

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**Material and Methods:**Organism Selection, Cell growth and DNA preparation

Phylogenetic trees of 16S rRNAs from the greengenes database were used to guide the selection of organisms to be sequenced<sup>1</sup>. The GEBA pilot project targeted a broad range of species of archaea and bacteria with very diverse requirements for growth conditions. Table S1C lists 36 different media (DSMZ and ATCC) used for the growth of the 56 organisms whose genomes are analyzed in this paper, with their growth temperature ranging from 28°C to 65°C (1/3 of them grown under anaerobic conditions). Conditions for *efficient* cell lysis of the target organisms vary almost as much as conditions for cell growth. We established a routine for initial small scale tests to explore the required individual procedures for cell lysis, which when successful (microscopic observation of lysis) were scaled up for the large amounts of cell pastes required for the extraction of about 100 µg of high quality genomic DNA (gDNA) (tested by pulse field electrophoresis). Table S1C lists eight cell lysis buffers and varied incubation conditions for lysis, as well as the three procedures used for DNA purification from the lysed cells.

Sequencing and Assembling

Eleven microbes were sequenced by Sanger only approach (Table S2). In this approach, 8kb libraries were constructed from DNA fragments randomly sheared by Hydroshear (GeneMachines) with ends repaired by T4 DNA polymerase and Klenow fragment (New England Biolabs). End repaired fragments were size selected from an agarose gel and purified by using the QIAquick Gel Extraction Kit (Qiagen). Approximately 200 ng of sheared DNA was ligated into 100 ng of linearized, dephosphorylated pMCL200 vector with kanamycin resistance gene<sup>2</sup>. Ligation mixtures were electroporated into ElectroMAXDH10B cells (Invitrogen), and plated on agar plates containing kanamycin. White colonies were picked by using the robotic QPIX (Genetix) colony picker and grown in media containing glycerol to provide stocks for subsequent sequencing. Fosmid libraries were constructed by using the CopyControl™ Fosmid Production Kit (Epicentre). DNA was sheared and fragments were size-selected on an agarose pulsed-field gel, excised and purified before ligation in the pCCqFos vector. The ligated vector was packaged by using MaxPlax™ Lambda Packaging Extract (Epicentre) and used to transduce *E. coli* (EP300). Cloned genomic fragments were sequenced from both ends to depth of approximately 10x and shotgun reads were automatically assembled with three assemblers (phrap, PGA, Arachne)<sup>3,4</sup>. The best of these draft assemblies was used for annotation and as a starting point for genome completion.

The remaining forty-five genomes were sequenced using various combinations of pyrosequencing and traditional Sanger sequencing (Table S2). Thirty-two of them were drafted by combining in average 30x of standard 454 FLX data with 8x Sanger reads of 8kb and 40kb libraries and thirteen were completed by assembling together 25x of pyrosequence data and 8x of Sanger paired-end sequence from an 8kb-library .

### Genome Annotation

Annotation was performed using the IMG system (<http://img.jgi.doe.gov/cgi-bin/pub/main.cgi>) developed by JGI<sup>5</sup>. Automated metabolic network reconstruction of all 56 genomes was performed using the Pathway Tools platform version 12.5<sup>6</sup>. After generating an initial draft set of pathway genome databases, we manually inspected the report files and collected frequently missed annotations in a local enzyme mapping file, in order to capture any IMG-specific enzyme terminology<sup>7</sup>. The final pathway reconstructions were generated in a manner similar to the "Tier 3" pathway genome databases in BioCyc<sup>8</sup>.

### “Genome tree” phylogenetic tree building for bacterial genomes

A maximum likelihood phylogenetic tree for bacterial genomes was built upon a concatenated alignment of 31 phylogenetic marker genes. We included 53 GEBA bacteria and 667 bacterial complete genomes from Genbank for the tree building. Protein sequences for 31 phylogenetic marker genes (*dnaG*, *frz*, *infC*, *nusA*, *pgk*, *pyrG*, *rplA*, *rplB*, *rplC*, *rplD*, *rplE*, *rplF*, *rplK*, *rplL*, *rplM*, *rplN*, *rplP*, *rplS*, *rplT*, *rpmA*, *rpoB*, *rpsB*, *rpsC*, *rpsE*, *rpsI*, *rpsJ*, *rpsK*, *rpsM*, *rpsS*, *smpB*, and *tsf*) were retrieved, aligned, trimmed, and concatenated using the software AMPHORA<sup>9</sup>. A maximum likelihood tree was then constructed from the concatenated-alignment using PHYML<sup>10</sup>. The model selected based on the likelihood ratio test was the WAG model of amino acid substitution with  $\gamma$ -distributed rate variation (five categories) and a proportion of invariable sites. The shape of the  $\gamma$ -distribution and the proportion of the invariable sites were estimated by the program.

### Phylogenetic Diversity (PD) estimation

The maximum likelihood phylogenetic tree was used to estimate the phylogenetic contribution of the GEBA pilot project. PD (phylogenetic diversity) is a measure of the length of the branches in a phylogenetic tree. The PD contribution of GEBA project is the total length of the added branches by the addition of the 53 GEBA bacterial genomes. 100 random sampling of 53 genomes from the genome tree (include or exclude GEBA organisms) were selected to calculate the correspondent PD contributions to compare with the GEBA PD contribution. The same approach was adopted to compare the PD contribution of the 26 GEBA actinobacteria with the other 47 actinobacteria.

### Rate of gene family discovery in different genome sets

Protein families were identified using the Markov Clustering Algorithm (MCL)<sup>11</sup>. An all versus all BLASTP search was performed for the entire proteomes of the 56 GEBA genomes. All matches with an E-value lower than 1e-10 with matches spanning at least 80% the lengths of both sequences were used as links for MCL clustering. Each cluster is treated as a protein family. Protein families were built separately for the following four groups of genomes: 53 bacterial genomes from the GEBA project, 73 actinobacterial genomes (including 26 GEBA genomes), 40 enterbacteriaceae genomes and eight

*Streptococcus agalactiae* genomes. For each group, we randomly selected a given number of genomes and calculated the number of protein families present in that set of genomes to estimate the novel gene family discovery rate.

#### Effect of GEBA genomes on genome analysis

For gene context and fusion analysis we used the corresponding information in the IMG 2.5 database using all the non-eukaryotic publicly available genomes (excluding GEBA genomes). We identified unique chromosomal neighborhoods and fusion events in the 56 GEBA genomes. Chromosomal neighborhood analyses were limited to the identification of new COG combinations found in chromosomal cassettes. A unique fusion event was considered a case where the fusion components are found fused for the first time. Genes that don't belong to any known protein families (COG, Pfam, TIGRFam) were used for protein family link identification. Conservation scores were calculated based upon all vs all BLASTP bit scores according to the equations described in the IMG manual<sup>5</sup>. None-GEBA proteins that exhibit conservation score greater than 0.25 were grouped using a single linkage algorithm. Subsequently we identified the genes in the GEBA genome that have conservation score greater than 0.25 to members of different clusters.

