

Swiss Interest Group Histamine Intolerance (SIGHI) www.mastzellaktivierung.info www.histaminintoleranz.ch

Food Compatibility List

Histamine

Sort order: alphabetic, with categories.

Mechanisms affecting histamine metabolism

Compatibility list for diagnostic and therapeutic elimination diet at histaminosis (mast cell activation syndrome MCAS, mastocytosis, histamine intolerance)

Compatibility scale

	Compatibility regarding histamine
0	Well tolerated, no symptoms expected at usual in-
	take
1	Moderately compatible, minor symptoms, occa-
_	sional consumption of small quantities is often
	tolerated
2	Incompatible, significant symptoms at usual in-
_	take
3	Very poorly tolerated, severe symptoms
-	No general statement possible
?	Insufficient or contradictory information

The column "Histamine" does NOT show the histamine content of the ingredients, but the perceptual COMPATIBILITY for histamine-sensitive persons. Compatibility results from several factors, most of which are not precisely known: liberators of mast cell mediators ("histamine liberators"), histamine, other biogenic amines, DAO inhibitors, consistency, but also mast cell stabilizing and histamine lowering ingredients.

Especially with protein-rich perishable foods, compatibility is also highly dependent on freshness.

Salicylates, in the small amounts in which they are naturally occurring in plants, are noticeable as mast cell activating triggers only in some of the MCAS sufferers, while others can tolerate the salicylates well. Possible intolerance reactions due to the salicylate content are therefore NOT taken into account in the "Histamine" column, although highly relevant for many sufferers.

The presumed reason for the intolerance of an ingredient is specified in the list with the following letters:

Updated: 2023-04-01

- H!: Highly perishable, rapid formation of histamine!
- H: High histamine content
- A: Other biogenic amines
- Liberators of mast cell mediators (=histamine liberators)
- **B**: Blocker (=inhibitors) of diamine oxidase or of other histamine degrading enzymes

The transition between "tolerable" and "intolerable" is fluid and dose-dependent for some intolerances (histaminosis, lactose, fructose). The degree of severity can vary greatly from person to person and also depend on the current state of the day. A sharp distinction between compatible and incompatible foods is therefore not possible, but is a matter of experience for the individual affected.

How to assess the histamine potential of compound products

In this list you will find primarily the basic foods, basic ingredients and additives. In contrast, it would be a pointless exercise to list products composed of several (and varying) ingredients, such as "bread", "pizza" or "cake".

Rule of thumb to assess the compatibility of whole meals or other compound products and preparations:

Look for the ingredient list on the package or in the package insert, or ask the manufacturer. Read the list of ingredients very carefully. If *all* the ingredients contained are compatible, and the product is not fermented or microbially matured, then the product is also compatible - at least when sufficiently fresh. If not, you must either take the precaution of considering it incompatible or test it out for yourself to see how well *you* tolerate it at *your individual* tolerance level.

Additives can also hide in basic foods where you would not suspect them. Always read the list of ingredients on the packaging! Our classification always applies only to the pure food without further additives! For example, only for pure natural cream, but not for cream with additives. The compatibility of each ingredient must be clarified and taken into account individually.

Notes such as "May contain traces of ..." do not usually need to be considered by HIT/MCAS sufferers. These small amounts have no effect as long as one is not allergic to them.

Many products such as wine, cheese, fish, meat preparations, etc. can vary greatly in their histamine content depending on the variety, manufacturer, batch and storage period. Thus, the same type of sausage or cheese could sometimes prove tolerable and sometimes intolerable without being predictable.

Dietary Instructions

IMPORTANT: This list alone is not sufficient dietary guidance. For detailed instructions and other supplemental information that may be critical to the success of the diet, please visit our websites:

www.mastzellaktivierung.info www.histaminintoleranz.ch

During the initial phase of the dietary change, this list serves as a guideline for assessing tolerance. Tolerance is dose-dependent and also very much dependent on the individual severity and the exact physical cause in each case. Some people react more strongly to liberators than to histamine or vice versa. Therefore, keep strictly to this tolerance list only at the beginning. After approx. 4-6 weeks, start to try out what you can tolerate in what quantities depending on your individual sensitivity, to prevent unnecessary restriction in the long term.

In the long term, you should **not** be guided by any list, but by your own experience. Everything is allowed as long as you tolerate it well. For the following reasons, among others, you should nevertheless not start too early, but only with a few weeks or months of experience, to gradually detach yourself from the food compatibility list and listen to your body:

- Some ingredients are very difficult to notice that they are incompatible, because they tend to cause chronic discomfort, which only increases slowly with a long temporal delay (over hours to days) and also subsides only very slowly.
- This list shows only food triggers. There are also many non-food triggers to be considered., which can make it very difficult to find out whether a meal is tolerated: For example, the female menstrual cycle, stress, emotions, physical exertion, infections, certain weather conditions or weather changes, countless chemical influences (medications, fragrances, cosmetic products, detergents, home toxins from furniture and construction materials, tobacco smoke, pesticide residues, air pollution and other environmental toxins), etc.

References

The assessments of tolerability are based on various combined sources, weighted according to their plausibility:

- Experience reports from selected patients without other intolerances or allergies, who react particularly clearly and reproducibly to individual triggers, who can reliably achieve freedom from symptoms by avoiding all triggers, and who have a great deal of experience in assessing the tolerance of foods after countless meticulous self-experiments.
- Experiences of other patient organizations in other countries
- testimonials from self-help groups and website visitors
- Food lists and patient information sheets given to patients by hospitals and clinics.
- Scientific literature
- Books about histamine intolerance
- Posts on internet forums and blogs

Disclaimer

The list is not exhaustive and is subject to uncertainties. It will be periodically updated to reflect the current state of knowledge. Therefore, please replace this version regularly with the latest version on the website.

This information cannot replace a doctor's visit, but is only intended to support and supplement the doctor-patient relationship.

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Book recommendation:



The cookbook "Mast-Cell-Friendly and Low-Histamine Cooking" by Heinz Lamprecht greatly facilitates the demanding change of diet and provides more than 180 recipes on 206 pages, which also consistently take into account histamine liberators and are therefore also suitable for more severely affected persons. Many of the recipes are also lactose-free and gluten-free

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Buy this book at <u>tredition.com</u>

		_	_	-	0.10000	
	2	H	A		cheese made from unpasteurised "raw" milk	Depending on hygiene. Higher risk than for cheese made from pasteurized milk
П	3	H A	٩		cheese: hard cheese, all well matured cheeses	
П	0		\top		cream cheeses (means: very young cheeses), plain, without	
					additives	
	0		†		cream, sweet, without additives	Tolerated if unfermented. Always check for additives. Mostly contains intolerated
Ш			\perp			thickeners or stabilizers, e.g. E407, E410!
ш	0		\perp		curd cheese	
Ш	0		1	2	ewe's milk, sheep's milk	
	0		\perp		farmer's cheese (a type of fresh cheese)	
	1	H /	۱,		Feta cheese	
	2	H /	۹		Fontina cheese	
	0				Geheimratskaese, Geheimrats cheese	
	0		7	?	goat's milk, goat milk	
	0				Gouda cheese (young)	Eat small quantities only.
	2				Gouda cheese, old	
	1	H /	4		kefir, keefir, kephir	
	0		Т		Mascarpone cheese	
	1	Н	7	7	milk, lactosefree	Sometimes well tolerated, sometimes slightly worse tolerated than regular milk.
	0		7	2	milk, pasteurised	Milk may be incompatible, as long as the bowel is still irritated.
	0		7	2	milk, UHT	UHT = ultra-high temperature processing, ultra-heat treatment
	1	?	7	2	milkpowder	Sometimes well tolerated, sometimes not.
	2	H /	4 7	2	mold cheeses, mould cheeses	
	0		Т		Mozzarella cheese	
	2	H /	4		processed cheese	
	2	H /	4		products made from unprocessed (raw) milk	
	0		Т		quark	
	2	H /	4		Raclette cheese	
	0	H! ?	? ?	7	raw milk	Perishable due to higher bacterial count. Use only fresh.
	2	? ?	? 1	?	ready made cheese preparations (with other/further ingredients)	Depending on the ingredients and freshness
П	0	+	$^{+}$	+	Ricotta cheese	
		H A	\downarrow	+	Rochefort cheese	
		H /	_	+	Roquefort cheese	
_	0	+	1		sheep's milk, sheep milk	
	1	н	+	+	sourcream	Lactic acid fermentation! Slightly histamine containing
	0	+	+	+	whey	
\vdash		H ?	2	+	yoghurt (natural yoghurt)	Varies by product
Mea		.			Jognari (matarar yogmari)	,
IAICO			_	_		

| 0 H! | beef (fresh) | chicken | | 3 H A ? dried meat (any kind) | dry-cured ham | duck | entrails | L entrails | game | Mostly matured meat, but fresh wild boar is well tolerated.

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3	_		?	ham (dried, cured)	
2	H!		L	innards	
0				minced meat (if eaten immediately after its production)	Strongly depends on the freshness
2	Н	Α		minced meat (open sale or pre-packed)	Strongly depends on the freshness
0	H!			ostrich	
1	H!		?	pork (fresh and untreated)	Controversial. Mostly well tolerated but very perishable. Histamine liberator -> itching?
0	H!			poultry meat	
0	H!			quail	
		Α		salami	
3	Н	?	?	sausages of all kinds	A few acceptable exceptions are possible.
3	Н	?	?	smoked fish (any)	
3	Н	?	?	smoked meat (any)	
0				tongue (veal, beef)	Check for intolerated ingredients if processed ready to eat. No smoked products
0	H!			turkey	
0	H!	П		veal (fresh)	
1	Н	?		venison	Mostly matured meat, but fresh wild boar is well tolerated.
1	Н	?		wild meat	Mostly matured meat, but fresh wild boar is well tolerated.
sh					
3	Н	Α		anchovies	
0	H!	Α		fish (freshly caught or frozen)	Extremely depending on freshness and species
3	H!	Α		fish (in the shop in the cooling rack or on ice)	Extremely depending on freshness and species
0	H!			trout (freshwater): brown trout, brook trout, rainbow trout	Perishable. Rapid histamine formation.
3	Н	Α		tuna	
a fo	000	 			
2	H!		L	bivalves (mussels, oisters, clams, scallops,)	
2	H!	П	L	crab	
2	H!	П	L	crab	
2	H!	П	L	crawfish	
2			L	crayfish	
2	H!	П	L	langouste	
2	H!	П	L	lobster	
	H!	$\overline{}$	L	oysters	
2	H!	П	L	prawn	
2	\rightarrow	-	L	rock lobsters	
	H!	-	L	seafood, sea food	
2	$\overline{}$	-	L	shellfish	(e.g. mussels, oisters, crab, lobster, shrimp)
2	\rightarrow	-	L	shrimp	
2	_	$\overline{}$	L	spiny lobsters	
	$\overline{}$	-	_	- /	!
sce	lla	ne	ous		

Vegetable foods Starch suppliers

0	_	Τ.		amaranth, Amaranthus	May cause diarrhea in some cases. This entry refers to the pseudo grain called
					amaranth, (plant genus Amaranthus). Not to be confused with the azo dye
					amaranth (an artificial food coloring).
1	7	•		baked goods	Problems are often caused by: malt, iodine, long fermentation times of yeast or
					sourdough, possibly also ATI grains (certain varieties with amylase-tryptase-
					inhibitors, undeclared)
1				barley	
2	7	?	?	barley malt, malt	
1	7	•		bread	Problematic ingredients: malt, iodine, long fermentation times of yeast or
					sourdough, possibly also ATI grains (certain varieties with amylase-tryptase-
					inhibitors, undeclared)
2	1	?	?	buckwheat	Only incompatible, if not thoroughly peeled?
0				chestnut, sweet chestnut	
0			!	cornflakes (if no additives such as malt or folic acid)	Be careful with malt, folic acid
0				hemp seeds (Cannabis sativa)	The legal non-psychoactive subspecies
0				KAMUT®, Khorasan wheat	Prefer old varieties (e.g. KAMUT®). Modern ATI-varieties modified by cultivation
					are often not well tolerated.
0				Khorasan wheat or Oriental wheat (Triticum turgidum ssp.	Prefer old varieties (e.g. KAMUT®). Modern ATI-varieties modified by cultivation
				turanicum), KAMUT®	are often not well tolerated.
2	1	?	?	malt, barley malt	
0				maltodextrin	
0				millet	
0				oats	Some varieties may sometimes be intolerated (flatulence).
0				pearl sago	

