Table A-3.
Health Insurance Coverage Status and Type by Family Type and Family Income-to-Poverty Ratio: 2018, 2019, and 2020

(Numbers in thousands. Population as of March of the following year. Information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions is available at <https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/cps/techdocs/cpsmar21.pdf>)

Characteristic	Total								
	Any health insurance							Uninsured[4]	
				Private health insurance[2]		Public health insurance[3]			
	Number	Percent	Margin of error[1] (±)	Percent	Margin of error[1] (±)	Percent	Margin of error[1] (±)	Percent	Margin of error[1] (±)
2020 Total	**325,638**	**91.4**	**0.2**	**66.5**	**0.4**	**34.8**	**0.3**	**8.6**	**0.2**
Household Relationship									
Married couple family	193,596	93.6	0.2	74.8	0.4	29.4	0.4	6.4	0.2
With children under 18 years.	106,005	92.6	0.3	75.5	0.6	20.4	0.6	7.4	0.3
Unmarried male reference person	42,018	86.9	0.6	58.9	0.9	36.6	0.8	13.1	0.6
With children under 18 years.	10,891	86.2	1.4	54.7	1.9	35.4	1.8	13.8	1.4
Unmarried female reference person	72,338	90.3	0.4	50.2	0.7	50.3	0.6	9.7	0.4
With children under 18 years.	31,937	89.3	0.7	41.7	1.1	52.2	1.1	10.7	0.7
Unrelated subfamilies	1,017	86.5	3.8	51.3	6.0	38.3	5.2	13.5	3.8
Secondary individuals.	16,670	82.8	0.9	61.3	1.3	25.7	1.0	17.2	0.9
Income-to-Poverty Ratio									
Total, poverty universe	325,156	91.4	0.2	66.6	0.4	34.7	0.3	8.6	0.2
Below 100 percent of poverty	37,156	82.8	0.8	23.2	0.9	64.3	1.0	17.2	0.8
Below 138 percent of poverty	56,337	83.9	0.6	25.3	0.7	64.6	0.8	16.1	0.6
Between 100 and 199 percent of poverty	52,336	86.7	0.6	39.6	0.9	56.9	0.8	13.3	0.6
Between 200 and 299 percent of poverty	50,389	88.1	0.5	60.3	0.9	38.8	0.8	11.9	0.5
Between 300 and 399 percent of poverty	41,655	91.1	0.6	72.0	0.9	29.4	0.8	8.9	0.6
At or above 400 percent of poverty	143,620	96.6	0.2	88.2	0.3	19.1	0.3	3.4	0.2

Footnotes provided at end of table.

Table A-3.
Health Insurance Coverage Status and Type by Family Type and Family Income-to-Poverty Ratio: 2018, 2019, and 2020—Con.

(Numbers in thousands. Population as of March of the following year. Information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions is available at <https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/cps/techdocs/cpsmar21.pdf>)

Characteristic	Total								
		Any health insurance						Uninsured[4]	
				Private health insurance[2]		Public health insurance[3]			
	Number	Percent	Margin of error[1] (±)	Percent	Margin of error[1] (±)	Percent	Margin of error[1] (±)	Percent	Margin of error[1] (±)
2019 Total	**324,550**	**92.0**	**0.2**	**68.0**	**0.3**	**34.1**	**0.3**	**8.0**	**0.2**
Household Relationship									
Married couple family	197,994	93.9	0.2	75.8	0.4	28.9	0.4	6.1	0.2
With children under 18 years	109,323	93.0	0.4	76.4	0.7	19.7	0.6	7.0	0.4
Unmarried male reference person	40,246	88.0	0.6	61.2	0.8	35.7	0.8	12.0	0.6
With children under 18 years	10,244	86.8	1.3	55.2	1.9	36.0	1.8	13.2	1.3
Unmarried female reference person	69,641	91.1	0.4	51.4	0.7	50.4	0.7	8.9	0.4
With children under 18 years	30,494	91.2	0.7	42.9	1.2	53.2	1.2	8.8	0.7
Unrelated subfamilies	941	90.6	3.6	58.5	6.0	38.2	6.2	9.4	3.6
Secondary individuals	15,728	81.4	1.0	62.1	1.2	23.4	1.1	18.6	1.0
Income-to-Poverty Ratio									
Total, poverty universe	324,048	92.0	0.2	68.1	0.3	34.0	0.3	8.0	0.2
Below 100 percent of poverty	33,879	84.1	0.8	22.9	0.9	66.6	1.0	15.9	0.8
Below 138 percent of poverty	52,816	84.6	0.6	25.2	0.8	65.9	0.8	15.4	0.6
Between 100 and 199 percent of poverty	51,349	85.9	0.6	39.9	1.0	55.5	1.0	14.1	0.6
Between 200 and 299 percent of poverty	48,924	89.0	0.5	63.0	0.9	37.3	0.9	11.0	0.5
Between 300 and 399 percent of poverty	43,078	91.7	0.5	72.6	0.8	29.5	0.8	8.3	0.5
At or above 400 percent of poverty	146,818	97.0	0.2	88.8	0.3	19.2	0.3	3.0	0.2