#### BARP (Bacterial Actin Related Protein) studies

For the ribbon plot in Figure 3, BARP from *H. ochraceum* (GI:227395998) was submitted to SWISS-MODEL (<http://swissmodel.expasy.org/SWISS-MODEL.html>) for 3D structural modeling. The Protein Data Bank entry 1C0F\_A (the actin from *Dictyostelium discoideum*)<sup>12</sup> was the best structure match and was used as the reference to build the 3D structure for BARP by SWISS-MODEL. The secondary structure elements of both the *H. ochraceum* actin and 1C0F\_A were defined by DSSP from their 3D models<sup>13</sup>. The two sequences were aligned to each other by MUSCLE<sup>14</sup>, and the secondary structure elements were illustrated alongside the alignments by ALINE<sup>15</sup>.

For BARP expression study, DNA and RNA from *H. ochraceum* SMP-2 were harvested from cells actively growing on VY/4-SWS (DSMZ) agar plates. Cells were scraped and re-suspended in VY/4-SWS medium lacking yeast cell paste. Total RNA was extracted by hot phenol method<sup>16</sup>. For RT-PCR, cDNA was prepared from 10 ug of total RNA using Primer L6actin (5'-GAACCCGGCGAACTGGGCATC-3') as previously described<sup>17</sup>. Chromosomal DNA and cDNA were used to amplify a 1062-bp region using primers RT-D1 (5'-GATAATGAGTTCGCGCCGTG-3') and RT-U1 (5'-GTATTCTCCAGCCCCATTATC-3'). PCR reactions were performed using the following time settings: 95°C denaturation for 1', 62°C annealing for 30", and a 2' extension at 70°C for 30 cycles. For the RNase control, RNA was digested with RNase for 1 hr prior to cDNA preparation.

For the phylogenetic study of BARP, homologs of BARP were retrieved from the NRAA database by BLASTP, representatives from actin and different actin related protein families were selected. Alignments were built by MUSCLE<sup>14</sup> for BARP, actin related

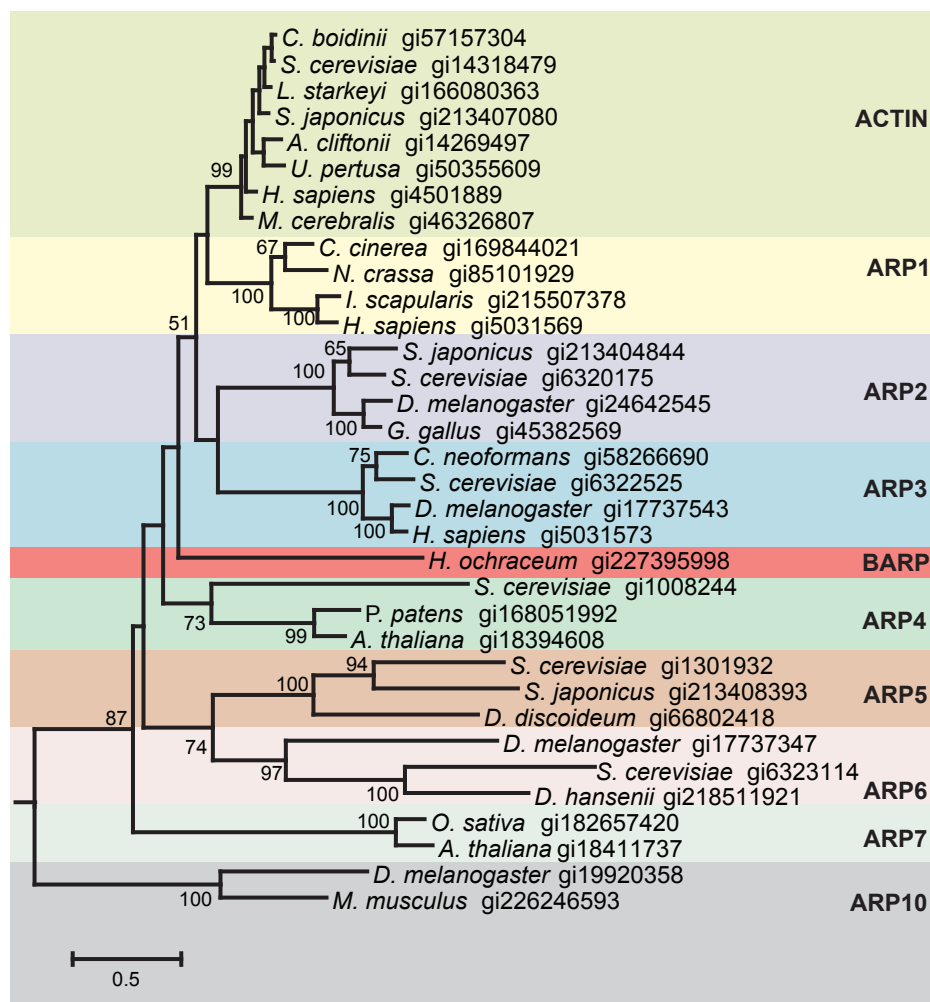
proteins and MreB. A phylogenetic tree was built by PHYML<sup>10</sup> using settings exactly like the concatenated bacterial genome tree building.

#### Phylogenetic coverage of current sequencing projects

A phylogenetic tree was built for a combined alignment of SSU rRNA sequences from the published complete bacterial and archaeal genomes, GEBA genomes and a non-redundant subset of greengenes SSU-rRNA<sup>1</sup>. The non-redundant subset of greengenes SSU rRNA was obtained by MCL clustering of SSU rRNA sequences with higher than 99% identity over 80% sequence length span<sup>11</sup>. Alignments of the non-redundant greengenes SSU-rRNAs along with the SSU rRNA from the sequencing projects were retrieved from the greengenes database. The mask defined by the greengenes project was applied to trim the alignments. A neighbor-joining tree was built from this alignment using FastTree<sup>18</sup>. A greedy algorithm was applied to list all the taxa included in the tree in the descending order according to their contributions to the phylogenetic diversity (PD)<sup>19</sup>.

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**Figure S1. Maximum likelihood tree of the *H. ochraceum* Bacterial Actin Related Protein (BARP) with representatives of eukaryotic actin and eukaryotic actin related protein (ARP) families.** The tree was built from a protein multiple sequence alignment using PHYML. The tree was rooted using MreB proteins from *H. ochraceum* and *E. coli* as outgroups (not shown).

