (13) and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

80 Stat. 462.

"(13) Assistant Secretaries of Defense (8)."

SEC. 405. Section 412(b) of Public Law 86-149, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

Appropriations for procurement, etc.

"(b) No funds may be appropriated after December 31, 1960, to or for the use of any armed force of the United States for the procurement of aircraft, missiles, or naval vessels, or after December 31, 1962, to or for the use of any armed force of the United States for the research, development, test, or evaluation of aircraft, missiles, or naval vessels, or after December 31, 1963, to or for the use of any armed force of the United States for any research, development, test, or evaluation, or after December 31, 1965, to or for the use of any armed force of the United States for the procurement of tracked combat vehicles, or after December 31, 1969, to or for the use of any armed force of the United States for the procurement of other weapons unless the appropriation of such funds has been authorized by legislation enacted after such dates."

Authorization required.
79 Stat. 128.

SEC. 406. Section 2 of the Act of August 3, 1950 (64 Stat. 408), as amended, is further amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 2. After July 1, 1970, the active duty personnel strength of the Armed Forces, exclusive of personnel of the Coast Guard, personnel of the Reserve components on active duty for training purposes only, and personnel of the Armed Forces employed in the Selective Service System, shall not exceed a total of 3,285,000 persons at any time during the period of suspension prescribed in the first section of this Act except when the President of the United States determines that the applica-

Personnel strength, limitation.
65 Stat. 88;
81 Stat. 105.
10 USC 3201 note.

tion of this ceiling will seriously jeopardize the national security interests of the United States and informs the Congress of the basis for such determination."

Federal contract research centers. Officers' compensation.

SEC. 407. (a) After December 31, 1969, none of the funds authorized for appropriation by this or any other Act for the use of the Armed Forces shall be used for payments out of such funds under contracts or agreements with Federal contract research centers if the annual compensation of any officer or employee of such center paid out of any Federal funds exceeds \$45,000 except with the approval of the Secretary of Defense under regulations prescribed by the President.

Notification to Congress.

(b) The Secretary of Defense shall notify the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives promptly of any approvals authorized under subsection (a), together with a detailed statement of the reasons therefor.

Defense contractor profits. Study by Comptroller General.

SEC. 408. (a) The Comptroller General of the United States (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "Comptroller General") is authorized and directed, as soon as practicable after the date of enactment of this section, to conduct a study and review on a selective, representative basis of the profits made by contractors and subcontractors on contracts on which there is no formally advertised competitive bidding entered into by the Department of the Army, the Department of the Navy, the Department of the Air Force, the Coast Guard, and the National Aeronautics and Space Administration under the authority of chapter 137 of title 10, United States Code, and on contracts entered into by the Atomic Energy Commission to meet requirements of the Department of Defense. The results of such study and review shall be submitted to the Congress as soon as practicable, but in no event later than December 31, 1970.

70A Stat. 127. 10 USC 2301-2314. Report to Congress.

(b) Any contractor or subcontractor referred to in subsection (a) of this section shall, upon the request of the Comptroller General, prepare and submit to the General Accounting Office such information maintained in the normal course of business by such contractor as the Comptroller General determines necessary or appropriate in conducting any study and review authorized by subsection (a) of this section. Information required under this subsection shall be submitted by a contractor or subcontractor in response to a written request made by the Comptroller General and shall be submitted in such form and detail as the Comptroller General may prescribe and shall be submitted within a reasonable period of time.

GAO audit.

(c) In order to determine the costs, including all types of direct and indirect costs, of performing any contract or subcontract referred to in subsection (a) of this section, and to determine the profit, if any, realized under any such contract or subcontract, either on a percentage of the cost basis, percentage of sales basis, or a return on private capital employed basis, the Comptroller General and authorized representatives of the General Accounting Office are authorized to audit and inspect and to make copies of any books, accounts, or other records of any such contractor or subcontractor.

Subpenas.