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0				potato with peel	Dark place! Green points are poisonous! Possibly incompatible for those with salicylate intolerance
0	1			potato, new, with peel	Dark place! Green points are poisonous! Possibly incompatible for those with salicylate intolerance
0	\dashv		\top	potato, peeled	Dark place! Green points are poisonous!
0	\dashv		\top	quinoa	Possibly not always well tolerated?
0	\dashv		\top	rice	After cooking, store in the fridge up to 12-24 hours max.
0	\dashv		\top	rice buiscuits, rice cakes	Slightly worse tolerated than freshly cooked rice
0	\dashv		\top	rice crispies	Be careful with malt, folic acid
0	\dashv		\top	rice noodles	Slightly worse tolerated than freshly cooked rice
1	\dashv	\dashv	\top	rye	Barely tolerated
0	\dashv		\top	sago	
0		\exists	?	spelt	Prefer old varieties. Modern ATI-varieties modified by cultivation are often not tolerated.
2	\dashv	\dashv	L	sunflower seeds	tolerateu.
0			+	sweet corn, maize kernels: corn on the cob, fresh /	Hard to digest.
0	\dashv	\dashv	+	pasteurised sweet corn, maize kernels: dried (maize meal, maize flour)	
			\perp		
0				sweet corn, maize kernels: out of the tin	Hard to digest. Possibly incompatible after long-term storage or in large quantities?
0				sweet potato	
1	?		?	wheat	Uneven. Mostly digestive problems like flatulence.
2		Α	L	wheat germ	Putrescine, spermine, spermidine, cadaverine
0		\exists	\top	wild rice	Wild rice is not botanically related to rice.
0	\exists		\top	yam	
S					
1	П		Т	almond	Small amounts are well tolerated. May cause e.g. sleep problems.
0	\dashv	\neg	\top	Brazil nut	Max. 1-2 nuts per day are a good source of selenium
1	\dashv	Α	L	cashew nut	
0	\dashv		╁	chufa sedge (Cyperus esculentus)	Actually not a nut, but tuber (thickening of stolons)
2	\dashv	\dashv	?	chufa sedge (Cyperus esculentus), roasted	Actually not a nut, but tuber (thickening of stolons)
0	\dashv	\dashv	$\dot{+}$	earth almond	Actually not a nut, but tuber (thickening of stolons)
1	\dashv	\dashv	L		Actually not a nut, but tuber (thickening of storons)
-	\dashv	\dashv	누	hazelnut	
0	\dashv	\dashv	+	macadamia	A stalland a south hat taken (this having of stalland)
0	4	4	+	nut grass	Actually not a nut, but tuber (thickening of stolons)
3	4	_	4	nuts	Uneven. See individual species.
2	4	_	_	peanuts	
1	4	_	?	pine nuts	Several species. Maybe not all of them with the same compatibility?
0	4	_	4	pistachio	
0	4		_	tiger nut sedge	Actually not a nut, but tuber (thickening of stolons)
3	_	Α	니	walnut	
0				yellow nutsedge	Actually not a nut, but tuber (thickening of stolons)
s a	nd	oi	ils		
0				black caraway oil (Nigella sativa)	antiallergic
0	П		\top	canola oil	
0	П		Т	coconut fat, coconut oil, copra oil	Very recommended
0	\dashv	\dashv	\top	fennel flower oil (Nigella sativa)	antiallergic
0	\dashv	\dashv	\top	margarine (check for intolerated additives)	Check for incompatible additives
0	\dashv	\dashv	\top	Nigella sativa oil	antiallergic
0	\dashv	\dashv	+	nutmeg flower oil (Nigella sativa)	antiallergic
0	\dashv	\dashv	+	olive oil	Incompatible for those with salicylate intolerance
U	\dashv	\dashv	\dagger	palm kernel oil	Should not be bought for ecological reasons. Apart from that, it is recommended
0	\dashv	\dashv	+	palm oil, dendê oil	Should not be bought for ecological reasons. Apart from that, it is recommended
-		\dashv	\dagger	pumpkin seed oil	This oil is made by pressing roasted, hulled pumpkin seeds (pepitas), from a lovariety of pumpkin, the Styrian oil pumpkin.
0		- 1	+	rape seed oil	rancery or pampani, the otyrian on pampani.
0 0 0		\dashv		Tabe seed on	antiallergic
0 0 0 0		\dashv	+	Roman coriander oil (Migella cativa)	Idillidileluic
0 0 0 0			\downarrow	Roman coriander oil (Nigella sativa)	antianergic
0 0 0 0 0			+	safflower oil	
0 0 0 0 0 0			3	safflower oil sunflower oil	A single dose is no problem, but is inflammatory in the long term.
0 0 0 0 0 0 1 2			?	safflower oil	
0 0 0 0 0 0 1 2	abl	les		safflower oil sunflower oil walnut oil	
0 0 0 0 0 0 1 2	abl	les		safflower oil sunflower oil walnut oil artichoke	
0 0 0 0 0 0 1 2 9eta 0	\dashv		<u> </u>	safflower oil sunflower oil walnut oil artichoke asparagus	
0 0 0 0 0 0 1 2 9eta 0 0	Н		? 1	safflower oil sunflower oil walnut oil artichoke asparagus aubergine	
0 0 0 0 0 0 1 2 9eta 0	Н		<u> </u>	safflower oil sunflower oil walnut oil artichoke asparagus	

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2		L	beans (pulses)	Applies to virtually all types / varieties. Some tolerated exceptions are possible
0	₩	H	haatraat	some cases.
	₩	H	beetroot	
2	╀	H	bell pepper (hot)	
0	_	Щ	bell pepper (sweet)	
0	\perp	Щ	bok choi	
2			borlotti beans	
2 H	?	?	P brinjal	
0	\top	\Box	broccoli	
1	+	L	brussels sprouts	
0	+	-	cabbage, green or white	
	₩	\vdash		
0	╄	\vdash	cabbagge (excepting coliflower and kohlrabi)	
0	╙	Ш	carrot	
0		Ш	cauliflower	
0			celery	
0	П	П	celery cabbage (Brassica rapa subsp. pekinensis)	
1	T	?	chard stalks (Beta vulgaris subsp. vulgaris)	
?	+	\vdash	chayote	Possibly not well tolerated.
2	\vdash	\vdash		
	\vdash	\vdash	chickpeas	
0	₩		chicory (Cichorium intybus)	
2		?	chili pepper, red, fresh	Hotness is irritating
?			choko	Possibly not well tolerated.
0			corn salad, lamb's lettuce (Valerianella locusta)	
0	\top	\sqcap	courgette	
?	+	?	cress: garden cress (Lepidium sativum)	
0	\vdash	\vdash	cucumber	
	1			<u> </u>
2 H	?	?	331	
0			endive (Cichorium endivia)	
0			fennel	
?	П	?	garden cress (Lepidium sativum)	
1	\top	\Box	garlic	In small amounts, usually well tolerated after cooking
1	\vdash	\vdash	German turnip	
0	\vdash	\vdash	-	
	╄	\vdash	gourds	
1	╄	\sqcup	green beans	Can be well tolerated in some cases
1	\perp	Ш	green peas	
1			green split peas	
1		L	horseradish	
2		L	kelp (large seaweeds (algae) belonging to the brown algae)	e.g. as an ingredient in seasoned salt / herbal salt
1	\vdash	\Box	kohlrabi	
0	+	\vdash	lamb's lettuce, corn salad (Valerianella locusta)	
	₩			To any all any annula second and all all and all all all all and all all all all all all all all all al
1	-	?	leek	In small amounts, usually well tolerated
2	\perp	Ш	lentils	
0			lettuce iceberg	
0			lettuce: head and leaf lettuces	Rating applies to the plant without dressing
0	Т	\sqcap	marrow	
?	\top	\vdash	mungbeans (germinated, sprouting)	
0	+	\vdash	napa cabbage	
2 ?	12	\vdash		Usually fermented, sometimes with intolerated ingredients
	+'	-	olives	
1	_	L	onion	Incompatible in large quantities
0	\perp	Ш	pak choi	
0			parsnip	
2		L	perennial wall-rocket (Diplotaxis tenuifolia)	
3 H		\sqcap	pickled cabbage	
2 H		\forall	pickled cucumber	
2 H		\vdash	pickled cucumber pickled gherkin	
2 Н		\vdash		
	\ <u>'</u>	\vdash	pickled vegetables	<u> </u>
2	_	L	pulses (soy, beans, peas, lentils)	
0			pumpkins (various varieties)	
0		\Box	radish: red radish (the tiny red round ones)	
0	\top	\sqcap	radish: white radish (the long white ones)	
0	+	?	red cabbage	
	+	H	sauerkraut	
2 L	-			<u> </u>
3 H	1	?	Savoy cabbage	
1	+			
1		П	snow peas	
			snow peas soy (soy beans, soy flour) spinach	