Table S1 A. Taxonomic information of the organisms in the GEBA pilot project

Name	Domain	Phylum	Class	Subclass	Order	Suborder	Family
<i>Halogeometricum borinquense</i> PR3	Archaea	Euryarchaeota	Halobacteria	-	Halobacteriales	-	Halobacteriaceae
<i>Halomicrobium mukohataei</i> arg-2	Archaea	Euryarchaeota	Halobacteria	-	Halobacteriales	-	Halobacteriaceae
<i>Halorhabdus utahensis</i> AX-2	Archaea	Euryarchaeota	Halobacteria	-	Halobacteriales	-	Halobacteriaceae
<i>Acidimicrobium ferrooxidans</i> ICP	Bacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteria	Acidimicrobiales	Acidimicrobiales	Acidimicrobiales	Acidimicrobiaceae
<i>Catenulispora acidiphila</i> ID 139908	Bacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteridae	Actinomycetales	Catenulisporineae	Catenulisporaceae
<i>Gordonia bronchialis</i> Tsukamura 3410	Bacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteridae	Actinomycetales	Corynebacterineae	Nocardiaceae
<i>Tsukamurella paurometabola</i>	Bacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteridae	Actinomycetales	Corynebacterineae	Tsukamurellaceae
<i>Geodermatophilus obscurus</i> G-20	Bacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteridae	Actinomycetales	Frankineae	Geodermatophilaceae
<i>Nakamurella multipartita</i> Y-104	Bacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteridae	Actinomycetales	Frankineae	Nakamurellaceae
<i>Stackebrandtia nassataensis</i> L.L.R-40K-21	Bacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteridae	Actinomycetales	Glycomycineae	Glycomycetaceae
<i>Beutenbergia cavernae</i> HKI 0122	Bacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteridae	Actinomycetales	Micrococccineae	Beutenbergiaceae
<i>Cellulomonas flavigena</i> 134	Bacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteridae	Actinomycetales	Micrococccineae	Cellulomonadaceae
<i>Brachyбактерium faecium</i> Scheffle 6-10	Bacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteridae	Actinomycetales	Micrococccineae	Dermabacteraceae
<i>Kytococcus sedentarius</i> 541	Bacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteridae	Actinomycetales	Micrococccineae	Dermabacteraceae
<i>Jonesia denitrificans</i> 55134	Bacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteridae	Actinomycetales	Micrococccineae	Jonesiaceae
<i>Xylanimonas cellulolytica</i> XL07	Bacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteridae	Actinomycetales	Micrococccineae	Promicromonosporaceae
<i>Sanguibacter keddjei</i> ST-74	Bacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteridae	Actinomycetales	Micrococccineae	Sanguibacteraceae
<i>Kribbella flavida</i> SW-125	Bacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteridae	Actinomycetales	Propionibacterineae	Nocardiodiaceae
<i>Actinosynnema mirum</i> 101	Bacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteridae	Actinomycetales	Actinosynnemataceae	Actinosynnemataceae
<i>Saccharomonospora viridis</i> P101	Bacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteridae	Actinomycetales	Pseudonocardineae	Pseudonocardaceae
<i>Thermobispora bispora</i> R51	Bacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteridae	Actinomycetales	Pseudonocardineae	Pseudonocardaceae
<i>Nocardopsis dassonvillei</i> subsp. <i>dassonvillei</i>	Bacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteridae	Actinomycetales	Streptosporangineae	Nocardopsaceae
<i>Streptosporangium roseum</i> NI 9100	Bacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteridae	Actinomycetales	Streptosporangineae	Streptosporangiaceae
<i>Thermomonospora curvata</i> B9	Bacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteridae	Actinomycetales	Streptosporangineae	Thermomonosporaceae
<i>Atopobium parvulum</i> IPP 1246	Bacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteria	Coriobacteridae	Coriobacteriales	Coriobacterineae	Coriobacteriaceae
<i>Cryptobacterium curium</i> 12-3	Bacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteria	Coriobacteridae	Coriobacteriales	Coriobacterineae	Coriobacteriaceae
<i>Eggerthella lenta</i> VPI 0255	Bacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteria	Coriobacteridae	Coriobacteriales	Coriobacterineae	Coriobacteriaceae
<i>Slackia heliotrinireducens</i> RHS 1	Bacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteria	Coriobacteridae	Coriobacteriales	Coriobacterineae	Coriobacteriaceae
<i>Conexibacter woeselii</i> ID 131577	Bacteria	Actinobacteria	Actinobacteria	Rubrobacteridae	Solirubrobacteriales	-	Conexibacteraceae
<i>Capnocytophaga ochracea</i> VPI 2845	Bacteria	Bacteroidetes	Flavobacteria	-	Flavobacteriales	-	Flavobacteriaceae
<i>Chitinophaga pinensis</i>	Bacteria	Bacteroidetes	Sphingobacteria	-	"Sphingobacteriales"	-	Chitinophagaceae
<i>Dyadobacter fermentans</i> NS 114	Bacteria	Bacteroidetes	Sphingobacteria	-	"Sphingobacteriales"	-	Cytophagaceae
<i>Spirosoma linguale</i> Claus 1	Bacteria	Bacteroidetes	Sphingobacteria	-	"Sphingobacteriales"	-	Cytophagaceae
<i>Rhodothermus marinus</i> R-10	Bacteria	Bacteroidetes	Sphingobacteria	-	"Sphingobacteriales"	-	Rhodothermaceae
<i>Pedobacter heparinus</i> HIM 762-3	Bacteria	Bacteroidetes	Sphingobacteria	-	"Sphingobacteriales"	-	Sphingobacteriaceae
<i>Sphaerobacter thermophilus</i> S 6022	Bacteria	Chloroflexi	Thermomicrobia	Sphaerobacteridae	"Sphaerobacteriales"	Sphaerobacterineae	Sphaerobacteraceae
<i>Thermobaculum terrenum</i> YNP1	Bacteria	Chloroflexi	Thermomicrobia	-	Thermomicrobiales	-	Thermomicrobiaceae
<i>Denitrovibrio acetiphilus</i> N2460	Bacteria	Deferribacteres	Deferribacteres	-	Deferribacterales	-	Deferribacteraceae
<i>Meiothermus ruber</i> 21	Bacteria	Deinococcus-Thermus	Deinococci	-	Thermales	-	Thermaceae
<i>Meiothermus sivanus</i> V1-R2	Bacteria	Deinococcus-Thermus	Deinococci	-	Thermales	-	Thermaceae
<i>Alicyclobacillus acidocaldarius</i> subsp. <i>acidocaldarius</i> 104-1A	Bacteria	Firmicutes	Bacilli	-	Bacillales	-	Alicyclobacillaceae
<i>Desulfotomaculum acetoxidans</i> 5575	Bacteria	Firmicutes	Clostridia	-	Clostridiales	-	Peptococcaceae
<i>Anaerococcus prevotii</i> PC 1	Bacteria	Firmicutes	Clostridia	-	Clostridiales	-	Peptostreptococcaceae
<i>Veillonella parvula</i> Te3	Bacteria	Firmicutes	Clostridia	-	Clostridiales	-	Veillonellaceae
<i>Leptotrichia buccalis</i> C-1013-b	Bacteria	Fusobacteria	Fusobacteria	-	Fusobacteriales	-	Leptotrichiaceae
<i>Sebadella termitidis</i>	Bacteria	Fusobacteria	Fusobacteria	-	Fusobacteriales	-	Leptotrichiaceae
<i>Streptobacillus moniliformis</i> 9901	Bacteria	Fusobacteria	Fusobacteria	-	Fusobacteriales	-	Leptotrichiaceae
<i>Planctomyces limnophilus</i> 290	Bacteria	Planctomycetes	Planctomycea	-	Planctomycetales	-	Planctomycetaceae
<i>Desulfohalobium rethaense</i> HR 100	Bacteria	Proteobacteria	Deltaproteobacteria	-	Desulfovibrionales	-	Desulfohalobaceae
<i>Desulfomicrobium baculatum</i> X	Bacteria	Proteobacteria	Deltaproteobacteria	-	Desulfovibrionales	-	Desulfomicrobiaceae
<i>Haliangium ochraceum</i> SMP-2	Bacteria	Proteobacteria	Deltaproteobacteria	-	Myxococcales	Nannocystineae	Haliangiaceae
<i>Sulfurospirillum deleyianum</i> 5175	Bacteria	Proteobacteria	Epsilonproteobacteria	-	Campylobacteriales	-	Campylobacteraceae
<i>Kangiella koreensis</i> SW-125	Bacteria	Proteobacteria	Gammaproteobacteria	-	Oceanospirillales	-	Incertae sedis
<i>Brachyspira murdochii</i> 56-150	Bacteria	Spirochaetes	Spirochaetes	-	Spirochaetales	-	Brachyspiraceae
<i>Dethiosulfobivrio peptidovorans</i> SEBR 4207	Bacteria	Synergistetes	Synergistia	-	Synergistales	-	Synergistaceae
<i>Thermanaerovibrio acidaminovorans</i> Su883	Bacteria	Synergistetes	Synergistia	-	Synergistales	-	Synergistaceae