(d) Upon the request of the Comptroller General, or any officer or employee designated by him, the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives or the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate may sign and issue subpenas requiring the production of such books, accounts, or other records as may be material to the study and review carried out by the Comptroller General under this section.

Penalty.

(e) Any disobedience to a subpoena issued by the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives or the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate to carry out the provisions of this section shall be punishable as provided in section 102 of the Revised Statutes.

2 USC 192.

(f) No book, account, or other record, or copy of any book, account,

or record, of any contractor or subcontractor obtained by or for the Comptroller General under authority of this section which is not necessary for determining the profitability on any contract, as defined in subsection (a) of this section, between such contractor or subcontractor and the Department of Defense shall be available for examination, without the consent of such contractor or subcontractor, by any individual other than a duly authorized officer or employee of the General Accounting Office; and no officer or employee of the General Accounting Office shall disclose, to any person not authorized by the Comptroller General to receive such information, any information obtained under authority of this section relating to cost, expense, or profitability on any nondefense business transaction of any contractor or subcontractor.

(g) The Comptroller General shall not disclose in any report made by him to the Congress or to either Committee on Armed Services under authority of this section any confidential information relating to the cost, expense, or profit of any contractor or subcontractor on any nondefense business transaction of such contractor or subcontractor.

SEC. 409. (a) The Secretary of Defense shall submit semiannual reports to the Congress on or before January 31 and on or before July 31 of each year setting forth the amounts spent during the preceding six-month period for research, development, test and evaluation and procurement of all lethal and nonlethal chemical and biological agents. The Secretary shall include in each report a full explanation of each expenditure, including the purpose and the necessity therefor.

Chemical and
biological warfare
agents.
Reports to
Congress.

(b) None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or any other Act may be used for the transportation of any lethal chemical or any biological warfare agent to or from any military installation in the United States, or the open air testing of any such agent within the United States until the following procedures have been implemented:

Transportation
of chemicals and
open air testing.

(1) the Secretary of Defense (hereafter referred to in this section as the "Secretary") has determined that the transportation or testing proposed to be made is necessary in the interests of national security;

(2) the Secretary has brought the particulars of the proposed transportation or testing to the attention of the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, who in turn may direct the Surgeon General of the Public Health Service and other qualified persons to review such particulars with respect to any hazards to public health and safety which such transportation or testing may pose and to recommend what precautionary measures are necessary to protect the public health and safety;

(3) the Secretary has implemented any precautionary measures recommended in accordance with paragraph (2) above (including, where practicable, the detoxification of any such agent, if such agent is to be transported to or from a military installation for disposal): *Provided, however,* That in the event the Secretary finds the recommendation submitted by the Surgeon General would have the effect of preventing the proposed transportation or testing, the President may determine that overriding considerations of national security require such transportation or testing be conducted. Any transportation or testing conducted pursuant to such a Presidential determination shall be carried out in the safest practicable manner, and the President shall report his determination and an explanation thereof to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives as far in advance as practicable; and

Presidential
determination.

Report to
Congress.

(4) the Secretary has provided notification that the transportation or testing will take place, except where a Presidential deter-

Notice to
Congress and
State Governor.

mination has been made: (A) to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives at least 10 days before any such transportation will be commenced and at least 30 days before any such testing will be commenced; (B) to the Governor of any State through which such agents will be transported, such notification to be provided appropriately in advance of any such transportation.

Deployment or storage.

(c) (1) None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or any other Act may be used for the future deployment, or storage, or both, at any place outside the United States of—

(A) any lethal chemical or any biological warfare agent, or

(B) any delivery system specifically designed to disseminate any such agent,

Notification to Congress.

unless prior notice of such deployment or storage has been given to the country exercising jurisdiction over such place. In the case of any place outside the United States which is under the jurisdiction or control of the United States Government, no such action may be taken unless the Secretary gives prior notice of such action to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. As used in this paragraph, the term "United States" means the several States and the District of Columbia.

"United States."