0		Т	\top	squashes	
Δ.				-	
2		_	?	stinging nettle (Urtica dioica)	
2	н		니	tomato	
?				turnip	
1	+	+	+	turnip cabbage	
	+	+	+		
2	4	4	\perp	Vicia faba, broad bean	
0				white onion	A type of onion that has a pure white skin and a sweet, mild white flesh (not the
					common onion).
1				yellow split peas	
0	\top	\top	\top	zucchini	
				Zucciiiii	
bs					
0				basil	
1			L	bear leek (Allium ursinum)	Small amounts are well tolerated.
1	+	_	L	bear's garlic (Allium ursinum)	Small amounts are well tolerated.
	+	+	-	,	oman amounts are wen tolerated.
2	\perp	\perp		blue fenugreek (Trigonella caerulea)	
1			니	broad-leaved garlic (Allium ursinum)	Small amounts are well tolerated.
1			L	buckrams (Allium ursinum)	Small amounts are well tolerated.
1	+	+	+	chives	Incompatible in large quantities
	+	+	+		
2	\perp			clover (trigonella and trifolium species)	For example, fenugreek, blue fenugreek
1	T	T		dill	Small amounts usually not a problem. High salicylate content.
2	+	\dagger	\dashv	fenugreek (Trigonella foenum-graecum)	
	+	+	+		Incompatible for those with salicylate intolerance
0	\perp	\perp		mint	incompaniste for mose with sancylate intolerance
0			_	oregano	
0	\top	\top	\top	parsley	
1	+	+	L	ramsons (Allium ursinum)	Small amounts are well tolerated.
	+	+	-		
0	\perp	\perp		rosemary	
0				sage	
0	\top	\top		savory (Satureja hortensis)	
2	+	+	+	trifolium	For example, fenugreek, blue fenugreek
	+	+	+		
2				trigonella	For example, fenugreek, blue fenugreek
1			L	wild garlic (Allium ursinum)	Small amounts are well tolerated.
1	\top	\top	L	wood garlic (Allium ursinum)	Small amounts are well tolerated.
				wood garrie (Amain aromani)	
its	_	_	_		
0				acerola, acerola powder, Barbados cherry, West Indian	
				cherry, wild crepe myrtle	
0	+	\dagger	\top	apple	
_	+	+	+	1	
0	4	\perp	_	apple: Golden Delicious	
0				apricot	
?	\top	\top	\top	aronia, chokeberries, red chokeberry (Aronia arbutifolia),	
				black chokeberry (Aronia melanocarpa)	
+	+	+	+		
?	\perp	\perp		Asimina triloba	
2	н		니	avocado	
2		A	\neg	banana	(The greener the better tolerated?)
?	+	+	+		Avoid skin contact with the spikes!
			-	Barbary fig (Opuntia ficus-indica)	TAYOU DAIN CONTROL WITH THE SPINES:
_	+	+	- 1		-
0		\pm		blackberry	
_	+	+	+	blackberry blackcurrants	
0	#	+	+	blackcurrants	
0 0 0	+	+		blackcurrants blueberries	
0 0 0 ?				blackcurrants blueberries boysenberry	
0 0 0				blackcurrants blueberries	Avoid skin contact with the spikes!
0 0 0 ?		+		blackcurrants blueberries boysenberry cactus pear (Opuntia ficus-indica)	Avoid skin contact with the spikes!
0 0 0 ? ?				blackcurrants blueberries boysenberry cactus pear (Opuntia ficus-indica) carambola, starfruit	
0 0 0 ? ? 0				blackcurrants blueberries boysenberry cactus pear (Opuntia ficus-indica) carambola, starfruit cherry	Avoid skin contact with the spikes! Controversial
0 0 0 ? ? 0 0	_	A	L	blackcurrants blueberries boysenberry cactus pear (Opuntia ficus-indica) carambola, starfruit cherry citrus fruits	Controversial
0 0 0 ? ? 0	_	A ?	L	blackcurrants blueberries boysenberry cactus pear (Opuntia ficus-indica) carambola, starfruit cherry	
0 0 0 ? ? 0 0		_		blackcurrants blueberries boysenberry cactus pear (Opuntia ficus-indica) carambola, starfruit cherry citrus fruits cocoa butter	Controversial
0 0 0 ? ? 0 0 2 0		?		blackcurrants blueberries boysenberry cactus pear (Opuntia ficus-indica) carambola, starfruit cherry citrus fruits cocoa butter cocoa, cocoa powder (chocolate, etc.)	Controversial Mostly well tolerated
0 0 0 ? ? 0 0 2 0		?		blackcurrants blueberries boysenberry cactus pear (Opuntia ficus-indica) carambola, starfruit cherry citrus fruits cocoa butter cocoa, cocoa powder (chocolate, etc.) coconut, coconut shavings, coconut milk	Controversial
0 0 0 ? ? 0 0 2 0 2		?		blackcurrants blueberries boysenberry cactus pear (Opuntia ficus-indica) carambola, starfruit cherry citrus fruits cocoa butter cocoa, cocoa powder (chocolate, etc.) coconut, coconut shavings, coconut milk common pawpaw of NE-USA	Controversial Mostly well tolerated
0 0 0 ? ? 0 0 2 0		?		blackcurrants blueberries boysenberry cactus pear (Opuntia ficus-indica) carambola, starfruit cherry citrus fruits cocoa butter cocoa, cocoa powder (chocolate, etc.) coconut, coconut shavings, coconut milk	Controversial Mostly well tolerated
0 0 0 ? ? 0 0 2 0 2 0 ?		?		blackcurrants blueberries boysenberry cactus pear (Opuntia ficus-indica) carambola, starfruit cherry citrus fruits cocoa butter cocoa, cocoa powder (chocolate, etc.) coconut, coconut shavings, coconut milk common pawpaw of NE-USA common sea-buckthorn (Hippophaë rhamnoides)	Controversial Mostly well tolerated
0 0 0 ? ? 0 0 2 0 ?		?		blackcurrants blueberries boysenberry cactus pear (Opuntia ficus-indica) carambola, starfruit cherry citrus fruits cocoa butter cocoa, cocoa powder (chocolate, etc.) coconut, coconut shavings, coconut milk common pawpaw of NE-USA common sea-buckthorn (Hippophaë rhamnoides) cowberry	Controversial Mostly well tolerated
0 0 0 ? ? 0 0 2 0 ?		?		blackcurrants blueberries boysenberry cactus pear (Opuntia ficus-indica) carambola, starfruit cherry citrus fruits cocoa butter cocoa, cocoa powder (chocolate, etc.) coconut, coconut shavings, coconut milk common pawpaw of NE-USA common sea-buckthorn (Hippophaë rhamnoides) cowberry cranberry	Controversial Mostly well tolerated
0 0 0 ? ? 0 0 2 0 ?		?		blackcurrants blueberries boysenberry cactus pear (Opuntia ficus-indica) carambola, starfruit cherry citrus fruits cocoa butter cocoa, cocoa powder (chocolate, etc.) coconut, coconut shavings, coconut milk common pawpaw of NE-USA common sea-buckthorn (Hippophaë rhamnoides) cowberry	Controversial Mostly well tolerated
0 0 0 ? ? 0 0 2 0 ?		? A		blackcurrants blueberries boysenberry cactus pear (Opuntia ficus-indica) carambola, starfruit cherry citrus fruits cocoa butter cocoa, cocoa powder (chocolate, etc.) coconut, coconut shavings, coconut milk common pawpaw of NE-USA common sea-buckthorn (Hippophaë rhamnoides) cowberry cranberry dates (dried, desiccated)	Controversial Mostly well tolerated
0 0 0 ? ? 0 0 2 0 2 0 0 0 0		? A	L	blackcurrants blueberries boysenberry cactus pear (Opuntia ficus-indica) carambola, starfruit cherry citrus fruits cocoa butter cocoa, cocoa powder (chocolate, etc.) coconut, coconut shavings, coconut milk common pawpaw of NE-USA common sea-buckthorn (Hippophaë rhamnoides) cowberry cranberry dates (dried, desiccated) dog rose (Rosa canina)	Controversial Mostly well tolerated
0 0 0 ? ? 0 0 2 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0		? A	L	blackcurrants blueberries boysenberry cactus pear (Opuntia ficus-indica) carambola, starfruit cherry citrus fruits cocoa butter cocoa, cocoa powder (chocolate, etc.) coconut, coconut shavings, coconut milk common pawpaw of NE-USA common sea-buckthorn (Hippophaë rhamnoides) cowberry cranberry dates (dried, desiccated) dog rose (Rosa canina) dragon fruit, pitaya, pitahaya	Controversial Mostly well tolerated Good source of selenium
0 0 0 ? ? 0 0 2 0 0 ? 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		? A	L	blackcurrants blueberries boysenberry cactus pear (Opuntia ficus-indica) carambola, starfruit cherry citrus fruits cocoa butter cocoa, cocoa powder (chocolate, etc.) coconut, coconut shavings, coconut milk common pawpaw of NE-USA common sea-buckthorn (Hippophaë rhamnoides) cowberry cranberry dates (dried, desiccated) dog rose (Rosa canina) dragon fruit, pitaya, pitahaya figs (fresh or dried)	Controversial Mostly well tolerated Good source of selenium May be slightly laxative
0 0 0 ? ? 0 0 2 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0		? A	L	blackcurrants blueberries boysenberry cactus pear (Opuntia ficus-indica) carambola, starfruit cherry citrus fruits cocoa butter cocoa, cocoa powder (chocolate, etc.) coconut, coconut shavings, coconut milk common pawpaw of NE-USA common sea-buckthorn (Hippophaë rhamnoides) cowberry cranberry dates (dried, desiccated) dog rose (Rosa canina) dragon fruit, pitaya, pitahaya	Controversial Mostly well tolerated Good source of selenium May be slightly laxative
0 0 0 ? ? 0 0 2 0 0 ? 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		? A	L	blackcurrants blueberries boysenberry cactus pear (Opuntia ficus-indica) carambola, starfruit cherry citrus fruits cocoa butter cocoa, cocoa powder (chocolate, etc.) coconut, coconut shavings, coconut milk common pawpaw of NE-USA common sea-buckthorn (Hippophaë rhamnoides) cowberry cranberry dates (dried, desiccated) dog rose (Rosa canina) dragon fruit, pitaya, pitahaya figs (fresh or dried) goji berry, Chinese wolfberry, Chinese boxthorn, Himalayan	Controversial Mostly well tolerated Good source of selenium May be slightly laxative
0 0 0 7 ? 0 0 2 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		? A	L	blackcurrants blueberries boysenberry cactus pear (Opuntia ficus-indica) carambola, starfruit cherry citrus fruits cocoa butter cocoa, cocoa powder (chocolate, etc.) coconut, coconut shavings, coconut milk common pawpaw of NE-USA common sea-buckthorn (Hippophaë rhamnoides) cowberry cranberry dates (dried, desiccated) dog rose (Rosa canina) dragon fruit, pitaya, pitahaya figs (fresh or dried) goji berry, Chinese wolfberry, Chinese boxthorn, Himalayan goji, Tibetan goji	Controversial Mostly well tolerated Good source of selenium May be slightly laxative
0 0 0 ? ? 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		? A	L	blackcurrants blueberries boysenberry cactus pear (Opuntia ficus-indica) carambola, starfruit cherry citrus fruits cocoa butter cocoa, cocoa powder (chocolate, etc.) coconut, coconut shavings, coconut milk common pawpaw of NE-USA common sea-buckthorn (Hippophaë rhamnoides) cowberry cranberry dates (dried, desiccated) dog rose (Rosa canina) dragon fruit, pitaya, pitahaya figs (fresh or dried) goji berry, Chinese wolfberry, Chinese boxthorn, Himalayan	Controversial Mostly well tolerated Good source of selenium May be slightly laxative

2	\top	?	grapes guava	
?	Ť		Indian fig opuntia (Opuntia ficus-indica), Barbary fig, cactus pear, spineless cactus, prickly pear, tuna	Avoid skin contact with the spikes!
0	+	++	jostaberry	This plant is a hybrid between gooseberry and blackcurrant.
0	+	++	kaki	
2	7	L	kiwi fruit	
?	?		ladyfinger banana	The greener the better tolerated
2	_	L	lemon	
2		L	lemon peel, lemon zest	
3		L	lime	
0		-	lingonberry	
?	+		loganberry	
0	+	++	lychee	
2	$^{+}$	$\forall \forall$	mandarin orange, mandarin, mandarine (Citrus reticulata)	
	\perp			
1	+	?	mango	To be debated. Is often well tolerated.
0		?	melons (except watermelon)	Suspected occasional histamine liberator effects (due to pollutant / pesticid exposure?)
0	+		morello cherries	exposure:)
?	+	++	mulberry	
?	1?	++	nashi pear	
0	+	++	nectarine	
3	Δ	L	orange	
3		L	orange peel, orange zest	
2	_	L	papaya, pawpaw	
?	+	+-+	passion fruit, passionfruit	
?	+	++	paw paw	
0	+	++	peach	
1	A		pear	
1	A		pear, peeled canned in sugar syrup	
0	+		persimmon	
2	HA	L	pineapple	
0	+	+-	pitaya, pitahaya, dragon fruit	
1	+	L	plum	
0	+	+	pomegranate	
?	+		prickly pear (Opuntia ficus-indica)	Avoid skin contact with the spikes!
1	+	L	prune	
1	+	?	Prunus domestica subsp. Domestica	Better tolerated than other plums. Mainly cultivated in Central Europe.
?	+		purple granadilla, passionfruit	
0	?		quince	
0	\top	\top	raisins	Only if not sulphured / without sulphite / without preservatives! High salicy
	\perp			content!
2	\perp		raspberry	
0			redcurrants, currant	
0			redcurrants, currant	
1			rhubarb	Controversial. Often well tolerated. Oxalic acid.
1		L	rose hip	
0			sallow thorn	
0			sharon fruit	
0			sour cherry	
?			spineless cactus (Opuntia ficus-indica)	Avoid skin contact with the spikes!
2	_	L	strawberry	
?	?		sugar banana	The greener the better tolerated
?			tamarillo, Solanum betaceum	
?			tuna, prickly pear (Opuntia ficus-indica)	Avoid skin contact with the spikes!
1		?	watermelon	Suspected histamine liberator effects
1		?	Zwetschge (damson plum subspecies domestica)	Better tolerated than other plums. Mainly cultivated in Central Europe.
eds				
0			chia (Salvia hispanica)	
0			isabgol, psyllium seed husks	Can be useful both for constipation as well as diarrhea.
0			ispaghula, psyllium seed husks	Can be useful both for constipation as well as diarrhea.
0			psyllium seed husks (Plantago ovata)	Can be useful both for constipation as well as diarrhea.
U			pumpkin seeds	
0			1 1 1	
			sesame	May cause diarrhea in some cases

,				1994 1194 Pulge 1
3		L	brown algae, algae	Extremely rich in iodine
2		П	сер	
3		L	green algae, algae	Extremely rich in iodine
3		L	kelp, seaweed, algae	Extremely rich in iodine
3		L	Kombu seaweed	Extremely rich in iodine
2		П	morel	
2			mushrooms, different types	
3		L	Nori seaweed	Extremely rich in iodine
2			porcino mushroom (Boletus edulis)	
3		L	red algae, algae	Extremely rich in iodine
3		L	seaweed, seaweed	Extremely rich in iodine
3		L	seaweeds and seaweed derivatives	Extremely rich in iodine
3	\top	L	Wakame seaweed	Extremely rich in iodine
1	A	П	white button mushroom	
1		\Box	yeast (fresh, dried, in all forms)	Well tolerated when produced under perfect hygienic conditions. Exceptions:
				baked goods with a long dough fermentation time may be intolerated. High
				content of glutamic acid (see glutamate).
eten	ers		•	·
0	Т	П	agave nectar, agave syrup	High fructose content
4				Output in the lamber I