**Table S1 B.** Characteristics of the organisms in the GEBA pilot project and their genomes.

Name	Collection ID	Number of replicons	G+C(%)	Genome Size (bp)	protein coding genes	RNA genes	16S	CRISPR	Optimum growth temperature	O <sub>2</sub> requirements	Motility	Habitat
<i>Halogeometricum borinquense</i> PR3	DSM 11551	6	59.94	3,944,467	3937	57	2	1	40°C	aerobe	motile	solar saltern
<i>Halomicrobium mukohataei</i> arg-2	DSM 12286	2	65.53	3,332,349	3475	59	3	2	45°C	fac. anaerobe	motile	salt marsh, soil
<i>Halorhabdus utahensis</i> AX-2	DSM 12940	1	62.90	3,116,795	3027	49	1	2	50°C	aerobe	motile	salt lake sediment
<i>Acidimicrobium ferrooxidans</i> ICP	DSM 10331	1	68.29	2,158,157	2038	54	2	2	45°C	aerobe	motile	hot spring
<i>Catenullispora acidiphila</i> ID 139908	DSM 44928	1	66.77	10,467,782	9056	69	3	4	22-28°C	aerobe	nonmotile	soil
<i>Gordonia bronchialis</i> Tsukamura 3410	DSM 43247	n.d.	67.05	draft 5.3 Mb	5167	65	6	0	28°C	aerobe	nonmotile	human pathogen
<i>Tsukamurella paurometabola</i>	DSM 20162	n.d.	68.39	draft 4.5 Mb	4423	65	2	0	10-35°C	aerobe	nonmotile	soil, sludge
<i>Geodermatophilus obscurus</i> G-20	DSM 43160	n.d.	73.99	draft 5.3 Mb	5283	71	3	0	28°C	aerobe	nonmotile	soil, desert
<i>Nakamurella multipartita</i> Y-104	DSM 44233	n.d.	70.90	draft 6.0 Mb	5594	64	2	10	28°C	aerobe	nonmotile	sludge
<i>Staeckbrandtia nassauensis</i> LLR-40K-21	DSM 44728	n.d.	68.14	draft 6.8 Mb	6568	53	2	3	28°C	aerobe	nonmotile	soil
<i>Beutenbergia cavernae</i> HK1 0122	DSM 12333	1	73.12	4,669,183	4225	53	2	1	28°C	aerobe	nonmotile	soil
<i>Cellulomonas flavigena</i> 134	DSM 20109	n.d.	74.14	draft 4.0 Mb	3755	52	4	0	30°C	aerobe	motile	soil
<i>Brachy bacterium faecium</i> Scheffler 6-10	DSM 4810	1	72.05	3,614,992	3129	69	3	0	25-30 °C	aerobe	nonmotile	soil
<i>Kytococcus sedentarius</i> 541	DSM 20547	1	71.63	2,785,024	2639	64	2	0	28-36 °C	aerobe	nonmotile	skin flora & marine
<i>Jonesia denitrificans</i> 55134	DSM 20603	1	58.42	2,749,646	2558	77	5	0	37 °C	fac. anaerobe	motile	ox blood
<i>Xylanimonas cellulositica</i> XIL07	DSM 15894	2	72.45	3,831,380	3485	61	3	0	28 °C	aerobe	nonmotile	soil
<i>Sanguibacter keddii</i> ST-74	DSM 10542	1	71.89	4,253,413	4735	70	4	0	25-30 °C	fac. anaerobe	motile	bovine blood
<i>Kribbella flavida</i> SW-125	DSM 17836	n.d.	70.57	draft 7.6 Mb	7262	59	2	0	28 °C	aerobe	nonmotile	soil
<i>Actinosynnema mirum</i> 101	DSM 43827	1	73.71	8,248,144	7100	77	5	0	28 °C	aerobe	nonmotile	soil
<i>Saccharomonospora viridis</i> P101	DSM 43017	1	67.32	4,308,349	3906	64	3	9	45 °C	aerobe	nonmotile	soil
<i>Thermobispora bispora</i> R51	DSM 43833	1	72.43	4,189,976	3596	63	4	0	55-65 °C	aerobe	nonmotile	rotten mixed manure
<i>Nocardioopsis dassonvillei</i> subsp. <i>dassonvillei</i>	DSM 43111	n.d.	72.74	draft 6.5 Mb	5634	72	5	8	28 °C	aerobe	nonmotile	blood
<i>Streptosporangium roseum</i> NI 9100	DSM 43021	n.d.	70.77	draft 10.1 Mb	9430	76	7	0	28 °C	aerobe	nonmotile	soil
<i>Thermomonospora curvata</i> B9	DSM 43183	n.d.	71.56	draft 5.6 Mb	5047	86	3	13	50 °C	aerobe	nonmotile	mixed manure
<i>Atopobium parvulum</i> IPP 1246	DSM 20469	1	45.69	1,543,805	1369	50	1	0	37 °C	anaerobe	nonmotile	oral microflora
<i>Cryptobacterium curtum</i> 12-3	DSM 15641	1	50.91	1,617,804	1364	58	3	0	37 °C	obl. anaerobe	nonmotile	oral microflora
<i>Eggerthella lenta</i> VPI 0255	DSM 2243	1	64.20	3,632,260	3123	58	3	1	37 °C	anaerobe	nonmotile	intestinal microflora
<i>Slackia heliotrinireducens</i> RHS 1	DSM 20476	1	60.21	3,165,038	2798	58	2	0	37 °C	anaerobe	nonmotile	sheep rumen
<i>Conexibacter woeseii</i> LD 131577	DSM 14684	n.d.	72.63	draft 6.3 Mb	5979	47	1	0	28 °C	aerobe	motile	soil
