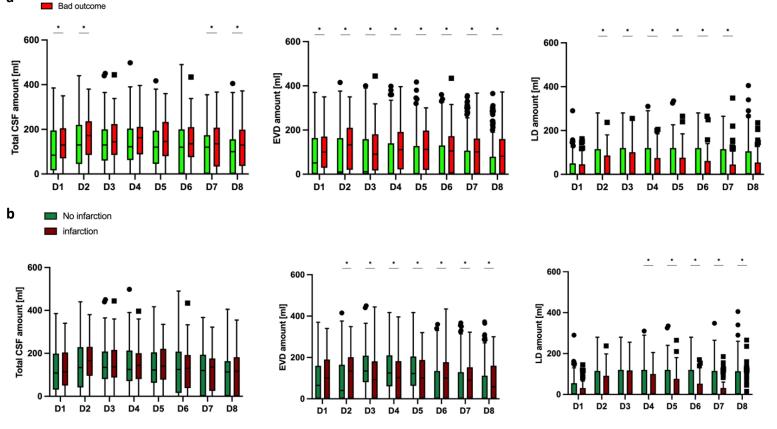


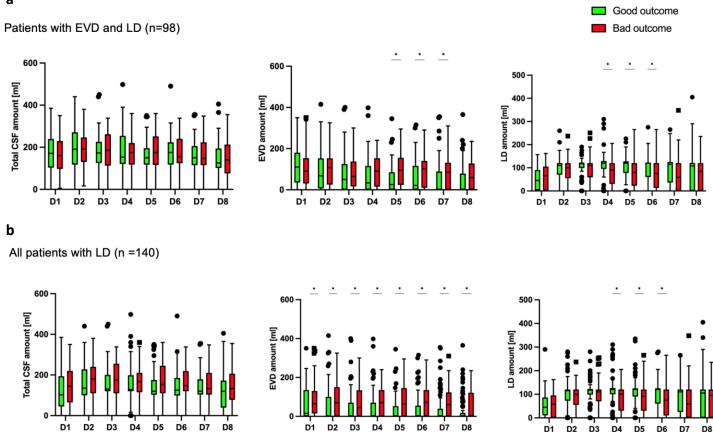
Supplemental Figure 1. Density plot of the drainage volumes of the whole study population (n=287, a) and patients with both EVD and LD (n=98, b). CSF: Cerebral spinal fluid, EVD: External ventricular drainage, LD: Lumbar drainage

Study population (n=287)

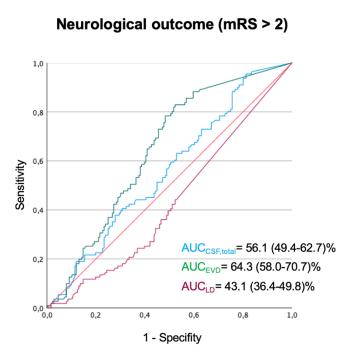
a Good outcome



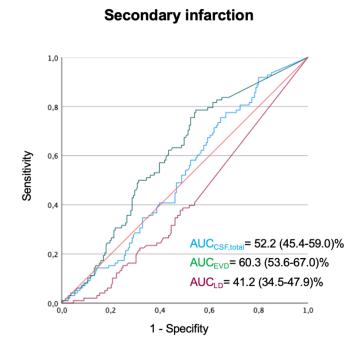
Supplemental Figure 2. Daily amount of CSF Drainage in the whole study population (n=287). a) Stratified according to the neurological outcome (mRS 0-2 = favorable, mRS 3-6 = unfavorable). b) Stratified according to the occurrence of secondary infarctions after treatment of aneurysms. \*p<0.05, CSF: Cerebral spinal fluid, EVD: External ventricular drainage, LD: Lumbar drainage, D: day

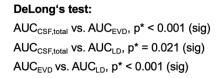


Supplemental Figure 3. Daily amount of CSF Drainage of the patients with both an EVD and LD (n=98, a) and in all patients treated with LD, regardless whether an EVD is present (n=140, b). Stratified according to the neurological outcome (mRS 0-2 = good, mRS 3-6 = unfavorable). In the "all patients with LD" group EVD amount was counted as zero when no EVD was in place. \*p<0.05, CSF: Cerebral spinal fluid, EVD: External ventricular drainage, LD: Lumbar drainage, D: day



