

Supplementary Table 2: Mutations of the Hairpin Ribozyme

Symbol of the Mutation⁽¹⁾	k_{rel}⁽²⁾	Length⁽³⁾	Type⁽⁴⁾	Location⁽⁵⁾	Ref.⁽⁶⁾
c+4a; u+5a; g+6c	0.0000	50	MP	H1	1
G6A	0.0000	50	MP	H1	1
G6C	0.0000	50	MP	H1	1
G6U	0.0000	50	MP	H1	1
u+7a, u+8a, u+9a	1.3182	50	MP	H1	1
u+9a	0.6818	50	MP	H1	1
a-3c; U12G	1.0000	50	BP	H2	2
a-3g; U12C	3.0000	50	BP	H2	2
a-3u; U12A	1.0000	50	BP	H2	2
c-2a, a-3c	0.0000	50	MP	H2	1
G11A	0.0000	50	MP	H2	1
G11C	0.0000	50	MP	H2	1
G11U	0.0000	50	MP	H2	1
g-4c, u-5a	0.0364	50	MP	H2	1
U12A	0.05-0.2	50	MP	H2	1
u-5a	1.1364	50	MP	H2	1
Δ C13; Δ A14	>1.0000	48	L	H2	3
Δ U12; Δ C13; Δ A14	0.9000	47	L	H2	3
Δ A1; Δ A2; Δ A3; Δ C4; Δ C13; Δ A14	0.9000	44	L	H2	3
Δ A1	>1.0000	49	L	H2	3
Δ A1; Δ A2	>1.0000	48	L	H2	3
Δ A1; Δ A2; Δ A3	>1.0000	47	L	H2	3
Δ A1; Δ A2; Δ A3; Δ C4	>1.0000	46	L	H2	3
Δ A14	>1.0000	49	L	H2	3
A15G	0.8000	50	MP	H3	4
A15U; U49A	1.1500	50	BP	H3	5
A18G; C17A; U46C; G47U	0.6000	50	BP	H3	4
A18U	0.0500	50	MP	H3	4
A50G	0.7500	50	SS	H3	5
C16G; G48C	0.0000	50	BP	H3	5
C17A; G47C	0.0500	50	MP	H3	4
C17G	0.0000	50	MP	H3	5,6
C17G; G47C	0.2100	50	BP	H3	5
C17U; G47C	0.1000	50	MP	H3	4
C18U; G47C	0.0500	50	MP	H3	4
Δ A50	0.4900	49	L	H3	5
Δ U49; Δ A50	0.3800	48	L	H3	5

Symbol of the Mutation⁽¹⁾	k_{rel}⁽²⁾	Length⁽³⁾	Type⁽⁴⁾	Location⁽⁵⁾	Ref.⁽⁶⁾
G19C	0.0100	50	MP	H3	5
G19C; C45G	0.2500	50	BP	H3	5
G19U	0.0500	50	MP	H3	4
G19U; C45A; C16U; G48A; A15U; U49A	0.9000	50	BP	H3	4
G19U; C45G; C17U; G47A; A15G; U49C	0.7000	50	BP	H3	4
G47C	0.0000	50	MP	H3	5,6
G48C	0.0000	50	MP	H3	5
U46A	0.1000	50	MP	H3	4
U49A	0.8000	50	MP	H3	5
U49C	0.6000	50	MP	H3	5
A28U; U34A	1.1300	50	BP	H4	5
A30C	0.0462	50	SS	H4	6
C27A; G35U	0.8500	50	BP	H4	4
C27G	0.0000	50	MP	H4	5,6
C27G; G35C	0.1000	50	BP	H4	6
C27G; G35C	0.1000	50	BP	H4	5,6
C27G; G35U	0.5000	50	MP	H4	4
C27U; G35C	0.4500	50	MP	H4	4
C29A	0.5000	50	MP	H4	4
C29G; G33C	0.1200	50	BP	H4	5
C29G; G35C	0.0000	50	MP	H4	5
G33C	0.1000	50	MP	H4	5
G33U	0.7000	50	MP	H4	4
G35A	0.1000	50	MP	H4	4
G35C	0.0200	50	MP	H4	4
G35C	0.0000	50	MP	H4	5
G35U	0.0200	50	MP	H4	4
U34A	0.1100	50	MP	H4	5
A10C	0.0000	50	SS	LA	7
A10G	0.0493	50	SS	LA	7
A10U	0.0000	50	SS	LA	7
A7C	0.1644	50	SS	LA	7
A7C; A20C	1.0400	50	SS	LA	5
A7G	0.5205	50	SS	LA	7
A7U	0.2603	50	SS	LA	7
A9C	0.0056	50	SS	LA	7
A9G	0.0019	50	SS	LA	7
A9U	0.0014	50	SS	LA	5,7
G8A	0.0000	50	SS	LA	7