Sv

	0		agave nectar, agave syrup	High fructose content
	1		artificial sweeteners	Sucralose is tolerated.
	0		birch sugar, xylitol, xylite, E967	
	0		caramel (browned sugar)	
	0		dextrose	Glucose syrup may contain a lot of fructose, pure glucose is free from fructose.
	0		E420, sorbitol, glucitol	
	0		E967, xylitol, xylite, birch sugar	
	2		extract of malt	
	0		fructose (fruit sugar)	Too much will cause indigestion.
	0		glucose	Glucose syrup may contain a lot of fructose, pure glucose is free from fructose.
	0		honey	To be debated. Uneven. Naturally contains benzoic acid.
	0		inverted sugar syrup, invert sugar syrup	
	0		lactose (milk sugar)	
	2	?	liquorice root	
	2		malt extract	
	0		maltose, malt sugar (pure)	
	0		maple syrup	
\Box	?	?	palm sugar	
	0		sorbitol, glucitol, E420	
	0		stevia (stevia leaves, liquid, powder)	
	0		sucrose	Nevertheless, should be used sparingly, not as a main nutrient.
	0		sugar (beet sugar, cane sugar)	Nevertheless, should be used sparingly, not as a main nutrient.
	0		xylitol, xylite, birch sugar, E967	
oice	s, se	asoni	ng, aroma	
	2		onice enicoed	

?	П	П		anise, aniseed	
?		\vdash	\forall	bay laurel, laurel	Small amounts are well tolerated, for larger quantities lack of experience.
0		\vdash	\Box	black caraway (Nigella sativa)	antiallergic
2				bouillon (because of yeast extract / meat extract / glutamate)	Almost always with incompatible ingredients (glutamate, yeast extract, spice/aroma/flavour/seasoning/condiment/wort (in the meaning of protein hydrolysates), meat extracts, incompatible vegetables)
0				caraway (Carum carvi)	Positive effect: good for heavy meals. Caution: Not to be confused with cumin (intolerated)!
0				cardamom	À utiliser avec parcimonie! Des différentes éspèces et variétés sont appelées cardamome et sont utilisés comme épice. Difficile de savoir si tous sont également toléré.
0	Г	Г	?	cilantro	Only small amounts are well tolerated.
0	Г	Г		cinnamon	
0	Г	Г	П	cloves	Small amounts are well tolerated, for larger quantities lack of experience.
0	Г	Г	?	coriander	Only small amounts are well tolerated.
2			L	cumin (Cuminum cyminum)	
2			L	cummin	
2				curry	
0	?			distilled white vinegar	Low histamine, but not free from histamine. Use sparingly. Check for intolerated additives.
0				fennel flower (Nigella sativa)	antiallergic
1				ginger	Small amounts are well tolerated.
2			L	Jeera	
0	Г	Г		juniper berries	

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?				laurel, bay laurel, sweet bay, bay tree, true laurel, Grecian	Small amounts are well tolerated, for larger quantities lack of experience.
	_			laurel	
_	?	?	?	meat extract	
0				meridian fennel (Carum carvi)	Positive effect: good for heavy meals. Caution: Not to be confused with cumin (intolerated)!
2			L	mustard, mustard seeds, mustardseed powder	Seeds of the mustard plant and products thereof
0				Nigella sativa seed	antiallergic
1			П	nutmeg	Small amounts are well tolerated.
0			П	nutmeg flower (Nigella sativa)	antiallergic
2			П	paprika, hot	Irritating the intestine
0			П	paprika, sweet	
2			П	pepper, black	Small amounts are tolerated.
2			П	pepper, white	Small amounts are tolerated.
0				Persian cumin (Carum carvi)	Positive effect: good for heavy meals. Caution: Not to be confused with cumin (intolerated)!
1			П	poppy seeds	Small amounts are well tolerated.
3	Н	?	П	red wine vinegar	
0			П	Roman coriander (Nigella sativa)	antiallergic
2			П	seasoning made of hydrolysated proteins	Derived from vegetal protein hydrolysate, aroma reminiscent of meat broth. Contains glutamate, histamine and other amines.
3			П	soy sauce	
0	?			spirit vinegar	Low histamine, but not free from histamine. Use sparingly. Check for intoleral additives.
?			П	star anise, star anise seed, Chinese star anise, badiam	
0			П	thyme, common thyme, German thyme, garden thyme,	
				(Thymus vulgaris)	
0			П	turmeric (Curcuma longa)	
1	?		?	vanilla extract	From fermented fruits, alcoholic.
1	?		?	vanilla, vanilla pod, vanilla powder, vanilla sugar	Tolerated in small quantities. Fermentation! Possibly traces of sulfite? (See als additives > vanillin)
1	Н	?	П	vinegar: apple vinegar	Check for additives.
3	Н	?	П	vinegar: balsamic vinegar	
0	?			vinegar: spirit vinegar, distilled white vinegar	Low histamine, but not free from histamine. Use sparingly. Check for intoleral additives.
0	?			white vinegar, spirit vinegar	Low histamine, but not free from histamine. Use sparingly. Check for intoleral additives.
3	Н	?	П	white wine vinegar	
2			L	yeast extract	Chemical conversion to glutamate.

Beverages

0

1

1

chamomile tea

B green tea

?

Water

					and carbonic acid							
	0				mineral water, still							
	0				tap water							
Alc	oh	olic	;									
	3				alcohol, pure (ethanol)							
	3	Н	4 1	L B	alcoholic beverages							
				_	B beer							
			_	_	B brandy							
		H /	4 1	L B	G champagne							
	3		_	_	ethanol							
		?	_		B liquor, clear (colourless)							
					B liquor, schnapps, spirits, cloudy (not colourless)							
	_	_	_	_	3 rum							
					Schnapps, clear (colourless)							
			_	_	Sparkling wine							
	_		_		Spirits, clear (colourless)							
	3	_	_	_	Wine							
	1				afte	ll contains alcohol and sulfite, like any wine. For cooking, it is well tolerated er the alcohol has evaporated.						
	3	H /	ا ۵	L B	Wine: red wine							
			_	_	wine: Schilcherwein							
	2	Н	4 1	L B	wine: white wine							
Tea	a, h	erb	al	inf	usions	ea, herbal infusions						

Incompatible ingredient not yet identified

healing spring water with lots of sulfur, fluorine, iodine,

herbal teas with medicinal herbs (especially complex

mixtures with numerous ingredients)

	/V . I I	istaiii	inintoleranz.cn Sighi food list,	page 9 Updated: 01.04
0			lime blossom tea, limeflower, flowers of large-leaved	
			limetree (Tilia platyphyllos)	
1		В	mate tea (llex paraguariensis)	
0			peppermint tea	
0	\vdash		rooibos tea	Caution: Check the list of ingredients. Tea blends (mixtures) of Rooibos &
			1001808 tea	incompatible ingredients (e.g. orange zest) are often sold as "Rooibos" as well
0			sage tea	
		?	stinging nettle herbal tea (Urtica dioica)	
2 H		В	tea, black tea	
0			verbena herbal tea	Has a calming effect on intestine and nervous system.
ices, f	fru	it ne	ctars	
0			cranberry nectar	
2		L	orange juice	
getab	le	iuice	1	
2	T	L	tomato juice	
	or		ng coffeine	
1			Coca-Cola	See also caffeine and carbonated
1			coffee	Caffeine stimulates nerves and bowel, which may be mast cell activating.
				See also caffeine and carbonated
1	┢		Coke	
1	\vdash		Cola-drinks	See also caffeine and carbonated
2		? B	energy drinks	Theobromine inhibits the DAO enzyme.
1			espresso	Better tolerated than coffee, but caffeine still stimulates nerves and bowel, we may be mast cell activating.
lk sur	ro	gates		
1			oat drink, oat milk	Often slightly histamine containing as fermented enzymatically.
1			rice milk, rice drink	Often slightly histamine containing as fermented enzymatically.
2			soy milk, soy drink	
oft drin	nks	s. so	da	
2	П	ĹΤ	chocolate drinks	
2	\vdash	\vdash	cocoa drinks	
0	\vdash	\vdash	elderflower cordial	
2	\vdash	\vdash	hot chocolate	
1	\vdash	$\vdash\vdash$	lemonade	Depending on the ingredients
	\vdash	$\vdash\vdash$		bepending on the ingredients
2	┡	\vdash	Ovaltine	
1		\sqcup	soda	Depending on the ingredients
1			soft drinks	Depending on the ingredients
d addi	itiv	es		
2		L	2-hydroxybiphenyl, E231	
1		L	acacia gum, gum arabic, E414	
0			acetate of lime, calcium acetate, E262	
0	\vdash	\vdash	acetic acid, E260	
2		L	Acid Red 14, E122	
1	\vdash	?	agar, agar-agar, E406	
2	\vdash	L		
	\vdash	L	alginic acid, algin, alginate, E400	
2		-	Allura Red, Food Red 17, C.I. 16035, FD&C Red 40, E129, 2-	
	_	\vdash	Naphthalenesulfonic acid	
0	_	\sqcup	alpha-tocopherol, vitamin E, E307	
?		$\sqcup \!\!\!\! \perp$	aluminium, aluminum, E173	
2		L	amaranth, E123	This refers to the azo dye amaranth, an artificial food coloring. Not to be conwith the pseudo grain amaranth from the plant genus Amaranthus.
0	\vdash	\vdash	ammonia caramel, E150c	Possibly not as good tolerated as E150?
2	Г	L	ammonium alginate, E403	
0			ammonium carbonate, baker's ammonia, E503	
1	\vdash	?	ammonium citrate, triammonium citrate, E380	+
	\vdash			
2	-	L	annatto, bixin, norbixin, E160b	
?	_	<u> </u>	apocarotenal, E160e	
0		B	ascorbic acid, E300	Lowers histamine levels, but is also a weak DAO inhibitor. Good for those wi MCAS, bad for those with HIT?
0	\vdash	\vdash	acceptul polmitate F204	INIOAO, DAU IOI (IIIOSE WI(II AII !
0	\vdash	 	ascorbyl palmitate, E304	
2	_	L	Azorubin S, E12, Brillantcarmoisin O, E122	
		L	azorubine, E122	
2		1 1	baking soda, bicarbonate of soda, sodium hydrogen	
0				
			carbonate, sodium bicarbonate	
			carbonate, sodium bicarbonate beeswax, E901	

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2	L	benzoic acid, E210	
0		betanin, Beetroot Red, E162	
2	L	bixin, norbixin, E160b	
?	H-	borax, sodium borate, sodium tetraborate, disodium	
'			
\square		tetraborate, E285	
?		boric acid, E284	
3	L	Brilliant Black BN, Brilliant Black PN, Brilliant Black A,	
		Black PN, Food Black 1, Naphthol Black, E151, C.I. Food	
		Black 1, C.I. 28440	
?	?	·	
f	'	Brilliant Blue FCF, E133, FD&C Blue No.1, Acid Blue 9, D&C	
		Blue No. 4, Alzen Food Blue No. 1, Atracid Blue FG,	
		Erioglaucine, Eriosky blue, Patent Blue AR, Xylene Blue	
		VSG, C.I. 42090	
2	L	Brown FK, Kipper Brown, Chocolate Brown FK, E154, C.I.	
		Food Brown 1	
2	L	Brown HT, Chocolate Brown HT, Food Brown 3, E155, C.I.	
	-		
		20285	
2	L	butylated hydroxyanisole, E320	
2	L	butylated hydroxytoluene, BHT, dibutylhydroxytoluene,	
		E321	
2	L	C.I. 14720, E122	
2	L	C.I. 14726, E122 C.I. 16255, E124	
		·	<u> </u>
3	L	C.I. 47005, E104	
2	L	C.I. Acid Red 18, E124	
0		calcium acetate, acetate of lime, calcium ethanoate,	
		calcium diacetate, E262	
2	L	calcium alginate, E404	
0	 -	calcium ascorbate, calcium diascorbate	
	.	·	
2	L	calcium benzoate, E213	
2	L	calcium bisulfite, E227	
0		calcium carbonate, limestone, E170	
1	?	calcium citrate, E333	Often well tolerated.
2	L	calcium diglutamate, E623	
0		calcium lactate, E327	
0		calcium L-ascorbate	
0		calcium L-ascorbate	
2	?	calcium polyphosphate, E452	
?		calcium propanoate, calcium propionate, E282	
2	L	calcium sorbate, E203	
2	L	calcium sulfite, E226	
?	-		
'		canthaxanthin, cantaxanthin, cantaxanthine,	
		canthaxanthine, E161g	
0		caramel color, caramel coloring, E150	
1	L	carbonated drinks, carbonic acid	Only short time effects. Symptoms quickly disappear
?		carboxymethyl cellulose, CMC, carboxymethylcellulose,	
		carmellose, cellulose gum, E466	
2	L	-	
2		carmine, E120	
2	L	carmoisine, E122, Food Red 3, E122	
2	? ?	carob, carob powder, carob pod meal	Carob ist the dried (and sometimes roasted) pod, and not the seeds.
2	L	carobin, carob gum, carob bean gum, E410	Thickening agent and gelling agent, extracted from the seeds of the carob tree.
0	L	carotene, beta-carotene, β-carotene, E160a	
2	L	carrageenan, processed seaweed, E407, E407a	
0		caustic caramel, E150a	
0		·	Possibly not as good tolerated as E150?
		caustic sulphite caramel, E150b	1 033101y 1101 as good toterated as E130?
0		cellulose ethyl ether, ethyl cellulose, ethylcellulose, E462	
0		cellulose methyl ether, methyl cellulose, methylcellulose,	May produce laxative effects in large quantities.
		methylated cellulose, E461	
0		cellulose, E460	
0		charcoal, E153	
0		chlorophyll, E140	
1		citric acid, E330	To be debated. Made from mold, not from lemons.
2	L	cochineal red A, E124	
2	L	cochineal, E120	
0		copper complexes of chlorophylls and chlorophyllins, E141	
		topper completed of omorophysic and omorophysisis, LITI	
0		aream of tarter E226	<u> </u>
0		cream of tartar, E336	

