Supplementary Note: Analysis of EPICv2 probe chromosomal distribution

The EPICv2 probe sites are distributed throughout the genome, targeting all autosomal chromosomes, sex chromosomes and mitochondrial DNA, ranging from 87,022 sites on chromosome 1 to nine sites on chromosome M (Figure A, Additional File 1: Table S11). Normalizing the number of EPICv2 probe sites per million base pairs on each chromosome, shows that chromosome 17, 19 and 22 are relatively enriched for probes compared to other chromosomes (Figure B).

In comparison with the 'retained' sites from EPICv1, the 'new' sites targeted by EPICv2 are relatively enriched for chromosome 9 (5.9 % of 'new' locations versus 3.0 % of 'retained' locations), as well as chromosomes 13, 18, 20, 21, 22, X, Y and M (Figure C, Additional File 1: Table S11). All nine sites on chromosome M are uniquely targeted by the EPICv2, with the previous nine chromosome M probes targeted by EPICv1 now excluded. The 'reinstated' locations are relatively enriched for chromosomes 1, 2, 6, 7, 8, 10 X and Y, compared to the 'retained' locations (for example, 10.3 % of 'reinstated' locations versus 6.1 % of 'retained' locations are on chromosome 6). This in part compensates for the probe locations excluded between EPICv1 and EPICv2, which were a higher proportion of chromosome 6 and 7 sites (for example 7.0 % of 'excluded' sites were on chromosome 6 versus 6.1 % of 'retained' sites).

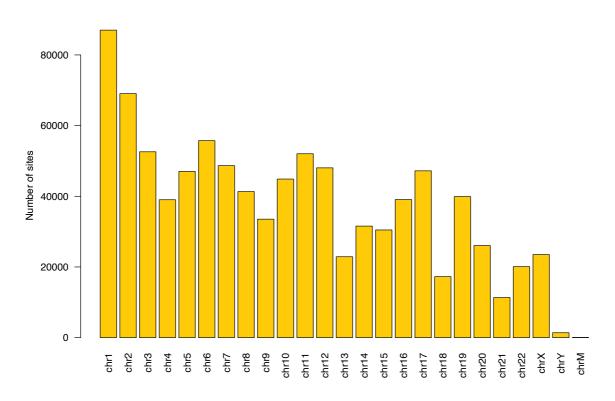


Figure A: Number of sites targeted by EPICv2 probes on each chromosome (hg38)

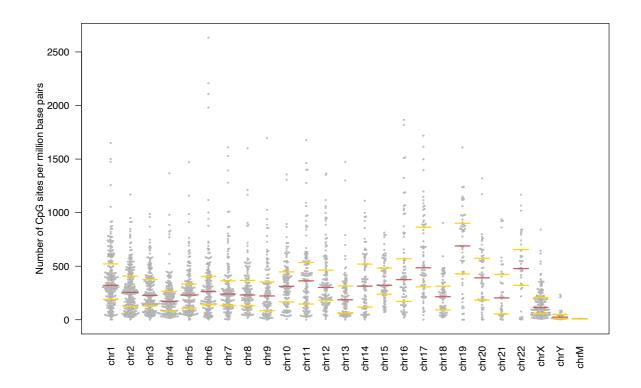


Figure B: Number of sites targeted by EPICv2 probes on each chromosome (hg38)

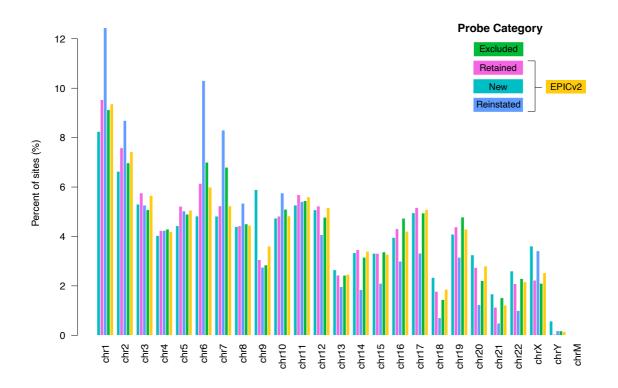


Figure C: Percent of sites (per probe category) targeted by EPICv2 probes on each chromosome (hg38)