Footnotes provided at end of table.

Table A-3.
Health Insurance Coverage Status and Type by Family Type and Family Income-to-Poverty Ratio: 2018, 2019, and 2020—Con.

(Numbers in thousands. Population as of March of the following year. Information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions is available at <https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/cps/techdocs/cpsmar21.pdf>)

Characteristic	Total								
	Any health insurance							Uninsured[4]	
				Private health insurance[2]		Public health insurance[3]			
	Number	Percent	Margin of error[1] (±)	Percent	Margin of error[1] (±)	Percent	Margin of error[1] (±)	Percent	Margin of error[1] (±)
2018 Total.	**323,668**	**91.5**	**0.2**	**67.3**	**0.4**	**34.4**	**0.3**	**8.5**	**0.2**
Household Relationship									
Married couple family.	195,914	93.6	0.2	75.3	0.4	29.1	0.4	6.4	0.2
With children under 18 years.	109,341	92.6	0.4	75.1	0.7	20.9	0.6	7.4	0.4
Unmarried male reference person	40,495	87.2	0.6	59.0	0.8	36.9	0.7	12.8	0.6
With children under 18 years.	10,398	87.2	1.1	53.0	1.8	38.2	1.6	12.8	1.1
Unmarried female reference person	70,093	90.6	0.4	51.3	0.7	50.1	0.7	9.4	0.4
With children under 18 years.	31,462	90.2	0.6	43.3	1.1	51.4	1.2	9.8	0.6
Unrelated subfamilies.	1,069	86.9	3.4	50.0	5.1	42.4	4.6	13.1	3.4
Secondary individuals.	16,097	81.5	1.0	61.6	1.2	23.8	1.0	18.5	1.0
Income-to-Poverty Ratio									
Total, poverty universe	323,172	91.5	0.2	67.3	0.4	34.3	0.3	8.5	0.2
Below 100 percent of poverty	38,056	83.7	0.6	22.0	0.8	66.8	0.9	16.3	0.6
Below 138 percent of poverty	58,204	84.4	0.6	24.7	0.7	65.8	0.7	15.6	0.6
Between 100 and 199 percent of poverty	55,302	86.4	0.6	41.6	0.9	54.4	0.8	13.6	0.6
Between 200 and 299 percent of poverty	50,632	89.2	0.5	64.4	0.8	36.2	0.8	10.8	0.5
Between 300 and 399 percent of poverty	43,624	91.9	0.4	75.1	0.8	27.7	0.7	8.1	0.4
At or above 400 percent of poverty	135,559	96.6	0.2	89.2	0.3	18.5	0.3	3.4	0.2

[1] A margin of error (MOE) is a measure of an estimate's variability. The larger the MOE in relation to the size of the estimate, the less reliable the estimate. This number, when added to and subtracted from the estimate, forms the 90 percent confidence interval. MOEs shown in this table are based on standard errors calculated using replicate weights.

[2] Private health insurance includes coverage provided through an employer or union, coverage purchased directly, or TRICARE.

[3] Public health insurance coverage includes Medicaid, Medicare, CHAMPVA (Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Department of Veterans Affairs), and care provided by the Department of Veterans Affairs and the military.

[4] Individuals are considered to be uninsured if they do not have health insurance coverage for the entire calendar year.

Note: The estimates by type of coverage are not mutually exclusive; people can be covered by more than one type of health insurance during the year.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 2019, 2020, and 2021 Annual Social and Economic Supplement (CPS ASEC).