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2	<u> </u>	_	crimson lake, E120	
1	יו	- -	crystal gum, gum karaya, karaya gum, E416	
0	Щ	\perp	curcumin, E100	
0			delta-tocopherol, vitamin E, E309	
1	·	?	dicalcium phosphate, dicalcium hydrogen orthophosphate,	
	Щ	\perp	E340	
?			dimethicone, dimethylpolysiloxane, polydimethylsiloxane,	
Ш	Щ	\perp	PDMS, E900	
?			dimethyl dicarbonate, DMDC, methoxycarbonyl methyl	
Ш	Ш	\perp	carbonate, dimethyl pyrocarbonate, Velcorin, E242	
1	'	?	dipotassium phosphate, dipotassium hydrogen	
	Ш	\perp	orthophosphate, E340	
0			D-isoascorbate, sodium erythorbate, erythorbic acid	
			sodium salt, E316, erythorbic acid sodium salt, sodium	
	Ш	\perp	erythorbate, D-isoascorbate, E316	
0	Ш	\perp	E100, curcumin	
1	<u> </u>	- -	E101a, riboflavin-5'-phosphate	
3	<u></u>		E102, tartrazine	
3	l		E104, quinoline yellow	
3	<u> </u>	- -	E110, sunset yellow FCF	
0			E1103, invertase, saccharase, glucosucrase, beta-h-	
	Щ	\perp	fructosidase, beta-fructosidase, invertin, sucrase	
?		\perp	E1105, lysozymes	
2	<u> </u>	- -	E120, carmine, cochineal	
?	Ш	\perp	E1200, polydextrose	May produce laxative effects in large quantities.
1	<u></u>	?	E1201, polyvinylpyrrolidone, PVP, polyvidone, povidone	
1	<u></u>	?	E1202, polyvinylpolypyrrolidone	
2	<u> </u>	- -	E122, azorubine, carmoisine	
2	'		E123, amaranth	This refers to the azo dye amaranth, an artificial food coloring. Not to be confuse with the pseudo grain amaranth from the plant genus Amaranthus.
2			E124, ponceau 4R, cochineal red A	
3	Hi	_		
2	Hi	_	E129, Allura Red, Food Red 17, C.I. 16035, FD&C Red 40, 2-	
			Naphthalenesulfonic acid	
2	H		E131, Patent blue V	
2	H	_	E132, indigo carmine, indigotine	
?	1	?	E133, Brilliant Blue FCF, FD&C Blue No.1, Acid Blue 9, D&C	
			Blue No. 4, Alzen Food Blue No. 1, Atracid Blue FG,	
			Erioglaucine, Eriosky blue, Patent Blue AR, Xylene Blue	
			VSG, C.I. 42090	
0	\sqcap	\top	E140, chlorophyll	
0	\sqcap	\top	E141, copper complexes of chlorophylls and chlorophyllins	
?	'	?	E142, Green S, Food Green S, FD&C Green 4, Acid green 50,	
			Lissamine Green B, Wool Green S, C.I. 44090	
0	\sqcap	\dagger	E150, plain caramel, caustic caramel, caramel coloring	
0	\vdash	\dagger	E150b, sulphite-caramel	Possibly not as good tolerated as E150?
0		\dagger	E150c, ammonia caramel	Possibly not as good tolerated as E150?
0	\sqcap	\top	E150d, sulphite ammonia caramel	Possibly not as good tolerated as E150?
3	Ti	1	E151, Brilliant Black BN, Brilliant Black PN, Brilliant Black	
			A, Black PN, Food Black 1, Naphthol Black, C.I. Food Black 1,	
			C.I. 28440	
0	\sqcap	\dagger	E153, charcoal	
2	Ti	-	E154, Brown FK, Kipper Brown, Chocolate Brown FK, C.I.	
			Food Brown 1	
2	١	_	E155, Brown HT, Chocolate Brown HT, Food Brown 3, C.I.	
			20285	
0	Hi	_	E160a, carotene, beta-carotene, β-carotene	
2		-	E160b, bixin, norbixin, annatto	
?	+	\dagger	E160d, lycopene	
	\vdash	+		
?			Elbue, apocarotenal . C.I. Food Orange 6	
?	\vdash	+	E160e, apocarotenal , C.I. Food Orange 6 E160f, Food orange 7	

ıdпı,	vv vv v	vv . i i i	Stail	ninintoleranz.cn Sighi tood list, pa	ge 12 Updated: 01.04.2016
7	?			E161g, canthaxanthin, cantaxanthin, cantaxanthine,	
				canthaxanthine, Lucantin red (BASF), Lucantin Red CWD	
				(BASF), Carophyll Red (DSM), Roxanthin Red 10 (Adisseo), L-	
\vdash	_	\sqcup	_	Orange 7g, C.I. Food Orange 8	
	0			E162, betanin, Beetroot Red	
	0			E163, anthocyanins, anthocyans	
	0	\Box	\top	E170, calcium carbonate, limestone, calcite, aragonite,	
				chalk	
		++	_		
	0		?	E171, titanium dioxide, titanium(IV) oxide, titania, oxide of	
				titanium, titanium white, Pigment White 6 (PW6), C.I. 77891	
	0	\Box	\top	E172, iron oxides	
	?	+	+	E173, aluminium, aluminum	
	_	++	+		
\vdash	?	\sqcup	4	E174, silver	
	0			E175, gold	
2	2		L	E180, Lithol Rubine BK, Pigment Rubine, Carmine 6B,	
				Brilliant Carmine 6B, Permanent Rubin L6B, Litholrubine,	
				Latolrubine, C.I. Pigment Red 57, C.I. Pigment Red 57:1, D&C	
		\sqcup	\perp	Red No. 7, or C.I. 15850:1	
	2	\square	L	E200, sorbic acid	
	2		L	E202, potassium sorbate	
	2	\forall	L	E203, calcium sorbate	
	2	$\vdash\vdash$	L	E210, benzoic acid	
		$\vdash \vdash$	_	·	
	2	Ш	L	E210-213, benzoic acid and salts = benzoates	
	2		L	E211, sodium benzoate	
2	2	\Box	L	E212, potassium benzoate	
	2	+	L	E213, calcium benzoate	
		+	_	1, 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	
	2	\sqcup	L	E214, E215, ethylparaben, ethyl para-hydroxybenzoate	
	2		L	E218, E219, methylparaben, methyl paraben	
2	2		L	E220 - E228, sulfites, sulphites	
	2	\Box	L	E220, sulfur dioxide, sulphur dioxide	
_	2	+	L	E221, sodium sulfite, sodium sulphite	
		+	_	-	
	2	\sqcup	L	E222, sodium hydrogen sulphite, sodium bisulphite	
2	2		L	E223, sodium metabisulfite	
2	2	П	L	E224, potassium metabisulfite	
	2	\Box	L	E225, potassium sulfite	
	2	+	L	E226, calcium sulfite	
		++	_	·	
	2	\sqcup	L	E227, calcium bisulfite	
2	2		L	E228, potassium hydrogen sulfite	
	2		L	E231, orthophenyl phenol	
	2	\Box	\top	E232, sodium orthophenyl phenol	
_	?	+	+	E234, nisin	
	_	$\vdash\vdash$	+	·	
_	?	\sqcup	\perp	E235, natamycin, pimaricin, natacyn	
	2		니	E239, hexamethylenetetramine, hexamine, methenamine,	
				urotropine, 1,3,5,7- tetraazaadamantane, formin, aminoform	
				<u> </u>	
	?	\forall	+	E242, dimethyl dicarbonate, DMDC, methoxycarbonyl	
'	.				
\vdash	\perp	\sqcup	\perp	methyl carbonate, dimethyl pyrocarbonate, velcorin	
	?			E249, potassium nitrite	
(0		T	E250, sodium nitrite	
1	?	\forall	\top	E251, sodium nitrate	
	?	$\vdash\vdash$	+	·	
\vdash	_	$\vdash \vdash$	+	E252, potassium nitrate, saltpetre, nitrate of potash	
	0	Ш		E260, acetic acid	
(0			E261, potassium acetate	
(0	\sqcap	\top	E262, sodium acetate, sodium ethanoate	
	0	\forall	\dashv	E263, calcium acetate, acetate of lime, calcium ethanoate,	
		$\vdash \vdash$	+	calcium diacetate	
	0	Ш		E270, lactic acid, milk acid, 2-hydroxypropanoic acid	
	?	T	T	E280, propionic acid, propanoic acid	
	?	\sqcap	\top	E281, sodium propanoate, sodium propionate	
	?	\forall	+	E282, calcium propanoate, calcium propionate	
	_	$\vdash\vdash$	+		
	?	\sqcup	\perp	E283, potassium propanoate, potassium propionate	
	?	\Box		E284, boric acid	
	?			E285, borax, sodium borate, sodium tetraborate, disodium	
				tetraborate	
				man	

0			E290, carbon dioxide, carbonic acid gas, carbonic anhydride, carbonic oxide, carbon oxide, carbon(IV) oxide	Causes only short-time symptoms and only in big quantities (e.g. carbonated sof drinks and soda water).
0	$\dashv \dashv$		E296, malic acid, hydroxybutanedioic acid	
?			E297, fumaric acid, trans-butenedioic acid, allomaleic acid,	
			boletic acid, donitic acid, lichenic acid	
0		В	E300, ascorbic acid, vitamin C	Lowers histamine levels, but is also a weak DAO inhibitor. Good for those with MCAS, bad for those with HIT?
0	$\perp \!\!\! \perp$	_	E301, sodium ascorbate, sodascorbate	
0	$\perp \!\!\! \perp$		E302, calcium ascorbate, calcium diascorbate	
0	$\perp \!\!\! \perp$		E304, ascorbyl palmitate	
0	\perp		E306, tocopherol, vitamin E	
0	\perp	_	E307, alpha-tocopherol, α-tocopherol, vitamin E	
0	\perp	_	E308, gamma-tocopherol, γ-tocopherol, vitamin E	
0	\dashv		E309, delta-tocopherol, vitamin E	
2		니	E310, propyl gallate, propyl 3,4,5-trihydroxybenzoate, gallic	
	\dashv		acid propyl ester, n-propyl gallate	
2	\rightarrow	L .	E311, octyl gallate	
2	+	L	E312, dodecyl gallate, lauryl gallate	
0			E315, erythorbic acid, isoascorbic acid, D-araboascorbic acid	
0			E316, sodium erythorbate, D-isoascorbate, erythorbic acid sodium salt	
?	$\dashv \dashv$	+	E319, tert-Butylhydroquinone, TBHQ	
2	$\dashv \dashv$	L	E320, butylated hydroxyanisole	
2	$\dashv \dashv$	L	E321, butylated hydroxytoluene, BHT,	
			dibutylhydroxytoluene	
0			E322, lecithins, lecithin	Mostly soya lecithin
0			E325, sodium lactate	
0			E326, potassium lactate	
0			E327, calcium lactate	
1			E330, citric acid	To be debated. Made from mold, not from lemons.
1		?	E331, trisodium citrate, sodium citrate, citric acid trisodium salt	Often well tolerated.
1	$\dashv \dashv$?	E332, potassium citrate, tripotassium citrate	Often well tolerated.
1		?	E333, calcium citrate, tricalcium dicitrate	Often well tolerated.
0			E334, tartaric acid, 2,3-dihydroxybutanedioic acid, 2,3-dihydroxysuccinic acid, threaric acid, racemic acid, uvic acid, paratartaric acid	
0			E335, sodium tartrate, sal tartar, disodium tartrate, bisodium tartrate, monosodium tartrate, sodium bitartrate	See cream of tartar
0			E336, cream of tartar, potassium bitartrate	
1		?	E340, calcium phosphates: monocalcium phosphate	
			(KH2PO4, calcium dihydrogen phosphate), dicalcium	
			phosphate (K2HPO4, dicalcium hydrogen orthophosphate,	
			calcium phosphate dibasic), tricalcium phosphate (K3PO4)	
1		?	E340, potassium phosphates: monopotassium phosphate	
			(KH2PO4, potassium dihydrogen phosphate), dipotassium	
			phosphate (K2HPO4, dipotassium hydrogen	
			orthophosphate, potassium phosphate dibasic),	
	\perp		tripotassium phosphate (K3PO4)	
1	\rightarrow	?	E380, ammonium citrate, triammonium citrate	
2	\rightarrow	L	E400, alginic acid, algin, alginate	
2	\rightarrow	L	E401, sodium alginate	
2	\rightarrow	L	E402, potassium alginate	
2	\rightarrow	L	E403, ammonium alginate	
2	\rightarrow	L	E404, calcium alginate	
2	\dashv	L	E405, propylene glycolic alginate	
1	\dashv	?	E406, agar, agar-agar	
2	\rightarrow	L L	E407, E407a, carrageenan, processed seaweed E410, locust bean gum, LBG, carobin, carob bean gum	Thickening agent and gelling agent, extracted from the seeds of the carob tree.
1	\rightarrow	L	E412, guar gum, guaran	
2		L	E413, tragacanth	