<i>Capnocytophaga ochracea</i> VPI 2845	DSM 7271	1	39.59	2,612,925	2193	59	4	1	36 °C	fac. anaerobe	gliding	oral microflora
<i>Chitinophaga pinensis</i>	DSM 2588	1	45.23	9,127,347	7302	95	6	0	23 °C	aerobe	motile	pine litter
<i>Dyadobacter fermentans</i> NS 114	DSM 18053	1	51.54	6,967,790	5804	50	4	0	28-35 °C	aerobe	nonmotile	soil, Zea mays
<i>Spirosoma linguale</i> Claus 1	DSM 74	n.d.	50.12	draft 8.5 Mb	3550	52	1	1	20-30 °C	aerobe	motile	soil, fresh water
<i>Rhodothermus marinus</i> R-10	DSM 4252	2	64.30	3,386,737	2914	48	1	10	65-80 °C	aerobe	nonmotile	marine, hot spring
<i>Pedobacter heparinus</i> HIM 762-3	DSM 2366	1	42.05	5,167,383	4287	57	3	0	25-30 °C	aerobe	motile	soil
<i>Sphaerobacter thermophilus</i> S 6022	DSM 20745	n.d.	68.11	3,988,823	3550	52	1	1	55 °C	aerobe	nonmotile	sludge
<i>Thermobaculum terrenum</i> YNP1	ATCC BAA-798	2	53.51	3,101,581	2872	58	2	0	65-92 °C	aerobe	nonmotile	soil
<i>Denitrovibrio acetiphilus</i> N2460	DSM 12809	n.d.	42.51	draft 3.2 Mb	3183	51	1	0	36 °C	anaerobe	motile	marine and fresh water
<i>Meiothermus ruber</i> 21	DSM 1279	1	63.38	3,097,457	3052	53	2	0	60 °C	aerobe	nonmotile	hot spring
<i>Meiothermus silvanus</i> VI-R2	DSM 9946	n.d.	62.66	draft 3.7 Mb	3624	64	2	8	50 °C	aerobe	nonmotile	hot spring
<i>Alicyclobacillus acidocaldarius</i> subsp. <i>acidocaldarius</i> 104-1A	DSM 446	n.d.	62.08	draft 3.1 Mb	3110	97	3	4	55 °C	aerobe	nonmotile	hot spring
<i>Desulfotomaculum acetoxidans</i> 5575	DSM 771	1	41.55	4,545,624	4370	100	10	0	37 °C	obl. anaerobe	motile	divers
<i>Anaerococcus prevotii</i> PC 1	DSM 20548	2	35.64	1,998,633	1852	61	4	0	37 °C	anaerobe	nonmotile	human microflora
<i>Veillonella parvula</i> Te3	DSM 2008	1	38.63	2,132,142	1859	61	4	0	37 °C	anaerobe	nonmotile	human microflora
<i>Leptotrichia buccalis</i> C-1013-b	DSM 11135	1	29.65	2,465,610	2306	61	5	4	37 °C	anaerobe	nonmotile	blood, oral microflora
<i>Sebalidella termitidis</i>	ATCC 33386	n.d.	33.35	draft 4.5 Mb	4633	55	2	1	mesophile	anaerobe	nonmotile	termite intestine
<i>Sireptobacillus moniliformis</i> 9901	DSM 12112	2	26.28	1,673,280	1511	55	5	0	mesophile	fac. anaerobe	nonmotile	human
<i>Planctomyces limophilus</i> 290	DSM 3776	2	54.68	5,460,085	4304	66	2	1	mesophile	aerobe	motile	marine and fresh water
<i>Desulfohalobium retbaense</i> HR 100	DSM 5692	n.d.	57.29	draft 2.9 Mb	2638	62	2	2	35 °C	anaerobe	motile	saline lake sediment
<i>Desulfomicrobium baculatum</i> X	DSM 4028	1	58.65	3,942,657	3494	72	2	0	30 °C	anaerobe	motile	fresh water/anoxic sedim.
<i>Haliangium ochraceum</i> SMP-2	DSM 14365	n.d.	69.49	draft 9.4 Mb	7063	52	2	5	30-34 °C	aerobe	gliding	coastal sands
<i>Sulfurospirillum deleyianum</i> 5175	DSM 6946	n.d.	38.96	draft 2.3 Mb	2412	49	2	6	20-36 °C	anaerobe	motile	anoxic mud
<i>Kangiella koreensis</i> SW-125	DSM 16069	1	43.69	2,852,073	2647	48	2	0	30-37 °C	fac. anaerobe	nonmotile	marine
<i>Brachyspira murdochii</i> 56-150	DSM 12563	n.d.	27.74	draft 3.2 Mb	3016	42	1	1	37°C	fac. anaerobe	motile	intestinal microflora
<i>Dethiosulfobivrio peptidovorans</i> SEBR 4207	DSM 11002	3	54.42	2,576,359	2458	59	5	2	42 °C	obl. anaerobe	motile	oil fields
<i>Thermanaerovibrio acidaminovorans</i> Su883	DSM 6589	1	63.79	1,848,474	1765	60	3	0	55 °C	obl. anaerobe	motile	sludge

obl. =obligate, obligate anaerobes will die when exposed to atmospheric levels of oxygen;

fac. = facultative, facultative anaerobes can use oxygen when present.

All numbers (e.g., number of replicons or genome size) are values as of time of submission of the paper.



Table S1 C. Cell growth condition and DNA preparation for the GEBA pilot project.

