Noree et al., http://www.jcb.org/cgi/content/full/jcb.201003001/DC1

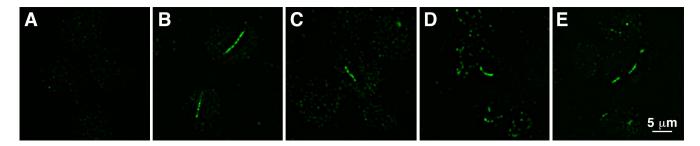


Figure S1. Filament formation is independent of the GFP tag. Filament formation occurs normally when a HA epitope tag is used to label filament-forming proteins. (A) Wild-type untagged strain. (B) Gcd2p-HA. (C) Glt1p-HA. (D) Psa1p-HA. (E) Ura7p-HA.

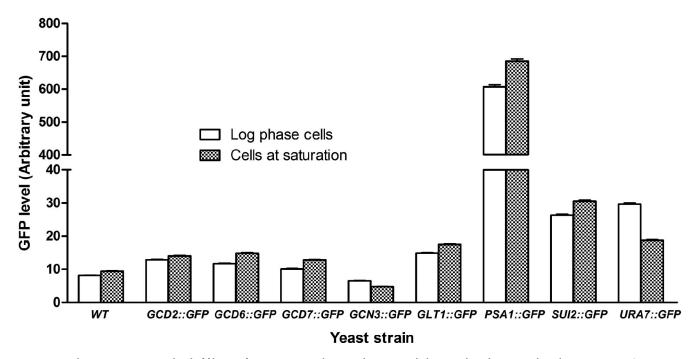


Figure S2. The protein expression level of filament-forming proteins does not change greatly between log-phase growth and saturation. For the majority of filament-forming proteins, there was little change in protein levels between log-phase growth and saturation. For Ura7p, protein levels declined for cells grown to saturation. Together, these results argue that filament formation is driven by large-scale changes in protein level. Error bars represent standard error of the mean.

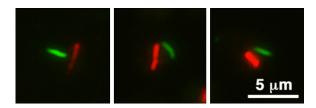


Figure S3. **Ura7p filaments do not colocalize with microtubules.** Images of three different yeast cells stained for both microtubules and Ura7p-GFP are shown. Ura7p is green, and microtubules are red.