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Reporting Summary

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see <u>Authors & Referees</u> and the <u>Editorial Policy Checklist</u>.

C+	atistics					
		es confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section				
	or all statistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.					
n/a						
		uple size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement				
		on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly				
X	The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.					
×	A description	of all covariates tested				
×	A description	of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons				
x	A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)					
x		hesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. F , t , r) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and P value noted exact values whenever suitable.				
×	For Bayesian a	analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings				
×	For hierarchical	al and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes				
×	Estimates of e	ffect sizes (e.g. Cohen's d, Pearson's r), indicating how they were calculated				
	1	Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> contains articles on many of the points above.				
So	ftware and c	ode				
Poli	cy information abou	ut <u>availability of computer code</u>				
D	ata collection	N/A				
D	ata analysis	N/A				
		om algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors/reviewers. deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.				
Da	nta					
Poli	cy information abou	ut <u>availability of data</u>				
	- Accession codes, uni	nclude a <u>data availability statement</u> . This statement should provide the following information, where applicable: ique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets				
- A list of figures that have associated raw data - A description of any restrictions on data availability						
All the source data supporting the findings of this study are available within the article and its Supplementary Information files and from the corresponding author upon reasonable request.						
Field-specific reporting						
Please select the one below that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.						
X	Life sciences	Behavioural & social sciences Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences				

Life sciences study design

Sample size	Sclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative. Sample size was determined using classical statistical methods for calculations of mean and SEM.
Data exclusions	No data was excluded from analysis.
Replication	All experiments were done in triplicates, and repeated at least twice or more.
Randomization	Not relevant to this study.
Blinding	Not relevant to this study.

Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

We require information from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, system or method listed is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.

Materials & experimental systems		Methods	
n/a Involved in the study	n/a	Involved in the study	
Antibodies	×	ChIP-seq	
Eukaryotic cell lines		x Flow cytometry	
X Palaeontology	×	MRI-based neuroimaging	
X Animals and other organisms			
Human research participants			
X Clinical data			
·			

Antibodies

Antibodies used	We provide all antibody information in Methods section.
Validation	Validation of all antibodies provided by the manufacturer as indicated in the text.

Eukaryotic cell lines

Policy information about <u>cell lines</u>				
Cell line source(s)	ATCC			
Authentication	Cell lines were obtained from ATCC without independent validation.			
Mycoplasma contamination	All cell lines were negative for Mycoplasma contamination.			
Commonly misidentified lines (See ICLAC register)	None used			

Flow Cytometry

Plots

Confirm that:

- The axis labels state the marker and fluorochrome used (e.g. CD4-FITC).
- 🗷 The axis scales are clearly visible. Include numbers along axes only for bottom left plot of group (a 'group' is an analysis of identical markers).
- All plots are contour plots with outliers or pseudocolor plots.
- 🗶 A numerical value for number of cells or percentage (with statistics) is provided.

Methodology

Sample preparation	Cell suspensions were prepared as described in methods section.
Instrument	BD LSRFortessa.
Software	Flow cytometry data was collected using BD FACSDiva™ Software v8.0.2 and analyzed using FlowJo V10.
Cell population abundance	No sorting steps were performed before analysis by flow cytometry.
Gating strategy	Use FCS/SSC gate to exclude the cell debris. The gating strategy was based on control group.
Tick this box to confirm t	hat a figure exemplifying the gating strategy is provided in the Supplementary Information.