

Supplementary information, Figure S3

Figure S3 Targeting of LDLRAP1 by MIR168a. (A) The correlation between the inhibition rate of MIR168a as a ratio of the levels of MIR168a and binding site (BS)-containing reporter (n = 3). (B) A luciferase activity reporting assay using endogenous miR-16, miR-21, miR-150 and their binding sites on target genes as controls (n = 3). (C) qRT-PCR analysis of the levels of MIR168a in mature MIR168a-transfected HepG2 cells (n = 9). The HepG2 cells were transfected with 20 $pmol/10^5$ cells of scrambled mature control oligonucleotides (mature ncRNA) or mature MIR168a. (D) Western blot analysis of the levels of LDLRAP1 protein in mature MIR168a-transfected HepG2 cells. (E) The quantification of LDLRAP1 protein expression in **D** (n = 9). (**F-G**) Semi-quantitative RT-PCR (**F**) and qRT-PCR (**G**) analysis of the levels of LDLRAP1 mRNA in mature MIR168a-transfected HepG2 cells (n = 5). (H) Luciferase activities in HepG2 cells co-transfected with luciferase reporters described previously and mature MIR168a or ncRNA (n = 9). (I) The association of MIR168a with AGO2 in HepG2 cells transfected with pre-MIR168a or mature MIR168a (n = 3). HepG2 cells were transfected with 20 pmol/10⁵ cells of pre-ncRNA, pre-MIR168a, mature ncRNA, or mature MIR168a. The MIR168a in anti-AGO2 immunoprecipitated products was detected by qRT-PCR, with the level of miR-16 serving as the control. (J) The levels of LDLRAP1 mRNA associated with AGO2 in HepG2 cells transfected with pre-MIR168a or mature MIR168a. The LDLRAP1 mRNA in anti-AGO2 immunoprecipitated products was detected by semi-quantitative RT-PCR. *P < 0.05; **P < 0.01.