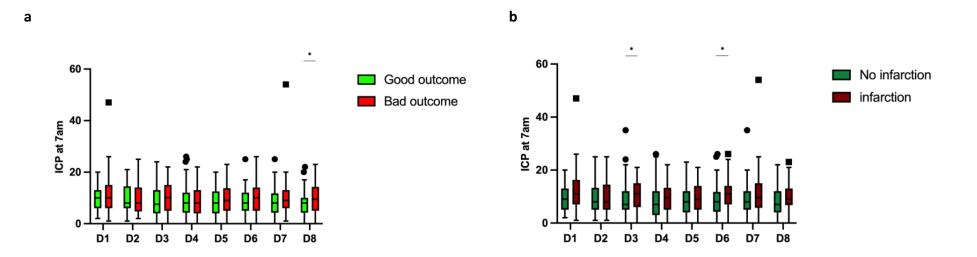
DeLong's test:  $AUC_{CSF,total}$  vs.  $AUC_{EVD}$ , p\* < 0.001 (sig)  $AUC_{CSF,total}$  vs.  $AUC_{LD}$ , p\* = 0.043 (sig)  $AUC_{EVD}$  vs.  $AUC_{LD}$ , p\* < 0.001 (sig)





**Supplemental Figure 4.** a) Prediction of unfavorable outcome (mRS > 2) and b) secondary infarction based on CSF amount of the whole study population (n=287). AUC: Area under the curve, CSF: Cerebral spinal fluid, EVD: External ventricular drainage, LD: Lumbar drainage

b



Supplemental Figure 5. Daily determined ICP of the patients at 7am (n=187). The patients are stratified according to a) the neurological outcome (mRS 0-2 = good, mRS 3-6 = bad) and b) occurrence of secondary infarctions after treatment of aneurysms.

\*p<0.05, ICP: Intracranial pressure, D: day

	Total study population (n= 287)	No infarction (n = 189)	infarction (n = 98)	p value <sup>T</sup>
Day 1				
CSF total	$124 \pm 100$	$121 \pm 102$	130 ± 98	0.451
CSF EVD	$97 \pm 99$	$90 \pm 98$	$110 \pm 100$	0.068
CSF LD	$27 \pm 44$	31 ± 47	$20 \pm 37$	0.063
Day 2				
CSF total	$147 \pm 106$	$141 \pm 109$	161 ± 98	0.105
CSF EVD	$100 \pm 107$	89 ± 107	$121 \pm 104$	0.105
CSF LD	$47 \pm 62$	$52 \pm 64$	39 ± 57	0.076
Day 3 to 5				
CSF total	$427 \pm 269$	421 ± 278	438 ± 253	0.735
CSF EVD	$273 \pm 285$	247 ± 291	323 ± 268	0.008
CSF LD	$153 \pm 190$	173 <u>±</u> 196	115 ± 171	0.014
Day 6 to 8				
CSF total	$360 \pm 267$	357 ± 277	364 <u>+</u> 248	0.636
CSF EVD	$230 \pm 268$	$203 \pm 274$	283 ± 250	0.001
CSF LD	$129 \pm 184$	$153 \pm 200$	81 ± 135	< 0.001
Total amount (Day 1 to 8)				
CSF total	$1052 \pm 659$	$1032 \pm 688$	1089 <u>±</u> 602	0.539
CSF EVD	$694 \pm 687$	$626 \pm 700$	827 ± 647	0.04
CSF LD	$257 \pm 432$	406 <u>±</u> 457	$262 \pm 363$	0.09

Supplemental Table 1. Drainage amount of study population and stratification regarding occurrence of new infarction or not

Abbreviations: CSF: Cerebral spinal fluid, EVD: External ventricular drainage, LD: Lumbar drainage, SD: Standard deviation. All data in ml, mean  $\pm$  SD. <sup>T</sup>Mann-Whitney-U-testing for independent samples. Bold values indicate significance (p < 0.05)