Species and strain	Cell mass production			gDNA isolation			DSM ID
	Medium	Temp.	Oxygen	Cell lysis	Incubation	DNA purification	
<i>Halogeometricum boringuense</i> PR3	DSMZ 372	35°C	aerobic	st/LALMP	1 hour, 37°C	QIAGEN	11551
<i>Halomicrobium mukohataei</i> arg-2	DSMZ 372	35°C	aerobic	st/L	1 hour, 37°C	QIAGEN	12286
<i>Halorhabdus utahensis</i> AX-2	DSMZ 927	40°C	aerobic	standard	overnight, 35°C	QIAGEN	12940
<i>Acidimicrobium ferrooxidans</i> ICP	DSMZ 709	45°C	aerobic	st/L	1 hour, 37°C	QIAGEN	10331
<i>Catenulispora acidiphila</i> ID 139908	DSMZ 65	28°C	aerobic	st/ALM	overnight, 35°C	JGI CTAP	44928
<i>Gordonia bronchialis</i> Tsukamura 3410	DSMZ 535	28°C	aerobic	st/LALMP	overnight, 35°C	QIAGEN	43247
<i>Tsakumurella paurometabola</i>	DSMZ 535	30°C	aerobic	st/LALMice	1 hour, 37°C	MasterPure	20162
<i>Geodermatophilus obscurus</i> G-20	DSMZ 65	28°C	aerobic	st/LALMP	overnight, 35°C	QIAGEN	43160
<i>Nakamurella multipartita</i> Y-104	DSMZ 553	28°C	aerobic	st/FT	overnight, 35°C	QIAGEN	44233
<i>Stackebrandtia nassauensis</i> LLR-40K-21	DSMZ 553	28°C	aerobic	st/DALM	1 hour, 37°C	QIAGEN	44728
<i>Beutenbergia cavernae</i> HKI 0122	DSMZ 736	28°C	aerobic	st/FT	overnight, 35°C	QIAGEN	12333
<i>Cellulomonas flavigena</i> 134	DSMZ 53	30°C	aerobic	standard	30 min., 37°C	QIAGEN	20109
<i>Brachybacterium faecium</i> Schefflerle 6-10	DSMZ 92	28°C	aerobic	standard	30 min., 37°C	QIAGEN	4810
<i>Kytococcus sedentarius</i> 541	DSMZ 92	30°C	aerobic	st/FT	overnight, 35°C	QIAGEN	20547
<i>Jonesia denitrificans</i> 55134	DSMZ 215	37°C	aerobic	st/ALM	overnight, 35°C	JGI CTAP	20603
<i>Xylanimonas cellulolytica</i> XIL07	DSMZ 92	28°C	aerobic	standard	30 min., 37°C	QIAGEN	15894
<i>Sanguibacter keddietii</i> ST-74	DSMZ 92	30°C	aerobic	standard	1 hour, 37°C	QIAGEN	10542
<i>Kribbella flavida</i> SW-125	DSMZ 830	28°C	aerobic	st/FT	overnight, 35°C	QIAGEN	17836
<i>Actinosynnema mirum</i> 101	DSMZ 535	28°C	aerobic	st/DALM	1 hour, 37°C	QIAGEN	43827
<i>Saccharomonospora viridis</i> P101	DSMZ 535	45°C	aerobic	st/FT	overnight, 35°C	QIAGEN	43017
<i>Thermobispora bispora</i> R51	DSMZ 65	55°C	aerobic	st/FT	overnight, 35°C	QIAGEN	43833
<i>Nocardiopsis dassonvillei</i> subsp. <i>dassonvillei</i>	DSMZ 535	28°C	aerobic	st/DALM	30 min., 37°C	QIAGEN	43111
<i>Streptosporangium roseum</i> NI 9100	DSMZ 535	28°C	aerobic	st/ALM	overnight, 35°C	JGI CTAP	43021
<i>Thermomonospora curvata</i> B9	DSMZ 553	45°C	aerobic	st/LALM	4 hours, 37°C	MasterPure	43183
<i>Atopobium parvulum</i> IPP 1246	DSMZ 104	37°C	anaerobic	st/ALM	overnight, 35°C	JGI CTAP	20469
<i>Cryptobacterium curtum</i> 12-3	DSMZ 78	37°C	anaerobic	st/FT	overnight, 35°C	QIAGEN	15641
<i>Eggerthella lenta</i> VPI 0255	DSMZ 209	37°C	anaerobic	standard	30 min., 37°C	QIAGEN	2243
<i>Slackia heliotrinireducens</i> RHS 1	DSMZ 104	37°C	anaerobic	st/FT	overnight, 35°C	QIAGEN	20476
<i>Conexibacter woesei</i> ID 131577	DSMZ 92	28°C	aerobic	st/FT	overnight, 35°C	QIAGEN	14684
<i>Capnocytophaga ochracea</i> VPI 2845	DSMZ 340	37°C	anaerobic	st/L	1 hour, 37°C	QIAGEN	7271
<i>Chitinophaga pinensis</i>	DSMZ 67	22°C	aerobic	st/LALMP	overnight, 35°C	QIAGEN	2588
<i>Dyadobacter fermentans</i> NS 114	DSMZ 830	28°C	aerobic	st/FT	overnight, 35°C	QIAGEN	18053
<i>Spirosoma linguale</i> Claus 1	DSMZ 7	28°C	aerobic	st/L	1 hour, 37°C	QIAGEN	74
<i>Rhodothermus marinus</i> R-10	DSMZ 630	65°C	aerobic	st/LALMP	overnight, 35°C	QIAGEN	4252
<i>Pedobacter heparinus</i> HIM 762-3	DSMZ 1	25°C	aerobic	st/LALMP	overnight, 35°C	QIAGEN	2366
<i>Sphaerobacter thermophilus</i> S 6022	DSMZ 467	55°C	aerobic	st/FT	overnight, 35°C	QIAGEN	20745
<i>Thermobaculum terrenum</i> YNPI	ATCC 1981	55°C	aerobic	-	-	-	-
<i>Denitrovibrio acetiphilus</i> N2460	DSMZ 881 <sup>†</sup>	30°C	anaerobic	st/L	30 min., 37°C	QIAGEN	12809
<i>Meiothermus ruber</i> 21	DSMZ 256	50°C	aerobic	st/L	1 hour, 37°C	QIAGEN	1279
<i>Meiothermus silvanus</i> VI-R2	DSMZ 86	50°C	aerobic	st/LALMP	overnight, 35°C	QIAGEN	9946
<i>Alicyclobacillus acidocaldarius</i> subsp.	DSMZ 402	60°C	aerobic	st/L	1 hour, 37°C	QIAGEN	446
<i>Desulfotomaculum acetoxidans</i> 5575	DSMZ 124	37°C	anaerobic	st/LALMP	overnight, 35°C	QIAGEN	771
<i>Anaerococcus prevotii</i> PC 1	DSMZ 104	37°C	anaerobic	st/LALMP	overnight, 35°C	QIAGEN	20548
<i>Veillonella parvula</i> Te3	DSMZ 104	37°C	anaerobic	st/L	1 hour, 37°C	QIAGEN	2008
<i>Leptotrichia buccalis</i> C-1013-b	DSMZ 104	37°C	anaerobic	st/L	1 hour, 37°C	QIAGEN	1135
<i>Sebaldeella termitidis</i>	ATCC 1490	37°C	anaerobic	unknown	-	-	-
<i>Streptobacillus moniliformis</i> 9901	DSMZ 429	37°C	aerobic	st/L	1 hour, 37°C	QIAGEN	12112
<i>Planctomyces limnophilus</i> 290	DSMZ 621	28°C	aerobic	standard	1 hour, 37°C	QIAGEN	3776
<i>Desulfotomaculum rebaense</i> HR 100	DSMZ 499	35°C	anaerobic	standard	30 min., 37°C	QIAGEN	5692
<i>Desulfomicrobium baculatum</i> X	DSMZ 63	30°C	anaerobic	st/LALMP	overnight, 35°C	QIAGEN	4028
<i>Haliangium ochraceum</i> SMP-2	DSMZ 958 <sup>†</sup>	30°C	aerobic	st/LALMP	overnight, 35°C	QIAGEN	14365
<i>Sulfurospirillum deleyianum</i> 5175	DSMZ 541	29°C	anaerobic	st/L	30 min., 37°C	QIAGEN	6946
<i>Kangiaella koreensis</i> SW-125	DSMZ 514	28°C	aerobic	st/L	1 hour, 37°C	QIAGEN	16069
<i>Brachyspira murdochii</i> 56-150	DSMZ 840	37°C	anaerobic	st/L	30 min., 37°C	QIAGEN	12563
<i>Dethiosulfobrevibacter peptidovorans</i> SEBR 4207	DSMZ 786	42°C	anaerobic	st/FT	overnight, 35°C	QIAGEN	11002
<i>Thermanaerobrevibacter acidaminovorans</i> Su883	DSMZ 104	55°C	anaerobic	standard	30 min., 37°C	QIAGEN	6589