(2) None of the funds authorized by this Act or any other Act shall be used for the future testing, development, transportation, storage, or disposal of any lethal chemical or any biological warfare agent outside the United States if the Secretary of State, after appropriate notice by the Secretary whenever any such action is contemplated, determines that such testing, development, transportation, storage, or disposal will violate international law. The Secretary of State shall report all determinations made by him under this paragraph to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and to all appropriate international organizations, or organs thereof, in the event such report is required by treaty or other international agreement.

Report to Congress.

"United States."

(d) Unless otherwise indicated, as used in this section the term "United States" means the several States, the District of Columbia, and the territories and possessions of the United States.

National emergency. Suspension authority of President.

(e) After the effective date of this Act, the operation of this section, or any portion thereof, may be suspended by the President during the period of any war declared by Congress and during the period of any national emergency declared by Congress or by the President.

(f) None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act may be used for the procurement of any delivery system specifically designed to disseminate any lethal chemical or any biological warfare agent, or for the procurement of any part or component of any such delivery system, unless the President shall certify to the Congress that such procurement is essential to the safety and security of the United States.

Definitions.

SEC. 410. (a) As used in this section—

(1) The term "former military officer" means a former or retired commissioned officer of the Armed Forces of the United States who—

(A) served on active duty in the grade of major (or equivalent) or above, and

(B) served on active duty for a period of ten years or more.

(2) The term "former civilian employee" means any former civilian officer or employee of the Department of Defense, including consultants or part-time employees, whose salary rate at any time during the three-year period immediately preceding the termination of his last employment with the Department of Defense was equal to or greater than the minimum salary rate at such time for positions in grade GS-13.

(3) The term "defense contractor" means any individual, firm, corporation, partnership, association, or other legal entity, which provides services and materials to the Department of Defense under a contract directly with the Department of Defense.

(4) The term "services and materials" means either services or materials or services and materials and includes construction.

(5) The term "Department of Defense" means all elements of the Department of Defense and the military departments.

(6) The term "contracts awarded" means contracts awarded by negotiation and includes the net amount of modifications to, and the exercise of options under, such contracts. It excludes all transactions amounting to less than \$10,000 each.

(7) The term "fiscal year" means a year beginning on 1 July and ending on 30 June of the next succeeding year.

(b) Under regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of Defense:

(1) Any former military officer or former civilian employee who during any fiscal year,

(A) was employed by or served as a consultant or otherwise to a defense contractor for any period of time,

(B) represented any defense contractor at any hearing, trial, appeal, or other action in which the United States was a party and which involved services and materials provided or to be provided to the Department of Defense by such contractor, or

(C) represented any such contractor in any transaction with the Department of Defense involving services or materials provided or to be provided by such contractor to the Department of Defense,

shall file with the Secretary of Defense, in such form and manner as the Secretary may prescribe, not later than November 15 of the next succeeding fiscal year, a report containing the following information:

(1) His name and address.

(2) The name and address of the defense contractor by whom he was employed or whom he served as a consultant or otherwise.

(3) The title of the position held by him with the defense contractor.

(4) A brief description of his duties and the work performed by him for the defense contractor.

(5) His military grade while on active duty or his gross salary rate while employed by the Department of Defense, as the case may be.

(6) A brief description of his duties and the work performed by him while on active duty or while employed by the Department of Defense during the three-year period immediately preceding his release from active duty or the termination of his civilian employment, as the case may be.

(7) The date on which he was released from active duty or the termination of his civilian employment with the Department of Defense, as the case may be, and the date on which his employment, as an employee, consultant, or otherwise with the defense contractor began and, if no longer employed by such defense contractor, the date on which such employment with such defense contractor terminated.

(8) Such other pertinent information as the Secretary of Defense may require.

(2) Any employee of the Department of Defense, including consultants or part-time employees, who was previously employed by or served as a consultant or otherwise to a defense contractor

Former military and civilian officials employed by defense contractors. Reporting requirements.