						•
	1		L		E414, gum arabic, acacia gum, chaar gund, char goond,	
		\perp		Ш	meska	
Ш	0	\perp		-	E415, xanthan gum	
	1		L		E416, gum karaya, karaya gum, crystal gum	
	0				E421, mannitol, mannite, manna sugar	
П	0				E422, glycerol, glycerine, glycerin, propanetriol, propane-	
					1,2,3-triol, 1,2,3-trihydroxypropane	
	0	\top	+	=	E440, pectin	
Н		?	?	\rightarrow	E441, gelatin	Controversial, may also be tolerated.
	2	+	?	-	E452, polyphosphates: sodium-, potassium-, calcium- and	
	_		'			
_		+	\vdash	=	sodium-calcium-polyphosphate	
	0	\perp	╄	\rightarrow	E460, cellulose	
	0				E461, methyl cellulose, methylcellulose, cellulose methyl	May produce laxative effects in large quantities.
					ether, methylated cellulose	
	0				E462, ethyl cellulose, ethylcellulose, cellulose ethyl ether,	
					ethylated cellulose	
П	0	\top	\top	\rightarrow	E463, hydroxypropylcellulose	
	0	\top	\top	-	E464, hypromellose, hydroxypropyl methylcellulose,	
					hydroxypropyl methyl cellulose, HPMC	
H	0	+	+	-	E465, ethyl methyl cellulose, methyl ethyl cellulose, ethyl	
	١					
\vdash		+	\vdash	\rightarrow	methyl ether of cellulose	
	?				E466, carboxymethyl cellulose, CMC,	
\square		\perp	_	-	carboxymethylcellulose, carmellose, cellulose gum	
	0				E500i, sodium carbonate, washing soda, soda ash, soda	
					crystals, Na2CO3	
	0			\Box	E500ii, sodium hydrogen carbonate, sodium bicarbonate,	
					baking soda, bicarbonate of soda, NaHCO3	
	0	\top	\top	-	E501, potassium carbonate, carbonate of potash,	
					dipotassium carbonate, sub-carbonate of potash, Pearl ash,	
					potash, salt of tartar, salt of wormwood	
\vdash	0	+	+	_	E503, ammonium carbonate, baker's ammonia, salt of	
	١					
\vdash		_	\vdash	\rightarrow	hartshorn	
	0	+	\vdash	\rightarrow	E504, magnesium carbonate	
	0	\perp	╄	-	E507, hydrochloric acid	
	0		\perp	-	E579, iron(II) gluconate, ferrous gluconate	
	2		L		E620, glutamic acid, (glutamate, flavour enhancer)	
		\perp		Ш		
	2		L		E620-625, glutamates, glutamic acid and its salts	
	2		L		E621, monosodium glutamate, glutamic acid monosodium	
					salt	
	2		L		E622, potassium glutamate, glutamic acid potassium salt	
	2	\top	L	\Box	E623, calcium diglutamate	
	2	+	L	-	E624, monoammonium glutamate, glutamic acid	
			_		ammonium salt	
\vdash	2	+	L	\vdash	E625, magnesium diglutamate, glutamic acid magnesium	
			-			
\vdash	_	+	+	\rightarrow	salt	
	0				E626, guanosine monophosphate, 5'-guanidylic acid,	
\vdash		\perp	+	\rightarrow	guanylic acid	
	0	\perp	_	\rightarrow	E650, zinc acetate, dicarbomethoxyzinc, zinc diacetate	
	?				E900, polydimethylsiloxane, PDMS, dimethicone,	
					dimethylpolysiloxane	
	0	\top			E901, beeswax, bees wax, cera alba, cera flava	
	0	\top		\rightarrow	E955, sucralose	
	0	+	\top	\rightarrow	E960, steviol glycosides	
	3	+	L	\rightarrow	erythrosine, E127	
_	0	+	┿	\forall	ethyl cellulose, ethylcellulose, ethylated cellulose, cellulose	
					ethyl ether, E462	
	_	+	+	\rightarrow	•	
	0	+	+-		ethyl methyl cellulose, E465	
	2	+	L	=	ethylparaben, ethyl para-hydroxybenzoate, E214, E215	
	0	4	1		ferrous gluconate, iron(II) gluconate, E579	
	1	\perp	L	-	fizzy drinks	Only short time effects. Symptoms quickly disappear
	1	\perp	L	\rightarrow	flavin mononucleotide, E101a	
	2		L		flavour enhancers, glutamates, E620-625	
	1				flavourings, flavorings	This can be anything. Mostly not well tolerated.
	?	\top		\Box	Food orange 7, E160f	
	_					