Medium additions: <sup>†</sup>1% R2A-medium; <sup>†</sup>yeast cell paste was replaced by 3 g/l casitone and 1 g/l yeast extract

#### cell lysis procedures (modification):

- **standard (st)** following standard procedures (as described in original literature or in supplier's manual)
- **st / L** add additional 200 µl lysozyme to standard lysis solution
- **st / ALM** add 500 µl achromopeptidase, lysostaphin, mutanolysin, each, to standard lysis solution
- **st / DALM** add 1000 µl achromopeptidase, 500 µl lysostaphin, 500 µl mutanolysin to standard lysis solution
- **st / LALMP** add additional 100 µl lysozyme; 500 µl achromopeptidase, lysostaphin, mutanolysin, each, to standard lysis solution, reduce proteinase K to 160µl, only
- **st / LALM** add additional 1 µl lysozyme; 5 µl mutanolysin, achromopeptidase, lysostaphine, each, to standard lysis solution
- **st / LALMice** add additional 4 µl lysozyme; 5 µl mutanolysin, achromopeptidase, lysostaphine, each, to standard lysis solution; after MPC-Step incubate 1hour on ice (extra step)
- **st / FT** freeze 20 min. (-70°C), heat 5 min. (98°C), cool 15 min. to 37°C; add 1.5 ml lysozyme (standard: 0.3 ml, only), 1.0 ml achromopeptidase, 0.12 ml lysostaphine, 0.12 ml mutanolysine, 1.5 ml proteinase K (standard: 0.5 ml, only)

#### DNA purification

- JGI CTAP: [www.jgi.doe.gov](http://www.jgi.doe.gov)
- QIAGEN: Qiagen Genomic 500 Kit (Qiagen 10262)
- MasterPure: MasterPure Gram Positive DNA Purification Kit (Epicentre MGP04100)