Symbol of the Mutation ⁽¹⁾	k_{rel} ⁽²⁾	Length ⁽³⁾	Type ⁽⁴⁾	Location ⁽⁵⁾	Ref. ⁽⁶⁾
G8C	0.0000	50	SS	LA	5,7
G8U	0.0000	50	SS	LA	7
u+2a	0.0742	50	SS	LA	8
u+2c	0.0142	50	SS	LA	8
u+2g	0.0250	50	SS	LA	8
A20C	0.8100	50	SS	LB	2,5
A20G	0.4041	50	SS	LB	2,6
A20U	1.3699	50	SS	LB	2,6
A22C	0.0000	50	SS	LB	6
A22G	0.0000	50	SS	LB	6
A22U	0.0000	50	SS	LB	6
A23C	0.0000	50	SS	LB	6
A23G	0.0000	50	SS	LB	6
A23U	0.0000	50	SS	LB	6
A24C	0.0000	50	SS	LB	5,6
A24G	0.0055	50	SS	LB	6
A24G; U37C	0.0000	50	SS	LB	5
A24U	0.0068	50	SS	LB	6
A26C	0.1781	50	SS	LB	6
A26G	0.0055	50	SS	LB	6
A26U	0.0082	50	SS	LB	6
A38C	0.0000	50	SS	LB	6
A38G	0.0000	50	SS	LB	6
A38U	0.0000	50	SS	LB	5,6
A40G	0.0031	50	SS	LB	6
A40U	0.0454	50	SS	LB	6
A40U	0.0300	50	SS	LB	5
A43C	0.0000	50	SS	LB	2,6
A43C; G21U	0.0000	50	SS	LB	2
A43G	0.0846	50	SS	LB	6
A43G; G21U	0.0000	50	SS	LB	2
A43U	0.0000	50	SS	LB	2,5
A43U; G21U	0.0000	50	SS	LB	2
C25A	0.0000	50	SS	LB	6
C25G	0.0000	50	SS	LB	4,6
C25G; G36C	0.0000	50	BP	LB	5
C25U	0.0000	50	SS	LB	6
C44A	0.6538	50	SS	LB	6
C44G	0.1000	50	SS	LB	6

Symbol of the Mutation ⁽¹⁾	k_{rel} ⁽²⁾	Length ⁽³⁾	Type ⁽⁴⁾	Location ⁽⁵⁾	Ref. ⁽⁶⁾
C44U	0.1000	50	SS	LB	6
Δ A24	0.0000	49	L	LB	4
Δ A26	0.0000	49	L	LB	5
Δ U42	0.0000	49	L	LB	5
G21A	0.0685	50	SS	LB	6
G21C	0.1301	50	SS	LB	2,6
G21U	0.0753	50	SS	LB	6
G21U; A20C	0.1500	50	SS	LB	2
G21U; A20G	0.0030	50	SS	LB	2
G21U; A20U	0.0100	50	SS	LB	2
G36A	0.0269	50	SS	LB	6
G36C	0.0215	50	SS	LB	6
G36U	0.1231	50	SS	LB	6
U37A	0.7692	50	SS	LB	6
U37A; A43U	0.0000	50	SS	LB	5
U37C	1.3077	50	SS	LB	6
U37G	0.3077	50	SS	LB	6
U39A	0.9231	50	SS	LB	6
U39C	0.6154	50	SS	LB	6
U39G	0.2462	50	SS	LB	6
U41A	0.0177	50	SS	LB	6
U41C	0.0923	50	SS	LB	6
U41G	0.0000	50	SS	LB	6
U42A	0.0015	50	SS	LB	6
U42C	0.0300	50	SS	LB	5
U42G	0.0000	50	SS	LB	6
U43U	0.0023	50	SS	LB	6

⁽¹⁾ **Symbol of the mutation:** We used the conventional descriptions of the mutations. For a point mutation the original nucleotide is listed first, the location (position) of the mutation second, and then the nucleotide to which the original was replaced. So for example the mutation U42C means that uracil at position 42 is replaced by a cytosine. Deletions begin with a Δ symbol, followed by the position and the original nucleotide, thus the mutation Δ A50 means that the adenine at position 50 is deleted.

If there is more than one mutation in a mutant, then the mutations are comma separated. Some deletions and insertions have textual descriptions see the references for the exact sequence.

⁽²⁾ **Relative enzymatic activity (k_{rel}):** The relative activity is the ratio of the enzymatic activity of the mutant and the wild-type ribozyme.

⁽³⁾ **Length:** The length of the ribozyme.

⁽⁴⁾ **Type of mutation:** Based on structural changes and activity loss, we can discern the following types of mutations:

Base pair change (BP): The base pair is either reversed or changed to another base pair. The structure does not change. The base paired positions in the substrate binding regions are also considered base paired, and if the base pair is changed to another base-pair then it is listed as a BP mutation.

Mutation affecting a single stranded region (SS): The point mutation affects one of the single stranded regions of the ribozyme, mainly the two loops. The structure does not change.

Mismatch (MP): The mutation disrupts one of the base pairs, so the pair could not form and the structure of the molecule changes locally (an internal bulge is formed). The base paired positions in the substrate binding regions are also considered base paired, and if the base pair is perturbed it is listed as a MP mutation.

Change in length (L): The mutation is either a deletion or an insertion.

⁽⁵⁾ **Location of the mutation:** The helical regions (H1, H2, H3, H4) or loop (LA or LB) where the mutation occurs.

⁽⁶⁾ **Reference:** The source of information for the given ribozyme.

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8. Walter, N.G., Chan, P.A., Hampel, A., Millar, D.P. & Burke, J.M. A base change in the catalytic core of the hairpin ribozyme perturbs function but not domain docking. *Biochemistry* **40**, 2580-2587 (2001).