			D 177 11 10 D104	
3		L	Food Yellow 13, E104	
?	'		fumaric acid, trans-butenedioic acid, E297	
0			gamma-tocopherol, vitamin E, E308	
1	-	?	gelatin, E441	Controversial, may also be tolerated.
		_		
2		L	glutamates, glutamic acid and its salts, E620-625	
2		L	glutamic acid magnesium salt, E625	
2		L	glutamic acid monosodium salt, E621	
2	1	L	glutamic acid, (glutamate, flavour enhancer), E620	
1		?	gluten	Well tolerated in many cases. Flatulence in some cases.
0	_	+	glycerol, glycerine, glycerin, E422	<u>, </u>
0	-	+		
	-	-	gold, E175	
?		?	Green S, E142, Food Green S, FD&C Green 4, Acid green 50,	
		\perp	Lissamine Green B, Wool Green S, C.I. 44090	
0			guanosine monophosphate, 5'-guanidylic acid, guanylic	
			acid, E626	
1		L	guar gum, guaran, E412	
1		L	gum arabic, acacia gum, E414	
1		L	gum karaya, karaya gum, crystal gum, E416	
0		+-	hemicalcium ascorbate	
	-	+		
0		-	hemicalcium ascorbate, E302	
2		L	hexamethylenetetramine, hexamine, methenamine,	
			urotropine, 1,3,5,7- tetraazaadamantane, formin, aminoform	
0		\top	hydrochloric acid, E507	
0	-	+	hydroxypropylcellulose, E463	
0	-	+	hypromellose, hydroxypropyl methylcellulose,	
	-	٠.	hydroxypropyl methyl cellulose, HPMC, E464	
2	_	L	indigo carmine, indigotine, E132	
0			invertase, E1103	
0			iron oxides, E172	
0			iron(II) gluconate, ferrous gluconate, E579	
1		L	karaya gum, gum karaya, crystal gum, E416	
0		+	lactic acid, milk acid, 2-hydroxypropanoic acid, E270	
0	-	+		Mostly core legishin
	_	٠.	lecithins, lecithin, E322	Mostly soya lecithin
2		L	Lithol Rubine BK, E180	
2		L		Thickening agent and gelling agent, extracted from the seeds of the carob tree.
2		_	Lithol Rubine BK, E180 locust bean gum, LBG, E410	
?		_	Lithol Rubine BK, E180 locust bean gum, LBG, E410 lutein, luteine, E161b	
?		_	Lithol Rubine BK, E180 locust bean gum, LBG, E410 lutein, luteine, E161b lycopene, E160d	
?		_	Lithol Rubine BK, E180 locust bean gum, LBG, E410 lutein, luteine, E161b	
?		_	Lithol Rubine BK, E180 locust bean gum, LBG, E410 lutein, luteine, E161b lycopene, E160d	
?		_	Lithol Rubine BK, E180 locust bean gum, LBG, E410 lutein, luteine, E161b lycopene, E160d lysozymes, E1105 magnesium carbonate, E504	
? ? ? ? 0		L	Lithol Rubine BK, E180 locust bean gum, LBG, E410 lutein, luteine, E161b lycopene, E160d lysozymes, E1105 magnesium carbonate, E504 magnesium diglutamate, magnesium glutamate, E625	
? ? ? 0 2		L	Lithol Rubine BK, E180 locust bean gum, LBG, E410 lutein, luteine, E161b lycopene, E160d lysozymes, E1105 magnesium carbonate, E504 magnesium diglutamate, magnesium glutamate, E625 malic acid, hydroxybutanedioic acid, E296	
? ?? ? 0 2 0		L	Lithol Rubine BK, E180 locust bean gum, LBG, E410 lutein, luteine, E161b lycopene, E160d lysozymes, E1105 magnesium carbonate, E504 magnesium diglutamate, magnesium glutamate, E625 malic acid, hydroxybutanedioic acid, E296 mannitol, mannite, E421	Thickening agent and gelling agent, extracted from the seeds of the carob tree.
? ? ? 0 2		L	Lithol Rubine BK, E180 locust bean gum, LBG, E410 lutein, luteine, E161b lycopene, E160d lysozymes, E1105 magnesium carbonate, E504 magnesium diglutamate, magnesium glutamate, E625 malic acid, hydroxybutanedioic acid, E296 mannitol, mannite, E421 methyl cellulose, methylcellulose, methylated cellulose,	
? ?? 0 0 2 0		L	Lithol Rubine BK, E180 locust bean gum, LBG, E410 lutein, luteine, E161b lycopene, E160d lysozymes, E1105 magnesium carbonate, E504 magnesium diglutamate, magnesium glutamate, E625 malic acid, hydroxybutanedioic acid, E296 mannitol, mannite, E421 methyl cellulose, methylcellulose, methylated cellulose, cellulose methyl ether, E461	Thickening agent and gelling agent, extracted from the seeds of the carob tree.
??????????????????????????????????????		L	Lithol Rubine BK, E180 locust bean gum, LBG, E410 lutein, luteine, E161b lycopene, E160d lysozymes, E1105 magnesium carbonate, E504 magnesium diglutamate, magnesium glutamate, E625 malic acid, hydroxybutanedioic acid, E296 mannitol, mannite, E421 methyl cellulose, methylcellulose, methylated cellulose, cellulose methyl ether, E461 methyl ethyl cellulose, ethyl methyl cellulose, E465	Thickening agent and gelling agent, extracted from the seeds of the carob tree.
? ?? 0 0 0 0 0		L	Lithol Rubine BK, E180 locust bean gum, LBG, E410 lutein, luteine, E161b lycopene, E160d lysozymes, E1105 magnesium carbonate, E504 magnesium diglutamate, magnesium glutamate, E625 malic acid, hydroxybutanedioic acid, E296 mannitol, mannite, E421 methyl cellulose, methylcellulose, methylated cellulose, cellulose methyl ether, E461 methyl ethyl cellulose, ethyl methyl cellulose, E465 methylparaben, methyl paraben, E218, E219	Thickening agent and gelling agent, extracted from the seeds of the carob tree.
??????????????????????????????????????		L	Lithol Rubine BK, E180 locust bean gum, LBG, E410 lutein, luteine, E161b lycopene, E160d lysozymes, E1105 magnesium carbonate, E504 magnesium diglutamate, magnesium glutamate, E625 malic acid, hydroxybutanedioic acid, E296 mannitol, mannite, E421 methyl cellulose, methylcellulose, methylated cellulose, cellulose methyl ether, E461 methyl ethyl cellulose, ethyl methyl cellulose, E465	Thickening agent and gelling agent, extracted from the seeds of the carob tree.
? ?? 0 0 0 0 0		L	Lithol Rubine BK, E180 locust bean gum, LBG, E410 lutein, luteine, E161b lycopene, E160d lysozymes, E1105 magnesium carbonate, E504 magnesium diglutamate, magnesium glutamate, E625 malic acid, hydroxybutanedioic acid, E296 mannitol, mannite, E421 methyl cellulose, methylcellulose, methylated cellulose, cellulose methyl ether, E461 methyl ethyl cellulose, ethyl methyl cellulose, E465 methylparaben, methyl paraben, E218, E219	Thickening agent and gelling agent, extracted from the seeds of the carob tree.
? ?? 0 0 0 0 0		L	Lithol Rubine BK, E180 locust bean gum, LBG, E410 lutein, luteine, E161b lycopene, E160d lysozymes, E1105 magnesium carbonate, E504 magnesium diglutamate, magnesium glutamate, E625 malic acid, hydroxybutanedioic acid, E296 mannitol, mannite, E421 methyl cellulose, methylcellulose, methylated cellulose, cellulose methyl ether, E461 methyl ethyl cellulose, ethyl methyl cellulose, E465 methylparaben, methyl paraben, E218, E219 monoammonium glutamate, ammonium glutamate, glutamic acid ammonium salt, E624	Thickening agent and gelling agent, extracted from the seeds of the carob tree.
??????????????????????????????????????		L L L	Lithol Rubine BK, E180 locust bean gum, LBG, E410 lutein, luteine, E161b lycopene, E160d lysozymes, E1105 magnesium carbonate, E504 magnesium diglutamate, magnesium glutamate, E625 malic acid, hydroxybutanedioic acid, E296 mannitol, mannite, E421 methyl cellulose, methylcellulose, methylated cellulose, cellulose methyl ether, E461 methyl ethyl cellulose, ethyl methyl cellulose, E465 methylparaben, methyl paraben, E218, E219 monoammonium glutamate, ammonium glutamate, glutamic acid ammonium salt, E624 monocalcium phosphate, E340	Thickening agent and gelling agent, extracted from the seeds of the carob tree.
2 ?? ?? 0 0 0 0		L	Lithol Rubine BK, E180 locust bean gum, LBG, E410 lutein, luteine, E161b lycopene, E160d lysozymes, E1105 magnesium carbonate, E504 magnesium diglutamate, magnesium glutamate, E625 malic acid, hydroxybutanedioic acid, E296 mannitol, mannite, E421 methyl cellulose, methylcellulose, methylated cellulose, cellulose methyl ether, E461 methyl ethyl cellulose, ethyl methyl cellulose, E465 methylparaben, methyl paraben, E218, E219 monoammonium glutamate, ammonium glutamate, glutamic acid ammonium salt, E624 monocalcium phosphate, E340 monopotassium phosphate, E340	Thickening agent and gelling agent, extracted from the seeds of the carob tree.
2 ?? ?? 0 0 0 0 0 2 2 2 2 1		L L L	Lithol Rubine BK, E180 locust bean gum, LBG, E410 lutein, luteine, E161b lycopene, E160d lysozymes, E1105 magnesium carbonate, E504 magnesium diglutamate, magnesium glutamate, E625 malic acid, hydroxybutanedioic acid, E296 mannitol, mannite, E421 methyl cellulose, methylcellulose, methylated cellulose, cellulose methyl ether, E461 methyl ethyl cellulose, ethyl methyl cellulose, E465 methylparaben, methyl paraben, E218, E219 monoammonium glutamate, ammonium glutamate, glutamic acid ammonium salt, E624 monocalcium phosphate, E340 monosodium ascorbate	Thickening agent and gelling agent, extracted from the seeds of the carob tree.
2 ?? ?? 0 0 0 0 0 2 2 2 1 1		L L L	Lithol Rubine BK, E180 locust bean gum, LBG, E410 lutein, luteine, E161b lycopene, E160d lysozymes, E1105 magnesium carbonate, E504 magnesium diglutamate, magnesium glutamate, E625 malic acid, hydroxybutanedioic acid, E296 mannitol, mannite, E421 methyl cellulose, methylcellulose, methylated cellulose, cellulose methyl ether, E461 methyl ethyl cellulose, ethyl methyl cellulose, E465 methylparaben, methyl paraben, E218, E219 monoammonium glutamate, ammonium glutamate, glutamic acid ammonium salt, E624 monocalcium phosphate, E340 monosodium ascorbate monosodium ascorbate, E301	Thickening agent and gelling agent, extracted from the seeds of the carob tree.
2 ?? ?? 0 0 0 0 0 2 2 2 2 1		L L L	Lithol Rubine BK, E180 locust bean gum, LBG, E410 lutein, luteine, E161b lycopene, E160d lysozymes, E1105 magnesium carbonate, E504 magnesium diglutamate, magnesium glutamate, E625 malic acid, hydroxybutanedioic acid, E296 mannitol, mannite, E421 methyl cellulose, methylcellulose, methylated cellulose, cellulose methyl ether, E461 methyl ethyl cellulose, ethyl methyl cellulose, E465 methylparaben, methyl paraben, E218, E219 monoammonium glutamate, ammonium glutamate, glutamic acid ammonium salt, E624 monocalcium phosphate, E340 monosodium ascorbate monosodium ascorbate, sodium ascorbate, sodascorbate,	Thickening agent and gelling agent, extracted from the seeds of the carob tree.
2 ?? ?? 0 0 0 0 0 2 2 2 1 1 0 0 0		L L 2	Lithol Rubine BK, E180 locust bean gum, LBG, E410 lutein, luteine, E161b lycopene, E160d lysozymes, E1105 magnesium carbonate, E504 magnesium diglutamate, magnesium glutamate, E625 malic acid, hydroxybutanedioic acid, E296 mannitol, mannite, E421 methyl cellulose, methylcellulose, methylated cellulose, cellulose methyl ether, E461 methyl ethyl cellulose, ethyl methyl cellulose, E465 methylparaben, methyl paraben, E218, E219 monoammonium glutamate, ammonium glutamate, glutamic acid ammonium salt, E624 monocalcium phosphate, E340 monopotassium phosphate, E340 monosodium ascorbate monosodium ascorbate, E301 monosodium ascorbate, sodium ascorbate, sodascorbate, E301	Thickening agent and gelling agent, extracted from the seeds of the carob tree.
2 ?? ?? 0 0 0 0 0 2 2 2 1 1		L L L	Lithol Rubine BK, E180 locust bean gum, LBG, E410 lutein, luteine, E161b lycopene, E160d lysozymes, E1105 magnesium carbonate, E504 magnesium diglutamate, magnesium glutamate, E625 malic acid, hydroxybutanedioic acid, E296 mannitol, mannite, E421 methyl cellulose, methylcellulose, methylated cellulose, cellulose methyl ether, E461 methyl ethyl cellulose, ethyl methyl cellulose, E465 methylparaben, methyl paraben, E218, E219 monoammonium glutamate, ammonium glutamate, glutamic acid ammonium salt, E624 monocalcium phosphate, E340 monosodium ascorbate monosodium ascorbate, sodium ascorbate, sodascorbate,	Thickening agent and gelling agent, extracted from the seeds of the carob tree.
2 ?? ?? 0 0 0 0 0 2 2 2 1 1 0 0 0		L L 2	Lithol Rubine BK, E180 locust bean gum, LBG, E410 lutein, luteine, E161b lycopene, E160d lysozymes, E1105 magnesium carbonate, E504 magnesium diglutamate, magnesium glutamate, E625 malic acid, hydroxybutanedioic acid, E296 mannitol, mannite, E421 methyl cellulose, methylcellulose, methylated cellulose, cellulose methyl ether, E461 methyl ethyl cellulose, ethyl methyl cellulose, E465 methylparaben, methyl paraben, E218, E219 monoammonium glutamate, ammonium glutamate, glutamic acid ammonium salt, E624 monocalcium phosphate, E340 monopotassium phosphate, E340 monosodium ascorbate monosodium ascorbate, E301 monosodium ascorbate, sodium ascorbate, sodascorbate, E301	Thickening agent and gelling agent, extracted from the seeds of the carob tree.
2 ?? ?? 0 0 0 0 0 2 2 1 1 0 0 0		L L 2	Lithol Rubine BK, E180 locust bean gum, LBG, E410 lutein, luteine, E161b lycopene, E160d lysozymes, E1105 magnesium carbonate, E504 magnesium diglutamate, magnesium glutamate, E625 malic acid, hydroxybutanedioic acid, E296 mannitol, mannite, E421 methyl cellulose, methylcellulose, methylated cellulose, cellulose methyl ether, E461 methyl ethyl cellulose, ethyl methyl cellulose, E465 methylparaben, methyl paraben, E218, E219 monoammonium glutamate, ammonium glutamate, glutamic acid ammonium salt, E624 monocalcium phosphate, E340 monosodium ascorbate monosodium ascorbate, E301 monosodium ascorbate, sodium ascorbate, sodascorbate, E301 monosodium glutamate, E621 natamycine, natacyn, pimaricin, E235	Thickening agent and gelling agent, extracted from the seeds of the carob tree.
2 ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ?		L L L ?	Lithol Rubine BK, E180 locust bean gum, LBG, E410 lutein, luteine, E161b lycopene, E160d lysozymes, E1105 magnesium carbonate, E504 magnesium diglutamate, magnesium glutamate, E625 malic acid, hydroxybutanedioic acid, E296 mannitol, mannite, E421 methyl cellulose, methylcellulose, methylated cellulose, cellulose methyl ether, E461 methyl ethyl cellulose, ethyl methyl cellulose, E465 methylparaben, methyl paraben, E218, E219 monoammonium glutamate, ammonium glutamate, glutamic acid ammonium salt, E624 monocalcium phosphate, E340 monosodium ascorbate monosodium ascorbate, E301 monosodium ascorbate, sodium ascorbate, sodascorbate, E301 monosodium glutamate, E621 natamycine, natacyn, pimaricin, E235 nisin, E234	Thickening agent and gelling agent, extracted from the seeds of the carob tree.
2 ? ? ? ? 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		L L L ?	Lithol Rubine BK, E180 locust bean gum, LBG, E410 lutein, luteine, E161b lycopene, E160d lysozymes, E1105 magnesium carbonate, E504 magnesium diglutamate, magnesium glutamate, E625 malic acid, hydroxybutanedioic acid, E296 mannitol, mannite, E421 methyl cellulose, methylcellulose, methylated cellulose, cellulose methyl ether, E461 methyl ethyl cellulose, ethyl methyl cellulose, E465 methylparaben, methyl paraben, E218, E219 monoammonium glutamate, ammonium glutamate, glutamic acid ammonium salt, E624 monocalcium phosphate, E340 monosodium ascorbate monosodium ascorbate, E301 monosodium ascorbate, sodium ascorbate, sodascorbate, E301 monosodium glutamate, E621 natamycine, natacyn, pimaricin, E235 nisin, E234 norbixin, bixin, annatto, E160b	Thickening agent and gelling agent, extracted from the seeds of the carob tree.
2 ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? 2 2 2		L	Lithol Rubine BK, E180 locust bean gum, LBG, E410 lutein, luteine, E161b lycopene, E160d lysozymes, E1105 magnesium carbonate, E504 magnesium diglutamate, magnesium glutamate, E625 malic acid, hydroxybutanedioic acid, E296 mannitol, mannite, E421 methyl cellulose, methylcellulose, methylated cellulose, cellulose methyl ether, E461 methyl ethyl cellulose, ethyl methyl cellulose, E465 methylparaben, methyl paraben, E218, E219 monoammonium glutamate, ammonium glutamate, glutamic acid ammonium salt, E624 monocalcium phosphate, E340 monosodium ascorbate monosodium ascorbate, E301 monosodium ascorbate, sodium ascorbate, sodascorbate, E301 monosodium glutamate, E621 natamycine, natacyn, pimaricin, E235 nisin, E234 norbixin, bixin, annatto, E160b octyl gallate, E311	Thickening agent and gelling agent, extracted from the seeds of the carob tree.
2 ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ?		L	Lithol Rubine BK, E180 locust bean gum, LBG, E410 lutein, luteine, E161b lycopene, E160d lysozymes, E1105 magnesium carbonate, E504 magnesium diglutamate, magnesium glutamate, E625 malic acid, hydroxybutanedioic acid, E296 mannitol, mannite, E421 methyl cellulose, methylcellulose, methylated cellulose, cellulose methyl ether, E461 methyl ethyl cellulose, ethyl methyl cellulose, E465 methylparaben, methyl paraben, E218, E219 monoammonium glutamate, ammonium glutamate, glutamic acid ammonium salt, E624 monocalcium phosphate, E340 monosodium ascorbate monosodium ascorbate, E301 monosodium ascorbate, sodium ascorbate, sodascorbate, E301 monosodium glutamate, E621 natamycine, natacyn, pimaricin, E235 nisin, E234 norbixin, bixin, annatto, E160b octyl gallate, E311 orange yellow S, E110	Thickening agent and gelling agent, extracted from the seeds of the carob tree.
2 ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ?		L	Lithol Rubine BK, E180 locust bean gum, LBG, E410 lutein, luteine, E161b lycopene, E160d lysozymes, E1105 magnesium carbonate, E504 magnesium diglutamate, magnesium glutamate, E625 malic acid, hydroxybutanedioic acid, E296 mannitol, mannite, E421 methyl cellulose, methylcellulose, methylated cellulose, cellulose methyl ether, E461 methyl ethyl cellulose, ethyl methyl cellulose, E465 methylparaben, methyl paraben, E218, E219 monoammonium glutamate, ammonium glutamate, glutamic acid ammonium salt, E624 monocalcium phosphate, E340 monosodium ascorbate monosodium ascorbate, E301 monosodium ascorbate, sodium ascorbate, sodascorbate, E301 monosodium glutamate, E621 natamycine, natacyn, pimaricin, E235 nisin, E234 norbixin, bixin, annatto, E160b octyl gallate, E311 orange yellow S, E110 orthophenyl phenol, E231	Thickening agent and gelling agent, extracted from the seeds of the carob tree. May produce laxative effects in large quantities.
2 ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ?		L	Lithol Rubine BK, E180 locust bean gum, LBG, E410 lutein, luteine, E161b lycopene, E160d lysozymes, E1105 magnesium carbonate, E504 magnesium diglutamate, magnesium glutamate, E625 malic acid, hydroxybutanedioic acid, E296 mannitol, mannite, E421 methyl cellulose, methylcellulose, methylated cellulose, cellulose methyl ether, E461 methyl ethyl cellulose, ethyl methyl cellulose, E465 methylparaben, methyl paraben, E218, E219 monoammonium glutamate, ammonium glutamate, glutamic acid ammonium salt, E624 monocalcium phosphate, E340 monosodium ascorbate monosodium ascorbate, E301 monosodium ascorbate, sodium ascorbate, sodascorbate, E301 monosodium glutamate, E621 natamycine, natacyn, pimaricin, E235 nisin, E234 norbixin, bixin, annatto, E160b octyl gallate, E311 orange yellow S, E110 orthophenyl phenol, E231 parabens = PHB-ester, E214-219, para-hyrdoxy-benzoic acid	Thickening agent and gelling agent, extracted from the seeds of the carob tree. May produce laxative effects in large quantities.
2 ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ?		L	Lithol Rubine BK, E180 locust bean gum, LBG, E410 lutein, luteine, E161b lycopene, E160d lysozymes, E1105 magnesium carbonate, E504 magnesium diglutamate, magnesium glutamate, E625 malic acid, hydroxybutanedioic acid, E296 mannitol, mannite, E421 methyl cellulose, methylcellulose, methylated cellulose, cellulose methyl ether, E461 methyl ethyl cellulose, ethyl methyl cellulose, E465 methylparaben, methyl paraben, E218, E219 monoammonium glutamate, ammonium glutamate, glutamic acid ammonium salt, E624 monocalcium phosphate, E340 monosodium ascorbate monosodium ascorbate, E301 monosodium ascorbate, sodium ascorbate, sodascorbate, E301 monosodium glutamate, E621 natamycine, natacyn, pimaricin, E235 nisin, E234 norbixin, bixin, annatto, E160b octyl gallate, E311 orange yellow S, E110 orthophenyl phenol, E231	Thickening agent and gelling agent, extracted from the seeds of the carob tree. May produce laxative effects in large quantities.
2 ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ?		L	Lithol Rubine BK, E180 locust bean gum, LBG, E410 lutein, luteine, E161b lycopene, E160d lysozymes, E1105 magnesium carbonate, E504 magnesium diglutamate, magnesium glutamate, E625 malic acid, hydroxybutanedioic acid, E296 mannitol, mannite, E421 methyl cellulose, methylcellulose, methylated cellulose, cellulose methyl ether, E461 methyl ethyl cellulose, ethyl methyl cellulose, E465 methylparaben, methyl paraben, E218, E219 monoammonium glutamate, ammonium glutamate, glutamic acid ammonium salt, E624 monocalcium phosphate, E340 monosodium ascorbate monosodium ascorbate, E301 monosodium ascorbate, sodium ascorbate, sodascorbate, E301 monosodium glutamate, E621 natamycine, natacyn, pimaricin, E235 nisin, E234 norbixin, bixin, annatto, E160b octyl gallate, E311 orange yellow S, E110 orthophenyl phenol, E231 parabens = PHB-ester, E214-219, para-hyrdoxy-benzoic acid	Thickening agent and gelling agent, extracted from the seeds of the carob tree. May produce laxative effects in large quantities.
2 ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ?			Lithol Rubine BK, E180 locust bean gum, LBG, E410 lutein, luteine, E161b lycopene, E160d lysozymes, E1105 magnesium carbonate, E504 magnesium diglutamate, magnesium glutamate, E625 malic acid, hydroxybutanedioic acid, E296 mannitol, mannite, E421 methyl cellulose, methylcellulose, methylated cellulose, cellulose methyl ether, E461 methyl ethyl cellulose, ethyl methyl cellulose, E465 methylparaben, methyl paraben, E218, E219 monoammonium glutamate, ammonium glutamate, glutamic acid ammonium salt, E624 monocalcium phosphate, E340 monosodium ascorbate monosodium ascorbate, E301 monosodium ascorbate, sodium ascorbate, sodascorbate, E301 monosodium glutamate, E621 natamycine, natacyn, pimaricin, E235 nisin, E234 norbixin, bixin, annatto, E160b octyl gallate, E311 orange yellow S, E110 orthophenyl phenol, E231 parabens = PHB-ester, E214-219, para-hyrdoxy-benzoic acid = PHB	Thickening agent and gelling agent, extracted from the seeds of the carob tree. May produce laxative effects in large quantities.