Table S2. Summary of sequencing status of the GEBA pilot project

Organism	IMG-ID	NCBI-PID	Culture-ID	GOLD-ID	Sanger Libraries	Sequencing Platform	Assembler	Gene Calling Method	Sequencing Status
<i>Acidimicrobium ferrooxidans</i> ICP	2500645360	29525	DSM 10331	GI02326	8kb	454/Sanger	Arachne	GeneMark	Complete
<i>Actinosynnema mirum</i> 101	2500395345	19705	DSM 43827	GI02064	8kb/40kb	454/Sanger	Arachne	GeneMark	Complete
<i>Alicyclobacillus acidocaldarius</i> 104-1A	2500575013	29405	DSM 446	GI02324	8kb	454/Sanger	PGA	GeneMark	Complete
<i>Anaerococcus prevotii</i> PC 1	2500645363	29533	DSM 20548	GI02318	8kb	454/Sanger	PGA	GeneMark	Complete
<i>Atopobium parvulum</i> IPP 1246	2500575011	29401	DSM 20469	GI02317	8kb/40kb	454/Sanger	phrap	GeneMark	Complete
<i>Beutenbergia cavernosa</i> HKI 0122	2500395322	20827	DSM 12333	GI02225	8kb/40kb	454/Sanger	PGA	GeneMark	Complete
<i>Brachy bacterium faecium</i> Scheffele 6-10									
<i>Brachyspira murchisonii</i> 56-150	250064536	29543	DSM 12563	GI023	8kb/40k	454/Sanger	PGA	GeneMark	Draft
<i>Capnocytophaga ochracea</i> VPI 2845	2500575005	29403	DSM 7271	GI023	8kb/40k	454/Sanger	PGA	GeneMark	Complete
<i>Catenulipora acidiphila</i> ID139908	2500395338	21085	DSM 44928	GI02233	8kb/40kb	Sanger	Arachne	GeneMark	Complete
<i>Cellulomonas flavigena</i> 134	2500395336	19707	DSM 20109	GI02067	8kb/40kb	Sanger	Arachne	GeneMark	Draft
<i>Chitinophaga pinensis</i> UQM 2034	2500395347	27951	DSM 2588	GI02244	8kb/40kb	454/Sanger	PGA	GeneMark	Complete
<i>Concixia woesei</i> ID131577	2500347307	20745	DSM 14684	GI02154	8kb/40kb	454/Sanger	PGA	GeneMark	Complete
<i>Cryptobacterium curtum</i> 1.2-3	2500332002	20739	DSM 15641	GI02234	8kb/40kb	454/Sanger	PGA	GeneMark	Complete
<i>Denitrovibrio acetiphilus</i> N2460	2500575016	29431	DSM 12809	GI02322	8kb/40kb	454/Sanger	PGA	GeneMark	Complete
<i>Desulfalobium reitbaense</i> HR 100	250057501	29199	DSM 5692	GI022	8kb/40k	Sanger	Arachne	GeneMark	Complete
<i>Desulfococcus baculatum</i> Y	2500645356	29527	DSM 4028	GI02302	8kb	454/Sanger	PGA	GeneMark	Complete
<i>Desulfotomaculum acetoxidans</i> 5575	2500395337	27947	DSM 771	GI02239	8kb/40kb	Sanger	PGA	GeneMark	Complete
<i>Dehalosulfatobium peptidovorans</i> SEBR 4207	2500549401	20741	DSM 11002	GI02152	8kb	454/Sanger	PGA	GeneMark	Draft
<i>Dyadobacter fermentans</i> NS 114	2500395342	20829	DSM 18053	GI02155	8kb/40kb	Sanger	Arachne	GeneMark	Complete
<i>Eggerthella lenta</i> VPI 0255	2500549402	21093	DSM 2243	GI02242	8kb/40kb	454/Sanger	Arachne	GeneMark	Complete
<i>Geodermatophilus obscurus</i> G-20	2500645366	29547	DSM 43160	GI02257	8kb	454/Sanger	Arachne	GeneMark	Draft
<i>Gordonia bronchialis</i> Tsukamura 3410									
<i>Haliangium ochraceum</i> SMP-2	2500395339	28711	DSM 14365	GI02251	8kb/40kb	454/Sanger	Arachne	GeneMark	Complete
<i>Halogemotium boringuense</i> PR3	2500153400	20743	DSM 11551	GI02153	8kb/40kb	454/Sanger	PGA	GeneMark	Complete
<i>Halomicrobium mukohataei</i> arg-2	2500395343	27945	DSM 12286	GI02248	8kb/40kb	454/Sanger	PGA	GeneMark	Complete
<i>Halorhabdus utahensis</i> AX-2	2500575004	29305	DSM 12940	GI02250	8kb/40kb	454/Sanger	PGA	GeneMark	Complete
<i>Jonesia denitrificans</i> 55134	2500168153	20833	DSM 20603	GI02227	8kb/40kb	Sanger	Arachne	GeneMark	Complete
<i>Kangiaella koreensis</i> SW-125	2500645353	29443	DSM 16069	GI02314	8kb/40kb	454/Sanger	PGA	GeneMark	Complete
<i>Kribbella flavida</i> SM-125	250039532	21089	DSM 17836	GI022	8kb/40k	454/Sanger	PGA	GeneMark	Complete
<i>Kyococcus sedentarius</i> 541	2500168150	21067	DSM 20547	GI02226	8kb/40kb	Sanger	Arachne	GeneMark	Complete
<i>Leptotrichia buccalis</i> C-1013-b	2500645352	29445	DSM 1135	GI02240	8kb/40kb	454/Sanger	PGA	GeneMark	Complete
<i>Meiothermus ruber</i> 541	2500395348	28827	DSM 1279	GI02300	8kb/40kb	454/Sanger	PGA	GeneMark	Complete
<i>Meiothermus silvanus</i> VI-12	2500645369	29551	DSM 9946	GI0230	8kb/40kb	454/Sanger	Arachne	GeneMark	Draft
<i>Nakamurella multipartita</i> Y-104	2500645368	21081	DSM 44233	GI0223	8kb/40kb	Sanger	Arachne	GeneMark	Complete
<i>Nocardopsis dassonvillei</i> dassonvillei	2500395320	19709	DSM 43111	GI02065	8kb/40kb	454/Sanger	PGA	GeneMark	Draft
<i>Pedobacter heparinus</i> HIM 762-3	2500395321	27949	DSM 2366	GI02243	8kb/40kb	Sanger	Arachne	GeneMark	Complete
<i>Planctomyces limnophilus</i> 290	2500575009	29411	DSM 3776	GI02301	8kb	454/Sanger	PGA	GeneMark	Complete
<i>Rhodothermus marinus</i> R-10	2500575002	29281	DSM 4252	GI02303	8kb/40kb	454/Sanger	PGA	GeneMark	Complete
<i>Saccharomonospora viridis</i> P101	2500347305	20835	DSM 43017	GI02228	8kb/40kb	Sanger	Arachne	GeneMark	Complete
<i>Sanguibacter keddii</i> ST-74	2500153403	19711	DSM 10542	GI0215	8kb	454/Sanger	Arachne	GeneMark	Complete
<i>Sebadella termitidis</i>	2500645364	29539	ATCC 33386	GI02490	8kb	454/Sanger	phrap	GeneMark	Complete
<i>Shackia heliotrinireducens</i> RHS 1	2500168151	20831	DSM 20476	GI0215	8kb/40kb	454/Sanger	PGA	GeneMark	Complete
<i>Sphaerobacter thermophilus</i> 4ac11	2500347306	21087	DSM 20745	GI02236	8kb/40kb	454/Sanger	PGA	GeneMark	Complete
<i>Spirosoma linguale</i> Claus 1	250039535	28817	DSM 74	GI02	8kb/40	454/Sanger	Arachne	GeneMark	Complete
<i>Stactebbrandtia nassauensis</i> LLR-40K-21	2500549403	19713	DSM 44728	GI02068	8kb/40kb	454/Sanger	PGA	GeneMark	Draft
<i>Streptobacillus moniformis</i> 9901	2500575005	29309	DSM 12112	GI02312	8kb/40kb	454/Sanger	Arachne	GeneMark	Complete
<i>Streptosporangium roseum</i> NI 9100	2500395335	21083	DSM 43021	GI02229	8kb/40kb	Sanger	Arachne	GeneMark	Complete
<i>Sulfurospirillum deleyianum</i> 5175	2500645361	29529	DSM 6946	GI02323	8kb	454/Sanger	PGA	GeneMark	Draft
<i>Thermaerobacter acidimanivorans</i> Su883	2500645362	29531	DSM 6589	GI02247	8kb/40kb	454/Sanger	PGA	GeneMark	Complete
<i>Thermobaculum terrenum</i> YNP1	2500645355	29523	ATCC BAA-798	GI02489	8kb	454/Sanger	Arachne	GeneMark	Complete
<i>Thermobispora bispora</i> R51	2500194801	20737	DSM 43833	GI02237	8kb/40kb	454/Sanger	PGA	GeneMark	Complete
<i>Thermomonospora curvata</i> B9	2500645351	20825	DSM 43183	GI02238	8kb	454/Sanger	PGA	GeneMark	Complete
<i>Tsukamurella paurometabola</i>	2500575010	29399	DSM 20162	GI02254	8kb/40kb	454/Sanger	Arachne	GeneMark	Complete
<i>Veillonella parvula</i> Te3	2500347300	21091	DSM 2008	GI02241	8kb/40kb	454/Sanger	PGA	GeneMark	Complete
<i>Xylanimonas cellulolytica</i> XL107	2500153402	19715	DSM 15894	GI02065	8kb	454/Sanger	Arachne	GeneMark	Complete