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Corresponding author(s):	Frank Lyko
	Manuel Rodriguez-Paredes

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Reporting Summary

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see Authors & Referees and the Editorial Policy Checklist.

Statistics					
For all statistical analys	ses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.				
n/a Confirmed					
☐ ☐ The exact san	nple size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement				
A statement of	on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly				
The statistical Only common t	The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.				
A description	A description of all covariates tested				
A description	of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons				
A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)					
For null hypot	thesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. F , t , r) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and P value noted is exact values whenever suitable.				
For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings					
For hierarchic	cal and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes				
Estimates of e	effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's d , Pearson's r), indicating how they were calculated				
'	Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> contains articles on many of the points above.				
Software and o	code				
Policy information abo	ut <u>availability of computer code</u>				
Data collection	n.a.				
Data analysis	10X Cell Ranger (v. 2.1.0), Seurat R package (v. 3.1.1), DAVID Bioinformatics Database (v. 6.8), CellPhoneDB (v. 2.0.0)				
	om algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors/reviewers. deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.				
Data					
Accession codes, unA list of figures that	ut <u>availability of data</u> include a <u>data availability statement</u> . This statement should provide the following information, where applicable: ique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets have associated raw data restrictions on data availability				
scRNA-seq datasets are a the corresponding autho	available from the Gene Expression Omnibus (GEO) database (accession number GSE130973). Any other relevant data will be available from rs upon request				
Field-speci	ific reporting				
Please select the one b	pelow that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.				
Life sciences	Behavioural & social sciences Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences				

Life sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.				
Sample size	A total of 5 biological replicates were used in the single-cell RNA sequencing study (Young: n=2, Old: n=3); for RNA FISH and immunohistochemistry validation assays, 15 additional biological replicates were used (Young: n=4, Old: n=12).			
Data exclusions	No samples were excluded from the analyses.			
Replication	All conclusions in our study were obtained using at least two biological replicates.			
Randomization	Samples from donors younger than 30 y.o. were assigned to the Young group of the study. Samples from donors older than 50 y.o. were assigned to the Old group.			
Blinding	Not applicable. Our aim was to compare specifically young vs old samples.			

Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

We require information from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, system or method listed is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.

Materials & experimental systems		Methods	
n/a	Involved in the study	n/a	Involved in the study
	Antibodies	\boxtimes	ChIP-seq
\boxtimes	Eukaryotic cell lines	\boxtimes	Flow cytometry
\boxtimes	Palaeontology	\boxtimes	MRI-based neuroimaging
\boxtimes	Animals and other organisms		
	Human research participants		
\boxtimes	Clinical data		

Antibodies

Antibodies used

anti-TSPAN8 (Abcam, Ab230448, lot: GR3248501-4), anti-POSTN (Santa Cruz, sc-398631), anti-VIM (Cell Signaling, D21H3, lot: 6, and Abcam, Ab24525, lot: GR3216660-8), anti-Collagen XVIII (kind gift from Dr. Ritva Heljasvaara, University of Oulu, Finland).

Validation

anti-TSPAN8 (Abcam, Ab230448): https://www.abcam.com/tspan-8-antibody-ab230448.html AND https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/?term=Tetraspanin-8+promotes+hepatocellular+carcinoma+metastasis+by+increasing +ADAM12m+expression.

 $anti-POSTN(Santa\ Cruz,\ sc-398631):\ https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/?term=Fibroblast+activation+and+abnormal+extracellular+matrix+remodelling+as+common+hallmarks+in+three+cancer-prone+genodermatoses.$

anti-VIM (Cell Signaling, D21H3): https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/?term=Fibroblast+state+switching+orchestrates +dermal+maturation+and+wound+healing.

anti-VIM (Abcam, Ab24525): https://www.abcam.com/vimentin-antibody-ab24525.html AND https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/?term=Gastric+calcifying+fibrous+tumor%3A+A+clinicopathological+study+of+nine+cases.

anti-Collagen XVIII (kind gift from Dr. Heljasvaara): Valtola R et al (1999) (DOI: 10.1016/S0002-9440(10)65392-8).

Human research participants

Policy information about studies involving human research participants

Population characteristics

All samples were obtained from donors of a fair skin type aged between 25 and 70 y.o..

Recruitment

Remnant, clinically healthy skin not required for diagnostic purposes was analyzed from patients undergoing routine surgery at the Department of Dermatology, University Hospital of Heidelberg. Young samples used for the validation assays were purchased from Genoskin (France).

Ethics oversight

Ethics Committee of Heidelberg University (S-091/2011).

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.