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?		pimaricin, natamycine, E235	
?		plain caramel, E150a	May produce laxative effects in large quantities.
-		polydextrose, E1200	May produce taxative effects in large quantities.
?		polydimethylsiloxane, PDMS, dimethicone,	
4		dimethylpolysiloxane, E900	
1	?	polyvinylpolypyrrolidone, E1202	
1	?	polyvinylpyrrolidone, PVP, polyvidone, povidone, E1201	
2	L	ponceau 4R, E124	
0		potassium acetate, E261	
2	L	potassium alginate, E402	
2	L	potassium benzoate, E212	
0		potassium bitartrate, E336	
0		potassium carbonate, carbonate of potash, E501	
1	?	potassium citrate, tripotassium citrate, E332	Often well tolerated.
2		potassium glutamate, glutamic acid potassium salt, E622	
2	L	potassium hydrogen sulfite, potassium bisulfite, E228	
0		potassium hydrogen tartrate, E336	
0		potassium lactate, E326	
2	L	potassium metabisulfite, E224	
?		potassium nitrite, E249	
2	?	potassium polyphosphate, E452	
?		potassium propanoate, potassium propionate, E283	
2	L	potassium pyrosulfite, E224	
2	L	potassium sorbate, E202	
2	L	potassium sulfite, E225	
1	?	povidone, polyvidone, polyvinylpyrrolidone, PVP, E1201	
?		propionic acid, propanoic acid, E280	
2	L	propyl gallate, E310	
2	L	propylene glycolic alginate, E405	
2		quinine (e.g. in Bitter Lemon or Tonic Water)	
3	L	quinoline yellow, E104	
2	L	Red 2G, acid red 1, azogeranine, azohpoloxine, E128	
1	L	riboflavin-5'-phosphate, E101a	
2	L	salicylic acid	Forbidden as food additive
?		silver, E174	
0		sodascorbate, sodium ascorbate, monosodium ascorbate,	
		E301	
0		sodium acetate, E262	
2	L	sodium alginate, E401	
0	$\dashv \overline{\dashv}$	sodium ascorbate, sodascorbate	
2	L	sodium benzoate, E211	
2	L	sodium bisulphite, E222	
0	-	sodium carbonate, washing soda, soda ash, soda crystals,	
		Na2CO3, E500i	
1	?	sodium citrate, trisodium citrate, E331	Often well tolerated.
0		sodium citrate, trisodium citrate, E331 sodium erythorbate, D-isoascorbate, erythorbic acid	
"		sodium erythorbate, D-isoascorbate, erythorbic acid	
0	+++	sodium sait, £310 sodium hydrogen carbonate, sodium bicarbonate, baking	
•		sodium nydrogen carbonate, sodium bicarbonate, baking soda, bicarbonate of soda, E500ii	
2	L		+
0	-	sodium hydrogen sulphite, E222	+
2		sodium lactate, E325	
	L	sodium metabisulfite, E223	
?	$\vdash \vdash \vdash$	sodium nitrate, E251	
0	$\vdash \vdash \vdash$	sodium nitrite, E250	
2		sodium orthophenyl phenol, E232	
2	?	sodium polyphosphate, E452	
?	$\sqcup \sqcup$	sodium propanoate, sodium propionate, E281	
2	L	sodium pyrosulfite, E223	
2	L	sodium sulfite, sodium sulphite, E221	
0		sodium tartrate, sal tartar, disodium tartrate, bisodium	See cream of tartar
		tartrate, E335	
2	?	sodium-calcium polyphosphate, E452	
2	L	sorbates (salts of sorbic acid): potassium sorbate, E202,	
		calcium sorbate, E203	
2	L	sorbic acid, E200	

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Hn	dated:	Ω1	ΩI	2016	

0		starch, amylum	
0		steviol glycosides, E960	
0		sucralose, E955	
2	L	sulfites, sulphites, E220 - E228	
2	L	sulfur dioxide, sulphur dioxide, E220	
2	L	sulphan blue, E131	
0		sulphite ammonia caramel, E150d	Possibly not as good tolerated as E150?
3	L	sunset yellow FCF, E110	
0		tartaric acid, uvic acid, E334	
3	L	tartrazine, E102	
?		tert-Butylhydroquinone, TBHQ, E319	
0	?	titanium dioxide, titanium(IV) oxide, E171	
0		tocopherol, vitamin E, E306	
2	L	tragacanth, E413	
1	?	triammonium citrate, ammonium citrate, E380	
1	?	tricalcium phosphate, E340	
1	?	tripotassium citrate, potassium citrate, E332	Often well tolerated.
1	?	tripotassium phosphate, E340	
1	?	trisodium citrate, sodium citrate, E331	Often well tolerated.
0		vanillin (synthetic)	Slightly irritating. Use sparingly.
0	E	3 vitamin C, E300	Lowers histamine levels, but is also a weak DAO inhibitor. Good for those with MCAS, bad for those with HIT?
0		vitamin E, alpha-tocopherol, E307	
0		vitamin E, delta-tocopherol, E309	
0		vitamin E, gamma-tocopherol, E308	
0		vitamin E, tocopherol, E306	
0		xanthan gum, E415	
0		zinc acetate, E650	
0			

Vitamins, dietary minerals, trace elements, stimulants

2	L		folic acid, folate, vitamin B9	To be debated. Other name: pteroyl-L-glutamic acid (similar to glutamic acid /
				glutamate?)
3	L		iodine	
2	L		iodized table salt	
3	L		potassium iodate (e.g. as additive in iodized table salt)	
3	L		potassium iodide (e.g. as additive in iodized table salt)	
2		В	theobromine	
2	L		vitamin B9, folic acid, folate	To be debated. Other name: pteroyl-L-glutamic acid (similar to glutamic acid /
				glutamate?)
2		В	xantheose, theobromine	

Preparations, mixtures

2		L	liquorice	
1			marzipan	Small amounts are well tolerated if without incompatible additives.
1			marchpane	Small amounts are well tolerated if without incompatible additives.
2	Α		chocolate, brown / black	Tyramine, phenylethylamine
1	?		chocolate, white	Mostly well tolerated
2	Н	L	mustard	Preparation (mixture) of mustard seeds, vinegar, etc.
2			tofu	