DOD employees previously employed by defense contractors.

in any fiscal year, and whose salary rate in the Department of Defense is equal to or greater than the minimum salary rate for positions in grade GS-13, shall file with the Secretary of Defense, in such form and manner and at such times as the Secretary may prescribe, a report containing the following information:

- (1) His name and address.
- (2) The title of his position with the Department of Defense.
- (3) A brief description of his duties with the Department of Defense.
- (4) The name and address of the defense contractor by whom he was employed or whom he served as a consultant or otherwise.
- (5) The title of his position with such defense contractor.
- (6) A brief description of his duties and the work performed by him for the defense contractor.
- (7) The date on which his employment as a consultant or otherwise with such contractor terminated and the date on which his employment as a consultant or otherwise with the Department of Defense began thereafter.
- (8) Such other pertinent information as the Secretary of Defense may require.

Exceptions.

(c) (1) No former military officer or former civilian employee shall be required to file a report under this section for any fiscal year in which he was employed by or served as a consultant or otherwise to a defense contractor if the total amount of contracts awarded by the Department of Defense to such contractor during such year was less than \$10,000,000; and no employee of the Department of Defense shall be required to file a report under this section for any fiscal year in which he was employed by or served as a consultant or otherwise to a defense contractor if the total amount of contracts awarded to such contractor by the Department of Defense during such year was less than \$10,000,000.

(2) No former military officer or former civilian employee shall be required to file a report under this section for any fiscal year on account of active duty performed or employment with or services performed for the Department of Defense if such active duty or employment was terminated three years or more prior to the beginning of such fiscal year; and no employee of the Department of Defense shall be required to file a report under this section for any fiscal year on account of employment with or services performed for a defense contractor if such employment was terminated or such services were performed three years or more prior to the effective date of his employment with the Department of Defense.

(3) No former military officer or former civilian employee shall be required to file a report under this section for any fiscal year during which he was employed by or served as a consultant or otherwise to a defense contractor at a salary rate of less than \$15,000 per year; and no employee of the Department of Defense, including consultants or part-time employees, shall be required to file a report under this section for any fiscal year during which he was employed by or served as a consultant or otherwise to a defense contractor at a salary rate of less than \$15,000 per year.

(d) The Secretary of Defense shall, not later than December 31 of each year, file with the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives a report containing a list of the names of persons who have filed reports with him for the preceding fiscal year pursuant to subsections (b) (1) and (b) (2) of this section. The Secretary shall include after each name so much information as he

Report to
Congress.

deems appropriate and shall list the names of such persons under the defense contractor for whom they worked or for whom they performed services.

(e) Any former military officer or former civilian employee whose employment with or services for a defense contractor terminated during any fiscal year shall be required to file a report pursuant to subsection (b) (1) of this section for such year if he would otherwise be required to file under such subsection; and any person whose employment with or services for the Department of Defense terminated during any fiscal year shall be required to file a report pursuant to subsection (b) (2) of this section for such year if he would otherwise be required to file under such subsection.

(f) The Secretary shall maintain a file containing the information filed with him pursuant to subsections (b) (1) and (b) (2) of this section and such file shall be open for public inspection at all times during the regular workday.

(g) Any person who fails to comply with the filing requirements of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall, upon conviction thereof, be punished by not more than six months in prison or a fine of not more than \$1,000, or both.

(h) No person shall be required to file a report pursuant to this section for any fiscal year prior to the fiscal year 1971.

Approved November 19, 1969.

Penalty.

Public Law 91-122

AN ACT

To amend section 358a(a) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, to extend the authority to transfer peanut acreage allotments.

November 21, 1969
[H. R. 14030]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 358a (a) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, is amended by changing "and 1969" to read ", 1969, and 1970".

81 Stat. 658.
7 USC 1358a.

Approved November 21, 1969.

Public Law 91-123

AN ACT

To authorize funds to carry out the purposes of the Appalachian Regional Development Act of 1965, as amended, and titles I, III, IV, and V of the Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965, as amended.

November 25, 1969
[S. 1072]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Appalachian
Regional
Development Act
Amendments of
1969.

TITLE I—APPALACHIAN REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT ACT AMENDMENTS OF 1969