The Political Culture of Democracy in Guyana, 2009: the Impact of Governance

Technical information

Country	*Year*	*Sample size*	*Weighted /unweighted*
Guyana	**2009**	**2514**	**Weighted**

This survey was carried out in 2009 as part of the LAPOP AmericasBarometer 2008/2009. It was conducted by Vanderbilt University, and funded by The United States Agency for International Development (USAID).

The survey was conducted using a national probability design, with a total of 2,514 respondents involving face-to-face interviews in English. The distribution of the sample was based on the 2002 census data carried out by the Bureau of Statistics. The sample was stratified into seven geographical areas: the five coastal regions, region 10 and an area comprised by regions 1, 7, 8 and 9. The respondents were drawn from voting-age (non-institutionalized) adults in the country. It is a multistage sample. In the first stage, we selected municipalities and NDC's, then villages, enumerations districts, and finally households. The data set can be best described as a complex sample design taking into account stratification, clustering, and weighting

The interviews were conducted in 267 sampling units and the respondents were selected in PSUs of 8 in urban areas and 10-12 in rural. A single respondent was selected in each household, following the quota sampling based on sex and age. The complete sample of 2,514 is composed of 50.0% male respondents and 50.0% female, and its estimated margin of error is ± 2.0 (at the 95% level).

The full version of the report and the complete questionnaire can be found at *Political Culture, Governance and Democracy in Guyana, 2009: The Impact of Governance*, written by Margarita Corral, Brian Faughnan, Laurence Lachmansingh, Diana Orcés, Elizabeth Zechmeister, and Dominique Zéphyr with technical supervision from Mitchell Seligson, Ph.D. and published by Vanderbilt University. That report can be found at www.AmericasBarometer.org.

This national survey report analyzes the attitudes of Guyanese citizens towards support for stable democracy, the rule of law, corruption, crime, local governments and voting behavior.